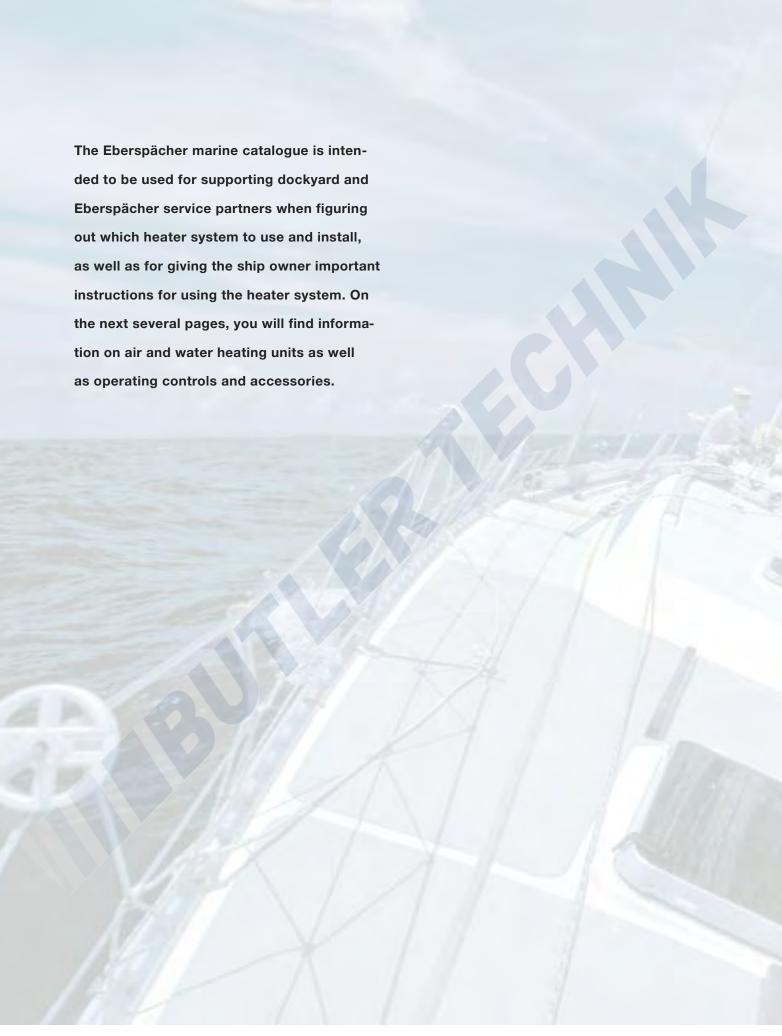
The compass heading is heat. Eberspächer marine heaters.



Marine catalogue — information, technology, tips.





1	Answers to frequently asked questions	6
2	Product information on air heaters and operating controls Component rating, installation planning for air heaters Combustion air system, exhaust routing	16
3	Airtronic D2 product information Air system, combustion air system, exhaust routing, Fuel feed line	24
4	Airtronic D3 product information Air system, combustion air system, exhaust routing, Fuel feed line	32
5	Airtronic D4/D4Plus product information Air system, combustion air system, Exhaust routing, Fuel feed line	36
6	Airtronic D5 product information Air system, combustion air system, Exhaust routing, Fuel feed line	42
7	D8L C product information Air system, combustion air system, Exhaust routing, Fuel feed line	48
8	Accessories Air system parts	54
9	Product information on water heaters and operating controls General information on water heater systems in boats	64
10	Hydronic 5 product information Combustion air system, exhaust routing, fuel feed line	76
11	Hydronic M8/M10/M12 product information Combustion air system, exhaust routing, fuel feed line	80
12	Hydronic 16/24/30/35 product information Combustion air system, exhaust routing, fuel feed line	84
13	Accessories Water-routing parts, exhaust and combustion air system parts Fuel feed line, Fasteners	88
14	Contacts Addresses Abroad Trade Shows	126



An outstanding choice: Your Eberspächer heater

No matter what kind of engine or other heat sources are being used, Eberspächer heaters create a cosy atmosphere on board. It doesn't matter if you are on a long sailing trip or spending evenings in the harbour – with Eberspächer you will enjoy a high degree of comfort:

- . A pleasantly warm cabin and berth
- · Dry clothes and equipment
- Comfortable air when sleeping
- An outstanding mood barometer

Feeling perfectly comfortable requires perfect coordination

Achieving this level of comfort and coordination requires professional supervision by specially trained, experienced Eberspächer service partners. Talk one-on-one with our consultants to find the optimum heating solution for your yacht. In addition, benefit from the multifaceted range of services and accessories from your Eberspächer partner. Doing this will assure you of comfortable warmth and a sense of well being on board whenever you want.



Bring some first-class comfort on board!

- (1) Eberspächer offers a wide range of air and water heaters for every size of boat for seasonal and year-round use.
- Fuel that is either already available, or is easy to obtain—preferably, safe diesel oil—is used on board.
- The system gets its minimal electrical energy requirements from the on-board electrical system.
- (!) Air heater units can simultaneously heat several rooms at a time by routing heated air through the warm-air ducts.
- (I) Safe and uncomplicated exhaust gas routing, e.g. through the ship's side, the transom or above deck.

- (!) Each air heater unit can be controlled using a thermostat that regulates the heat separately for each room.
- The air heater units can be operated using recirculated or fresh air. We recommend the fresh-air operation in particular. Heating air is drawn in directly from outside or can be pulled in indirectly from ventilated cavities (e.g. forward locker). Pulling the air in this way keeps the air in the cabin constantly renewed and dehumidified.
- (I) In summer, the air heaters can be used just for ventilation.





6

7

8

10

11

12

14



Answers to your frequently asked questions

What will I actually get for my money?

With an Eberspächer stationary heater, you are getting a premium product that has been painstakingly manufactured according to the highest quality and safety standards.

Can I install the stationary heater myself?

The heater can only be installed by an authorized Eberspächer partner. Otherwise, this constitutes non-compliance with the instructions for installation and the specific directions these instructions include, and invalidates warranty claims on the part of J. Eberspächer GmbH & Co. KG and its partners. Complying with legal guidelines and safety instructions is the prerequisite for warranty and liability claims.

Which system is right for me: water or air?

That depends mainly on the amount of time you will need the heat and how you use it. Air heaters are recommended for retrofitting in boats because a specialist can easily install them and they provide you with heat in a hurry. Air heaters are recommended even in cabins where you sleep because they use so little electricity and you can preselect the temperature for the compartment. Water heaters are the overwhelming choice preferred in shipyards for yacht design. These heaters are integrated into the existing water system and can be used to independently heat water for tap water and for washing, any heaters that are hooked up (central heating) and to preheat the engine.

We've listed a couple of basic criteria below to help you decide. A diesel heater is usually integrated in the design.

How big is the boat and which rooms should be heated?

The general rule of thumb is: 120 - 200 watts

of heat is needed per cubic meter of space to be heated (depending on where you are using it and how long you need it). This means that you have the following options with air heaters:

The small heater, the Airtronic D2, is the ideal solution (depending on location) for sailboats up to 8 meters long and motorboats up to 6 meters long. If you need a heater that runs very quietly

The Airtronic D4 is used for sailing yachts up to 12 meters long and for motorboats up to 10 meters long. 4000 watts of heat flow will keep the saloon area and aft cabin warm at the same time.

on board because of where it is installed (e.g.

under a seat bench), then we recommend

installing the Airtronic D3.

The Airtronic D5 and D8LC are available for larger yachts; these heaters will meet any heating needs you may have.

The only exceptions might be: your Eberspächer specialist will have to determine on site which heater you will need for working boats that have to be heated under bitterly cold conditions. Sailboats usually have less interior volume than motorboats. The space to be heated has to be calculated so that the wattage required per cubic meter is used. The answer to this equation tells you which heater you need. For example: Each cubic meter requires 125 watts, therefore, 5000 watts are necessary for 40 m³. This means you should choose the Airtronic D5. Water heaters need to be chosen in a similar manner. The total amount of heat from a heat exchanger is usually listed. If you have installed a heat exchanger for your cabin interior whose output is greater than 9 kW, then you need a heater that exceeds this capacity. In this case, you would need the Hydronic M10.

Who will assist me in planning my heater installation?

Our specialist service partners have been specifically trained how to calculate heat requirements and how to select the proper heater(s).



www.butlertechnik.com

Operation

How do you operate the stationary heater?

Convenient controls are used to operate these heaters. Mini-controllers are primarily used to operate air heaters; timers or remote control units are used for water heaters. Our Calltronic remote control is especially convenient and easy to use—just call in from your cell phone or landline with tone dialling to activate your heater—even at long distance (provided you have network coverage).

How fast do the compartments heat up?

Pre-heating time depends on the outside air temperature, the size of the boat and insulation. Thirty minutes is usually enough to heat up a cabin.

How much fuel does a stationary heater use?

Because they are very efficient, Eberspächer stationary heaters are optimized for high fuel economy. Average fuel consumption depends on several factors, such as the heater, the outside air temperature, your boat's insulation and the size of the compartments that have to be heated. For example, the Hydronic 5 water heater

uses only 0,62 I of diesel per hour at its highest setting. But on the other hand, it uses just 0.27 I/h on its lowest setting. Our air heaters, e.g. the Airtronic D4, only need 0.51 I/h at the most to warm up your cabins. After that, it only needs an average of 0.11 I/h.

Can I use gasoline as a fuel, too? Using gasoline as an exception for gasolinefired air heaters in boats: Installing gasolinefired heaters is only allowed as an exception, and then only if the respective local laws allow it. One case might be in boats with gasoline engines where the heater can only get its fuel through the fuel line or from the boat's tank. But in this situation, you absolutely must comply with the following: The heater is not allowed to be installed in the engine compartment. The heater is only allowed to be installed in a well-ventilated space that is not connected to the engine compartment or to the tank compartment. And this space must be free of any exhaust. The combustion air and the





8

www.butlertechnik.com



heater air must be drawn in from outside at a point you are absolutely sure is free from any possible gasoline fumes and exhaust.

Can I install a diesel heater in a gasoline-powered boat?

It is basically possible to install a diesel heater in a gasoline-powered boat. In this instance, the same rules apply as in the above-stated exception for gasoline-operated heaters. In addition, the diesel heater must get its fuel from a separate diesel tank that meets code for all the generally applicable, local regulations regarding diesel tanks in boats.

Does a stationary heater need AC mains power (230 V)?

No. The current needed to run the heater's electrical components is taken from the battery.

Heat is created by combusting the fuel.





Does a stationary heater make noise?

Well, by their very nature of course all stationary heaters make combustion noises when they are operating. But they are so minimal that our stationary heaters are approved for day and night operation. For boat installation in particular, if required, a wide range of measures is available for minimizing noise.

Does running a stationary heater create any fumes?

In extremely rare instances, the start-and-stop phase may produce a minimal amount of fumes or odours. This is just as normal as water vapour occurring when the outside temperature is low.

Safety

Which regulations do I have to follow when operating a heater?

Legal Regulations

Legal guidelines vary from region to region in terms of governing the design, installation and operation of heaters in boats. Before a heater is installed, you must first check which laws must be complied with as they pertain to the particular area of operation on your boat. Various testing organisations will check and monitor compliance with the legal regulations.

Regional differences

Following are examples of regional laws and regulations for heaters in boats.

- In Bavaria, Sweden and the UK (Great Britain and Northern Ireland): gasoline-powered heaters are not allowed as built-in components in new-boat construction.
- Sweden: the combustion air must be pulled in from outside the boat.



CE certification

Since June 16, 1998, every newly manufactured sports boat between 2.5m and 24m long-including its system components-has to meet the CE identification requirements. For heater installation, this means the following:

- That the heater is labelled with CE identification
- That the fuel supply in the engine compartment must only be routed through metal or fireresistant hoses, in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7850.

Heater permit

The following permits exist for heaters, and the inspection certification appears on the nameplate of the plant that manufactured the heater:

- CE certification with the CE identification label.
- A permit from the TÜV southern Germany for the following heaters for operation on Bavarian waters: (No identification on the factory name plate) Airtronic D2, Airtronic D4

How long is the warranty on new heaters?

Eberspächer warrants all its products for 24 months.

Does a stationary heater need special service?

No. Our products are maintenance-free. But, just like an AC system, it should be switched on briefly once a month. Ten minutes is enough.





Important installation and safety information

Using the heater

The heater may only be used and operated for the specified purposes for which it is manufactured, and in accordance with the "Technical Description" that accompanies each heater.

Risk of injury, fire and poisoning!

- The heater may only be operated with an outlet hood installed.
- Disconnect the battery before starting any work.
- Before starting any work on the heater, turn the heater off and let all hot components cool off.
- The heater may not be operated in any enclosed areas, e.g. dockyard.
- Hot-air outlets that can be adjusted must always be aimed in such a way that any living beings (people, animals) and any objects (attached or unattached) that can be affected by heat are not placed directly in the path of hot air.
- The year the heater is first operated must be marked on the factory nameplate.

- An air heater's heat exchanger is a component subjected to a high degree of stress, it has to be replaced ten years after the heater was initially put into operation. In addition, the date of installation must be entered on the "original replacement part" label, which is included with the heat exchanger. This label must then be glued in place next to the manufacturer's nameplate.
- The heater may only be installed, or, in cases of repair or warranty claims, repaired, by a manufacturer-authorized Eberspächer service partner, and this must be carried out in accordance with the specifications listed in this document and the Technical Description.
- Repairs carried out by a non-authorized third party are hazardous and therefore not permitted; if this does occur, the heater's type approval documentation and the one for the boat will be rendered invalid.
- Only OEM accessories and replacement parts are allowed to be used for carrying out installation or repair work.



www.butlertechnik.com



The following actions are not permitted

- Changing or altering heater-related components.
- Use of non-OEM parts not approved by Eberspächer GmbH & Co. KG.
- Deviations from legal, safety and/or functionrelated guidelines during installation or operation, which are given in the installation and/or operating instructions. This especially applies to electrical wiring, the fuel supply, combustion and exhaust air routing.
- Only those control devices approved by Eberspächer GmbH & Co. KG may be used for operating heaters. Using other control devices can cause malfunctions.
- The heater may not be operated in any area where inflammable vapours, fumes or dust can form—e.g. near a fuel depot, coal yard, lumberyard or granary, or similar.
- The space where the heater is installed must not be a storage area and must remain clear, unless it has been installed in a protective case, or similar.



13



- In particular, reserve fuel canisters, oil cans, spray cans, gas cartridges, fire extinguishers, cleaning rags, articles of clothing, paper, etc. must not be stored or transported on or next to the heater.
- The heater must be turned off before refuelling.
- Defective fuses may only be replaced with fuses bearing the specified fuse rating.
- If any fuel leaks out of the heater's fuel system (leakage), have any damage repaired immediately at an Eberspächer service partner (and do not operate the heater until it is repaired).
- The heater's delayed off must not be cancelled prematurely, e.g. by actuating the battery cut-off switch, except in an emergency.

Emergency cut-off — **EMERGENCY/OFF**

The following must be done in the event of an emergency cut-off — EMERGENCY/OFF — while operating the heater:

- Pull fuse or
- Disconnect the heater from the battery (actuate the battery cut-off switch)

Performing an emergency cut-off might damage the heater.

Accident Prevention

All general accident-prevention regulations and the appropriate repair shop and industrial safety instructions are to be followed.



The environment

Certification

The high quality of Eberspächer products is the key to our success. In order to ensure this quality, we have organized all of the work processes in our company in terms of quality management (QA). Nevertheless, we engage in a wide range of activities in order to improve our product quality, and in order to keep pace with ever-increasing customer demands. The type of guarantee of quality required is defined in international standards. This quality should be viewed in a far-reaching sense because it applies to products, work-production sequences and customer-supplier relationships. Officially approved experts evaluate the system and the appropriate certifying body awards the certificate. Eberspächer has already qualified for the following standards:

Quality management in accordance with
DIN EN ISO 9001:2000 and ISO/TS 16949:1999
Environmental management system
accordance with DIN EN ISO 14001:1996

Waste disposal management

Disposing of materials

Old equipment, defective components and packing material can be correctly sorted separately, so that if necessary, all parts can be disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner, or taken for recycling. Electric motors, control devices and sensors (e.g. temperature sensors) qualify in this sense as "electrical-scrap."

Dismantling the heater

Dismantling the heater is done in accordance with the repair steps from current troubleshooting and the repair manual.

2

1

5

7

8

9

10

10

13

14



The right air heater for every need

Skippers are individualists—and every boat has its own special quirks and characteristics that an Eberspächer marine heater needs to cope with: smaller boats require different solutions than 20-meter yachts. The question whether your boat is a sailboat or a motorboat plays an important part, too.

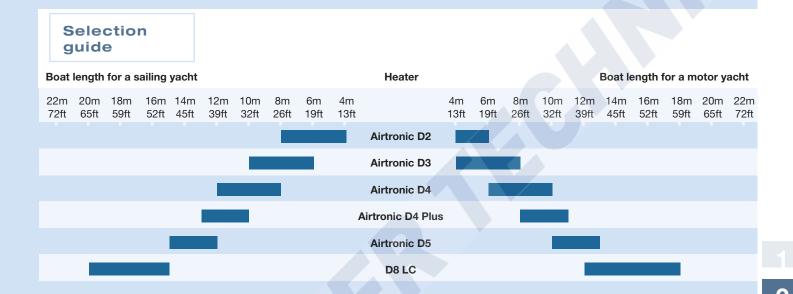
And your selection from the Eberspächer line of products is just as great. With heater outputs of 850 to 8,000 W for spaces up to 70m3, you will definitely find what you want. Stop by and talk it over with your boating specialist. He will be glad to help you put together your own installation quote.

data				
Diesel version	Airtronic D2	Airtronic D3	Airtronic D4	Airtronic D4 Plus
Voltage (volts)	12/24	12	12/24	12/24
Heat output (watts)	850/1,200/ 1,800/2,200	900/1,600/ 2,200/3,000	900/2,000/ 3,000/4,000	900/2,000/ 3,000/4,000
Air throughput (m³/h)	36/52/75/90	52/80/100/130	55/95/130/160	45/86/120/160
Electrical output operation (watts)	8/12/22/34	7/10/16/24	7/13/24/40	7/16/30/55
Fuel consumption (I/h)	0.10/0.15/0.23/0.28	0.11/0.20/0.28/0.38	0.11/0.25/0.38/0.51	0.11/0.25/0.38/0.51
Dimensions L x W x H (mm)	310 x 115 x 122	376 x 140 x 150	376 x 140 x 150	376×140×150
Weight (kg)	2.7	4.5	4.5	4.5

Technical

Superb performance in any size

Eberspächer heaters can be retrofitted to your boat quickly and easily. So it's never too late to indulge yourself and your crew in a real plus in comfort! Take a good look at our broad range of products and the many different ways you can use them. And then let our competent experts handle the installation.







The benefits of Eberspächer heaters:

- Power stage for rapid, direct heating
- Continuously variable temperature preselection
- 1 Suitable for fresh-air operation
- Nearly silent operation
- (I) Can be used purely for ventilation on warm days

- Great value for your money in terms of cost and maintenance
- Minimal assembly required—ideal for a retrofit installation
- ! Maintenance free and user friendly
- ! Energy efficient





System accessories for your complete, customized solutions:

Eberspächer offers a wide range of premium accessories that are coordinated to complement each other, and that will meet all the particular

requirements for use on smaller boats and sea-going yachts. You will find all of these parts in the marine catalogue starting on page 54.

Controls



Airtronic minicontroller, room temperature sensor



EasyStart T Timer



EasyStart R remote-control operation



EasyStart R+ remote-control operation



Telephone remote-control Calltronic*

- For controlling the room temperature
- Includes an integrated ventilation/heating selector switch
- Innovative, intuitive prompts using the menu bar
- · 3 heater start times within a seven-day period that can be programmed
- For installation in the interior Base model, can be combi- Comfort version ned with the EasyStart T or • All functions, including mini-controller
 - Includes confirmation of heater operation
- the EasyStart T
- Includes confirmation of heater operation

*An additional control device (the Airtronic minicontroller or the EasyStart T) for preselecting temperature is required for operation with air heaters.

Hot air system and parts Component rating

General instructions on the heater air system and the parts Component rating

Parts for conducting heat can also be installed on the heater. Each part has a parts Component rating, which reduces the heated air output. To give you the opportunity to check whether the installation you are planning will not restrict hot air throughput improperly, we have defined an equipment Component rating for every heater, and a part Component rating for all of the parts that carry hot air. Refer to the specifications in the parts

ID tables:

0 = No increase in temperature,

– = No part Component rating.

The total of the part Component rating, of the parts conducting hot air that are connected to the unit cannot be greater than the heater Component rating, since otherwise the outlet temperature will be too high and will activate the overheating sensor. If the sum of the part Component rating is greater than the heater's Component rating, then selecting a larger diameter for the parts hot air will reduce this total.

General rule of thumb:

Twice the cross-section, or two identical parts in parallel = 1/4 of the Component rating.

Example:

Hose ø 50,

A = 19.6 cm², Component rating 1.0

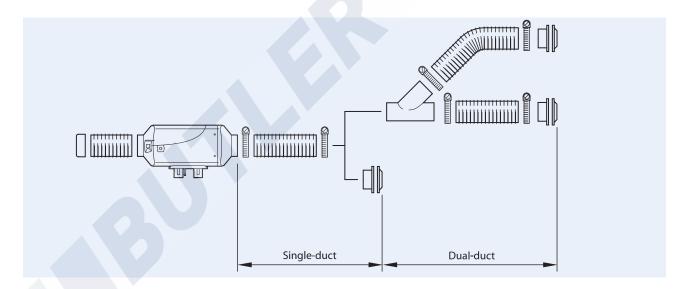
Hose ø 75,

A = 44.2 cm², Component rating 0.25

The Component rating for smooth, welded pipes is half

that for flexible pipes of the same diameter (i.e. twice the pipe length).

Schematic for the single-duct and dual-duct hot air routing



Please note!

Single duct means:

A duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual duct means:

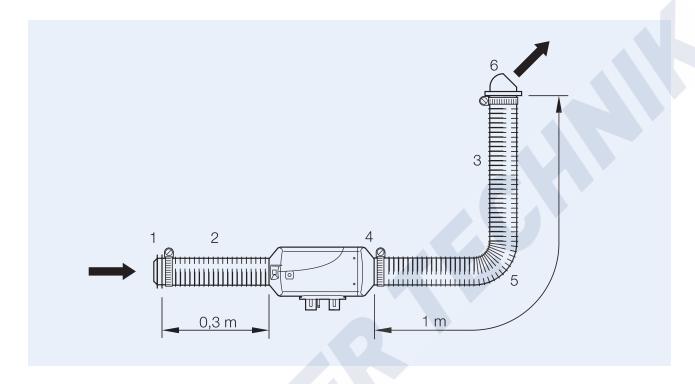
The hot-air pipe branches into two ducts after the heater. Part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply before the branch, and the part Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply after the branch.

Pay particular attention to the instructions regarding air routingand determining the sum of part Component rating starting on page 26.

When using dual-duct hot air routing, at least one duct must be configured so that it cannot be blocked off.

The leg that can be closed off must not be taken into account when figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.

Example for calculating hot air routing: Airtronic D2 Ø 60 mm hose diameter unit number 6



No.	Name Par	rt Component rating
1	Protective grille and connector ø 60 mm	1.7
2	Flexible tube ø 60 mm, 0.3 m long	0.3
3	Flexible tube ø 60 mm, 1 m long	1,0
4	Hood straight ø 60 mm	0
5	90° bend flexible tube ø 60 mm	1.2
6	Rotatable vent	1.4
	Sum of part Component rating	5.6

The sum of the part Component rating = 5.6 and does not exceed the unit Component rating of 6; installation is permitted

Installation location

Installation location

You don't need to sacrifice any cabin space to install these heaters because the units can be housed in any space that is well ventilated to the outside, e.g. in the boat's locker, the ship's hold and storage space.

If ventilation permits, installing the heater in the engine compartment is an option with inboard diesel engines, but this is not true for gasoline-powered boats.

All heaters are installed in a normal position and parallel to the boat's longitudinal axis.

If the heater will be operated primarily when the boat is moored, or on a motor yacht, then it is permissible to install the unit perpendicular to the boat's longitudinal axis.

You must follow the specified deviations when operating the heater this way, too.

Please note!

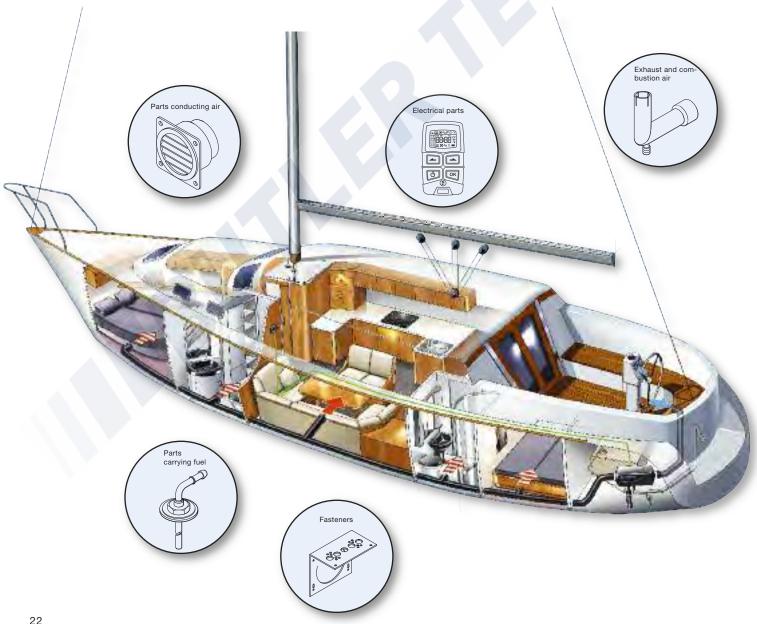
If installing the heater in the engine compartment, metal fuel lines or fire-retardant hoses (in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840) must be used.

When the boat heels, bilge water must not wash over the heater unit.

Make sure that the connection to the boat's hull is not rigid when installing the heater unit. This will prevent transmitting sound and vibration from the heater.

Insulating or flammable objects should be stored at least one meter away from the heater unit.

Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.



Combustion air system

Combustion air must be drawn from a well-ventilated area at atmospheric pressure (not from the cabin).

There are two options for routing the combustion air system:

If analogous regulations exist in Sweden, then the combustion air must be drawn in from outside the boat.

To draw air in this way, an additional plastic is available for the opening in the boat's hull.

The opening for drawing in combustion air must be located where it will not pull in any exhaust (from the heater unit or the engine).

The line from the heater unit must be laid so it runs downward. A condensate opening must be connected at the lowest point for routing that does not slope. The combustion air hose must be routed at the end as a gooseneck. This lets any water that gets in drain out again.

If no pertinent regulations exist to the contrary, the combustion air can also be drawn from a stowage area or from the engine compartment.

Please note!

When drawing combustion air from the engine compartment, make very sure that it is adequately ventilated and that the atmospheric pressure does not change while the engine is running (e.g. due to the cooling fan running).

Exhaust gas routing

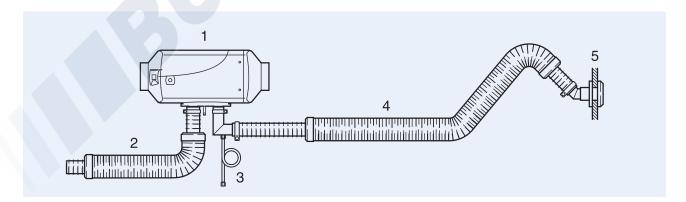
In sailboats, the exhaust gas routing is taken to the transom, and in motorboats to the side hull. The exhaust gas routing must be insulated so that the surface temperature does not exceed 80° C. Routing the exhaust gas through a cabin can only be done through a pipe made of stainless steel. Outside the cabin, a flexible exhaust pipe of double-layer stainless steel can be used. Preferably, the exhaust line should always be installed so that it always runs downward, so that condensate or surge water can drain away immediately. If a particular installation situation is awkward, a T-fitting that includes a condensate line can be used at the lowest point in the exhaust gas routing. The flexible exhaust pipe has to be routed at the end as a gooseneck so that any water getting in can run out again.

We highly recommend using a muffler to deaden the sound of the exhaust.

Please note!

 When laying the exhaust lines, make absolutely sure that all of the connections are tightly sealed. The gaskets in the boat hull's opening must fit exactly.
 Make sure that no hot metal parts touch the boat's hull when the exhaust gas routing is being laid and the opening in the boat hull is being installed. Minimum distance from the hull of 20 mm must absolutely be maintained with an insulated exhaust line.

Example of combustion air routing and exhaust gas routing



1	Heater
2	Muffler – combustion air
3	Condensate drain
4	Muffler - exhaust
5	Opening in boat hull for the exhaust pipe

23

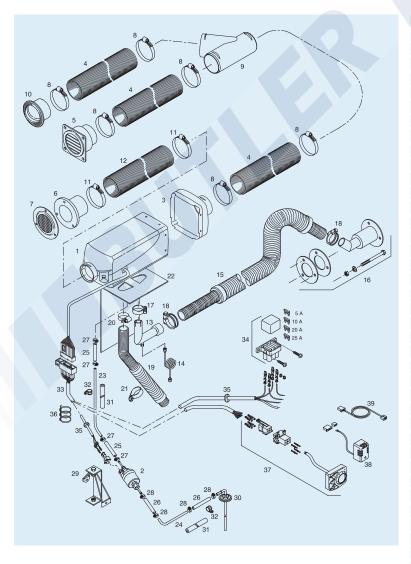
Airtronic D2

Technical data



		Airtronic D2
Voltage	V	12/24
Heating levels for heat flow	W	Power Large Medium Small 2,200 1,800 1,200 850
Air throughput	m³/h	90 75 52 36
Electrical power consumption	W	34 22 12 8
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.28 0.23 0.15 0.10
Dimensions LxWxH	mm	310x115x122
Weight	kg	2.7

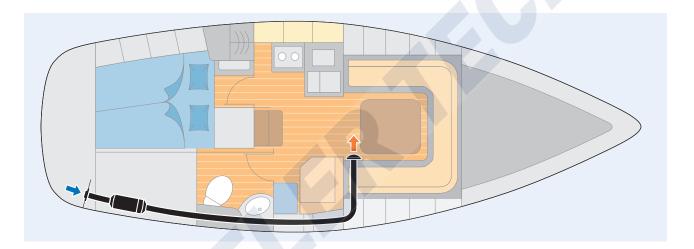
Parts required for installation



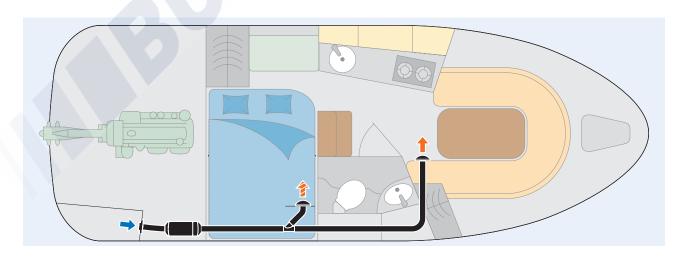
1	Airtronic D2
2	Metering pump
3	Hood, Ø 75
4	Flexible tube, Ø 75
5	Outlet, Ø 75
6	Hose fitting, Ø 60
7	Grille
8	Hose clamp, Ø 70 - 90, (6x)
9	Y-branch, Ø 75
10	Round nozzle, closable
11	Hose clamp, Ø 50 - 70, (2x)
12	Flexible tube, Ø 60
13	90° angle exhaust pipe with run-off, Ø 24/30
14	Condensate drainage
15	Exhaust muffler
16	Opening in the boat hull
17	Pipe clamp
18	Pipe clamp, (2x)
19	Muffler, combustion air
20	Hose clamp, Ø 20/32
21	Hose clamp, Ø 50
22	Bracket, heater
23	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1.25, 7.5m long
24	Pipe, Ø 6 x 2, 1.5m long
25	Hose, Ø 3.5 x 3, running meter
26	Hose, Ø 5 x 3, running meter
27	Hose fitting, Ø 9 (4x)
28	Hose fitting, Ø 11 (4x)
29	Bracket metering pump
30	Fuel tank connection
31	Foam rubber hose (Sound Insulation)
32	Pipe clamp, Ø 10, (2x)
33	Wire harness
34	Fuse holder, triple
35	Bushing, (2x)
36	Cable tie, 200 mm long, (10x)
37	Mini-controller
38	Temperature sensor
39	Wire harness, temperature sensor

Product information

	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Airtronic D2 heater Metering pump	1-2	
The following must also be ordered:	3-12	54
Parts conducting air	13-21	98
Parts conducting exhaust and combustion air	22-29	114
Fasteners	23-32	106
Parts carrying fuel	33-36	
Electrical parts	37-39	
Controls and accessories		



In sailboats, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. In boats, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The Airtronic's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.



The ideal scenario for motorboats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn in from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. Here, too, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The heater's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.

Airtronic D2

Parts for air routing

Unit Component rating for the heater

- If the air vent hood = Ø 60 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 6.
- If the air vent hood = Ø 75 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 12.

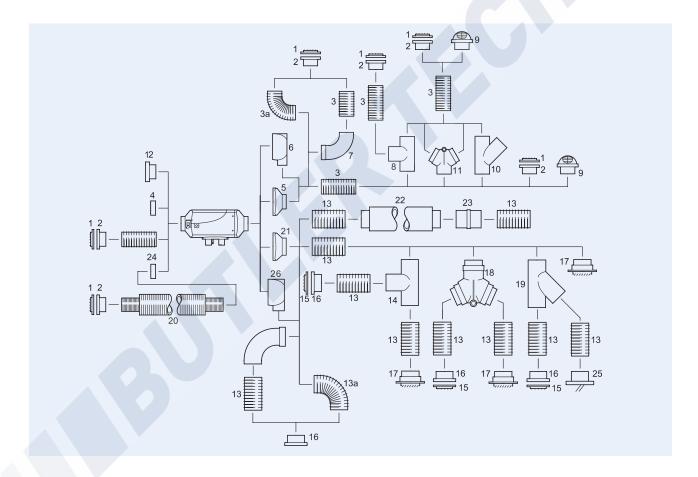
This diagram shows how the most important parts are used for routing the air in a single-duct heater system or in a dual-duct heater system.

Single-duct heater means:

A hot-air duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual-duct heater means:

The hot-air duct branches into two ducts after the heater. Parts Component rating listed under "single duct" apply from the heater to the branch, and starting right after the Y-branch, the part Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply.



Please note!

- Using an air vent that can be closed off is only possible with a dual-duct heater system, and with this option, one hot-air duct must remain permanently open (i.e. cannot be closed off). The hot-air duct that can be closed off must not be taken into account when figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.
- Follow the instructions for routing the air starting on page 20.
- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter.
 - The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Do not use the diagram above as an example for installation.

Product information

Part Component rating for parts that conduct air

Part Component rating for the heater with air vent hood ø 60 mm – unit Component rating for the heater = 6

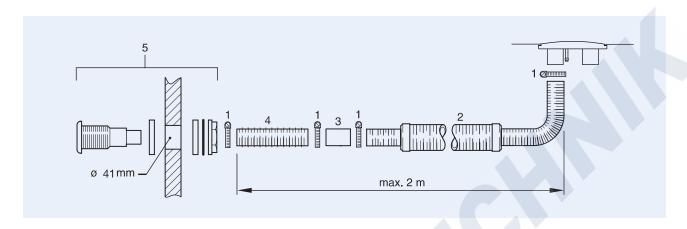
No.	Name	Part C Single duct	Component rating Dual duct	
1 2	Grille with Hose fitting	1.7	0.6	
3	Flexible tube ø 60 mm, per m	1	0.3	
3a	Flexible tube with 90° bend ø 60 mm	1.2	0.8	
4	Grille ø 60 mm	0	-	
5	Hood ø 60 mm	0	-	
6	Swiveling hood ø 60 mm	4.5	C-	
7	Elbow pipe ø 60 mm, 90°	4.1	0	
8	T-branch	-	0.6	
9	Rotatable ventair vent	1.4	0	
10	Y-branch		0.3	
11	Control flap ø 60 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	-	0	
12	Air filter	3	-	

Part Component rating for the heater with air vent hood ø 75 mm – unit Component rating for the heater = 12

No.	Name	Pa Single dud	art Compo	onent ra Dual duc	
13	Flexible tube ø 75 mm, each m	1	, ,	0.3	
13a	Flexible tube with 90°- bend Ø 75 mm	1.2		0.5	
14	T-branch	-		0.8	
	Grille ø 75 mm			0.0	
15		_		_	
16	Hose fitting ø 75 mm, metal	0.5		0	
17	Rotatable vent	0.4		0	
18	Control flap ø 75 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	- -		0.4 1.5	
19	Y-piece ø 75 mm –		0.4		
20	Intake silencer ø 75 mm	0.5		-	
21	Hood ø 75 mm	0		0	
22	Silencer ø 75 mm	1		_	
23	Hose connection fitting ø 75 mm	0.1		-	
24	Ring ø 60/75 mm	0		_	
25	Round nozzle ø 75 mm closeable	-		-	
26	Swiveling hood ø 75 mm	6		-	
27	Elbow pipe ø 75	3		0.8	

Airtronic D2

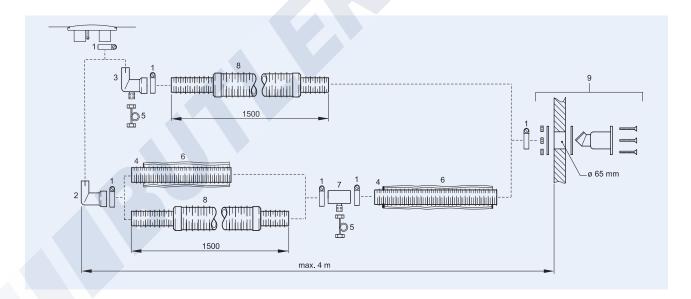
Parts for routing combustion air



- 1 Hose clamp
- 2 Silencer for front left
- 3 Hose connecting pipe ø 25 mm

- No. Name
- 4 Flexible tube ø 25 mm
- 5 Boat hull opening for front left

Parts for routing the exhaust



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Pipe clamp	6	Exhaust insulation
2	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm	7	Connector ø 30 mm with drainage
3	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm with drain	8	Exhaust muffler flexible
4	Flexible spiral tube ø 30 mm	9	Opening in the boat hull
5	Condensate drainage		

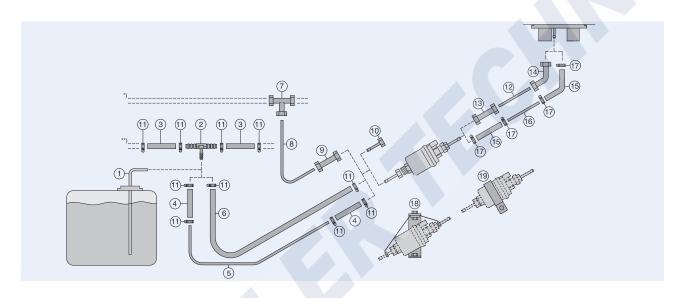
Product information

Fuel supply

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel be drawn through a separate tank connection and that it be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be drawn through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Additional Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fireretardant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 2 mm
2	T-fitting
	6 - 6 - 6
	8 – 6 – 8
	10 - 6 - 10
	12 – 6 – 12
3	Connecting hose
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)
4	Connection
	Reductionfitting ø 5/3.5
	(for T-fitting and pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
5	Plastic pipe
	4x1
	6x2
6	Fuel hose 5x3
7	Threaded connection T ø 6
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1
9	Threaded connection ø 6
10	Hose fitting ø 4
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)
11	Hose clamp ø 11

INO.	Name
12	Metal pipe 4x1
13	Threaded connection ø 4
14	90° threaded fitting ø 4
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3
	(for pipe 4x1.25)
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25
17	Hose clamp ø 9

Metering pump bracket

18	Hanger assembly for the metering pump
19	Rubber bracket for the metering pump

Fuel connection kit in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats
	is included:
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps, ø 14 mm

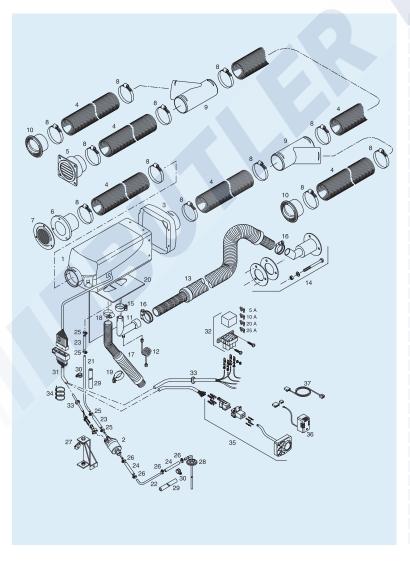
Airtronic D3

Technical data



		Airtronic D3
Voltage	V	12
Heating levels of heat flow	W	Power Large Medium Small 3000 2.200 1.600 900
Airthroughput	m³/h	130 100 80 52
Electrical power consumption (operation)	W	24 16 10 7
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.38 0.28 0.20 0.11
Dimensions LxWxH	mm	376x140x150
Weight	kg	4.5

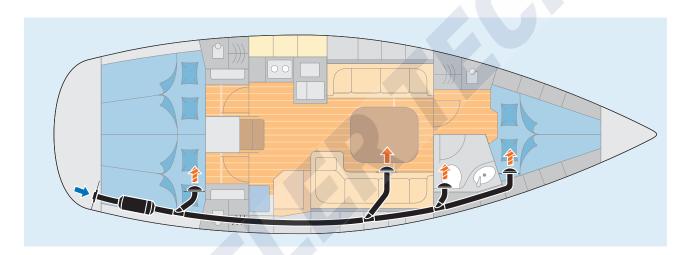
Parts required for installation



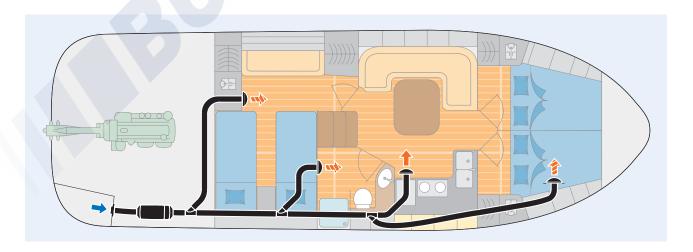
1	Airtronic D3 heater
2	Metering pump
3	Hood, Ø 75
4	Flexible tube, Ø 75
5	Outlet, Ø 75
6	Hose fitting, Ø 75
7	Grille
8	Hose clamp, Ø 70 - 90, (12x)
9	Y-branch, Ø 75
10	Round nozzle
11	90° exhaust pipe with run-off, Ø 24/30
12	Condensate drainage
13	Exhaust muffler
14	Opening in the boat hull
15	Pipe clamp
16	Pipe clamp, (2x)
17	Silencer, combustion air
18	Hose fitting, Ø 20/32
19	Hose fitting, Ø 50
20	Bracket, heater
21	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1.25, 7.5m long
22	Pipe, Ø 6 x 2, 1.5m long
23	Hose, Ø 3.5 x 3, running meter
24	Hose fitting, Ø 9 (4x)
25	Hose fitting, Ø 11 (4x)
26	Hose clamp, Ø 11 (4x)
27	Bracket metering pump
28	Fuel tank connection
29	Foam rubber hose, (2x)
30	Pipe clamp, Ø 10, (2x)
31	Wire harness
32	Fuse holder, triple
33	Bushing, (2x)
34	Cable tie, 200 mm long, (10x)
35	Mini-controller
36	Temperature sensor
37	Wire harness, temperature sensor

Product information

	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Airtronic D3 heater Metering pump	1-2	
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts conducting air	3-10	54
Parts conducting exhaust gas and combustion air	11-19	98
Fasteners	20/27	114
Parts carrying fuel	21-30	106
Electrical parts	31-34	
Controls and accessories	35-37	



In sailboats, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. For boats, fresh air is always drawn in from outside the boat. The air that is drawn in is heated as it goes through the heater's heat exchanger, passes through the hose system to the saloon area, the cabins or galley.



The ideal scenario for motorboats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn in from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. Here, too, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The Airtronic's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.

Airtronic D3

Electrical parts for air ducts

- The unit Component rating for the heater that includes the Ø 75 mm air vent hood is 3.
- If the air vent hood = Ø 90 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 10.

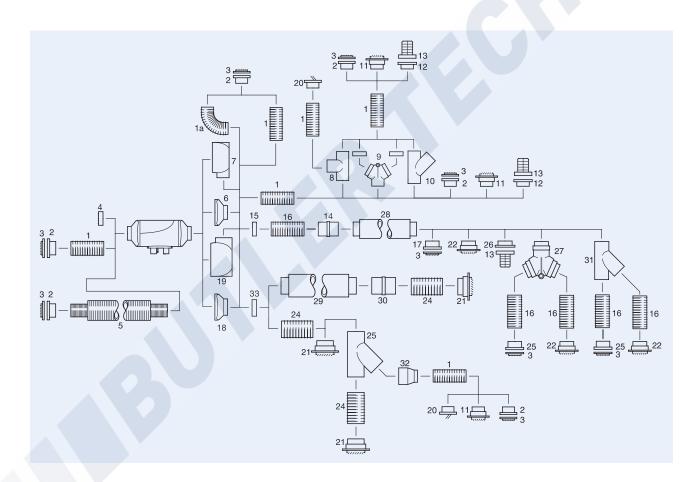
This diagram shows how the most important parts for routing the air are used in a single-duct heater system or in a dual-duct heater system.

Single-duct heater means:

A hot-air duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual-duct heater means:

The hot-air duct branches into two ducts after the heater.Parts Component rating listed under "single duct" apply from the heater to the branch, and starting right after the branch, the parts Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply.



Please note!

- Using an air ventvent that can be closed off is only
 possible with a dual-duct heater system, and with this
 option, one hot-air duct must remain permanently open
 (i.e. cannot be closed off). The hot-air duct that can
 be closed off must not be taken into account when
 figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.
- Follow the instructions for directing the air through ducts starting on page 20.
- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Do not use the diagram above as an example for installation.

Product information

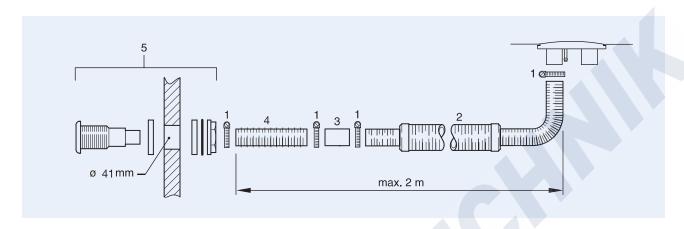
Part Component rating for parts that duct air

Airtronic D3 with air vent hood ø 75 mm = unit Component rating 3/ø 90 mm = unit Component rating 10

No.	Name	Single ductct	component rating Dual ductct
1	Elevible tube a 75 mm, each m	ø 75 / ø 90 1 / –	ø 75 / ø 90 0.2/0.3
1 1a	Flexible tube ø 75 mm, each m Flexible tube with 90°- bend ø 75 mm	1/-	0.2/0.4
2	Hose fitting ø 75 mm, metal	1.4 / 1.4	-/0.5
3	Grille	-/-	-/-
4	Grille ø 75 mm	-/-	-/-
5	Intake silencer ø 75 mm	1 / 0.8	-/-
6	Hood ø 75 mm	0 / –	-/-
7	Swiveling hood ø 75 mm	2/-	-/-
8	T-branch ø 75 mm	-/-	0,3/-
9	Control flap + ring ø 75 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	0 / - 1.3 / -	- / - - / -
10	Y-branch	-/-	1.8/-
11	Air vent ø 60 mm, rotatable	0.6/-	0.5/0.3
12	Fitting ø 75	-/-	-/-
13	Air vent	1 / 3.3	0.5 / 0.5
14	Hose connection fitting ø 75 mm	- / 0.1	-/-
15	Ring ø 75/90 mm	0/0	-/-
16	Flexible tube ø 90 mm, each m	-/1	-/-
17	Hose fitting ø 90 mm, metal, for grille	-/1.4	-/0.5
18	Hood ø 90 mm	-/0	-/-
19	Swiveling hood ø 90 mm	-/5	-/-
20	Round nozzle ø 75 mm, can be closed off	-/-	1 / 2,1
21	Air vent ø 100 mm, rotatable	-/1.4	-/0.5
22	Exhauster ø 90 mm, rotatable	-/2.4	-/0.3
23	Grille ø 90 mm	-/0	-/-
24	Flexible tube ø 100 mm, each m	-/0.6	-/0.4
25	Y-branch ø 100 mm	-/-	-/0.5
26	Fitting ø 90 mm, with air vent, item 13	-/3.3	-/-
27	Control flap ø 90 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	- / 0 - / 1.4	- / - - / -
28	Silencer ø 90 mm	-/1	-/-
29	Silencer ø 100 mm	-/1	-/-
30	Hose connection fitting ø 100 mm	-/0.1	-/-
31	Y-fitting ø 90 mm	-/-	-/0.5
32	Reduction fittingø 100/75 mm	-/-	-/0.8
33	Ring ø 90/100 mm		

Airtronic D3

Parts for ducting combustion air

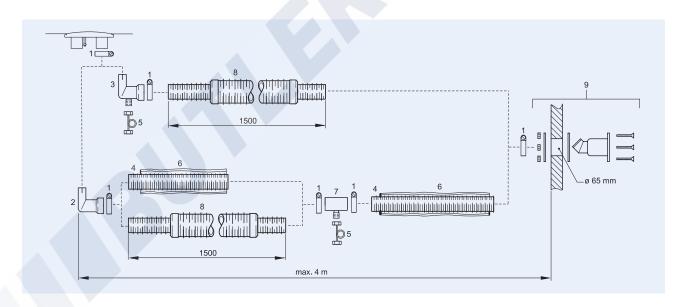


No.	Name

- 1 Hose clamp
- 2 Silencer for front left
- 3 Hose connecting pipe ø 25 mm

- No. Name
- 4 Flexible tube ø 25 mm
- 5 Boat hull opening for front left

Parts for routing the exhaust



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Pipe clamp	6	Exhaust insulation
2	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm	7	Connector ø 30 mm with drainage
3	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm with drain	8	Exhaust muffler flexible
4	Flexible spiral tube ø 30 mm	9	Opening in the boat hull
5	Condensate drainage		

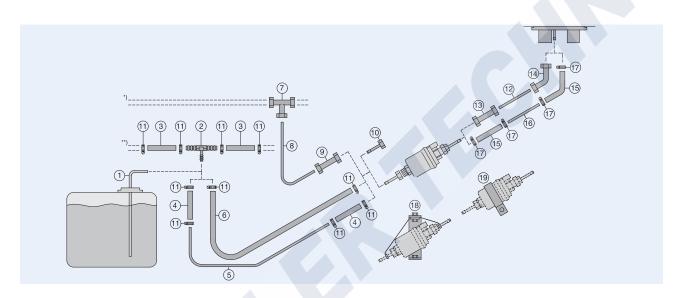
Product information

Fuel feed line

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel be drawn through a separate tank connection and that it be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be drawn through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Additional Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fire retardant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = ø 2 mm	12	Metal pipe
2	T-fitting	13	Threaded of
	6 - 6 - 6	14	90°- thread
	8 - 6 - 8	15	Connecting
	10 – 6 – 10		(for pipe 4)
	12 - 6 - 12	16	Plastic pip
3	Connecting hose	17	Hose clam
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)		
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)		
4	Connection	Mete	ring pump m
	Reduction fitting ø 5/3.5		
	(for T fitting and pipe 4x1)	18	Hanger as
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)	19	Rubber m
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)		
5	Plastic pipe	Fuel o	onnection kit
	4x1		
	6x2	or Fig	. Fuel conn
6	Fuel hose 5x3		includes:
7	Threaded connection T ø 6		Two fire-re
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1		$i/d = \emptyset \ 3.5$
9	Threaded connection ø 6		Two fire-re
10	Hose fitting ø 4		i/d = ø 5 r
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)		4 hose cla
11	Hose clamp ø 11		4 hose cla

140.	Name	
12	Metal pipe 4x1	
13	Threaded connection ø 4	
14	90°- threadedconnection ø 4	
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3	
	(for pipe 4x1.25)	
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25	
17	Hose clamp ø 9	
	• •	

mount

18	Hanger assembly for the metering pump
19	Rubber mount for the metering pump

it in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats
	includes:
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps, ø 14 mm

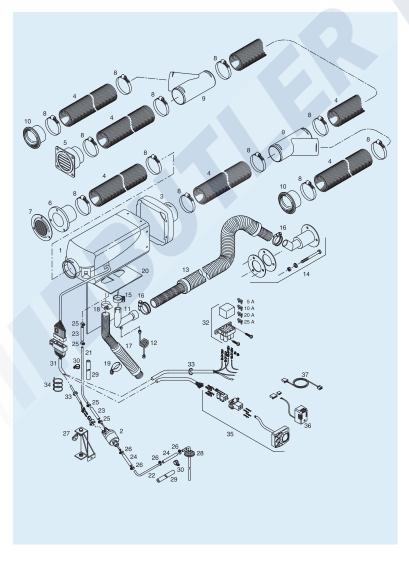
Airtronic D4/D4 Plus

Technical data



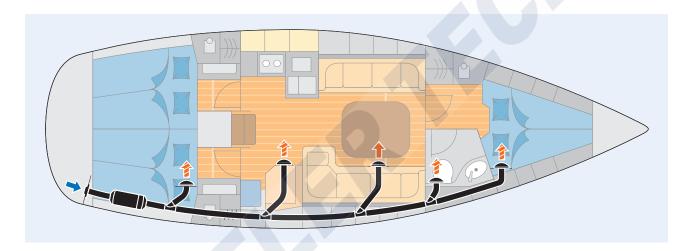
	Airtronic D4					Airtronic D4 Plus				
Voltage	V	12/24				12/24				
Heating levels of heat flow	W	Power 4.000	Large 3.000	Medium 2.000	Small 900	Power 4.000	Large 3.000	Medium 2.000	Small 900	
Airthroughput	m³/h	160	130	95	55	155	120	86	45	
Electrical power consumption (operation)	W	40	24	13	7	55	30	13	7	
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.51	0.38	0.25	0.11	0.51	0.38	0.25	0.11	
Dimensions LxWxH	mm		376 x 140 x 150				376 x 140 x 150			
Weight	kg	4.5				4.5				

Parts required for installation

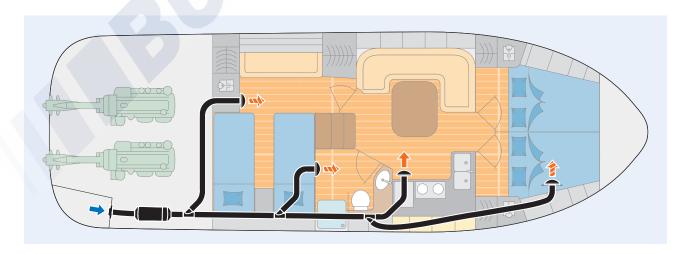


1	Airtronic D4 / D4 Plus Heater							
2	Metering pump							
3	Hood, Ø 75							
4	Flexible tube, Ø 90							
5	Outlet, Ø 75							
6	Hose fitting, Ø 75							
7	Grille							
8	Hose clamp, Ø 70 - 90, (12x)							
9	Y-branch. Ø 75							
10	Round nozzle							
11	90°-angle exhaust pipe with run-off, Ø 24/30							
12	Condensate drainage							
13	Exhaust muffler							
14	Opening in the boat hull							
15	Pipe clamp							
16	Pipe clamp Pipe clamp, (2x)							
17	Muffler, combustion air							
18	Hose clamp, Ø 20/32							
19	Hose clamp, Ø 50							
20	• •							
21	Bracket, heater Pipe, Ø 4 x 1.25, 7.5m long							
22	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1.25, 7.5m long Pipe, Ø 6 x 2, 1.5m long							
23								
23	Hose, Ø 3.5 x 3, running meter							
	Hose, Ø 5 x 3, running meter							
25	Hose fitting, Ø 9 (4x)							
26	Hose fitting, Ø 11 (4x)							
27	Bracket metering pump							
28	Fuel tank connection							
29	Foam rubber hose, (2x)							
30	Pipe clamp, Ø 10, (2x)							
31	Wire harness							
32	Fuse holder, triple							
33	Bushing, (2x)							
34	Cable tie, 200 mm long, (10x)							
35	Mini-controller							
36	Temperature sensor							
37	Wire harness, temperature sensor							

	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Airtronic Airtronic D4 / D4 Plus Heater Metering pump	1-2	
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts conducting air	3-10	
Parts conducting exhaust and combustion air	11-19	54
Fasteners	20	98
Parts carrying fuel	21-30	114
Electrical parts	31-34	106
Controls and accessories	35-37	



In sailboats, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. In boats, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The Airtronic's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.



The ideal scenario for motorboats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn in from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. Here, too, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The heater's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.

Airtronic D4/D4Plus

Parts for air ducts

Unit Component rating for the Airtronic D4 heater

- If the air venthood = Ø 75 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 3.
- If the air vent hood = Ø 90 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 10.

Unit Component rating for the Airtronic D4Plus heater

- If the air vent hood = Ø 75 mm, the heater has a unit Component rating of 8 for ambient, 10 for fresh-air operation.
- If the air vent hood = Ø 90 mm, then the heater unit Component rating = 15.

This diagram shows how the most important parts are used for routing the air in a single-duct heater system or in a dual-duct heater system.

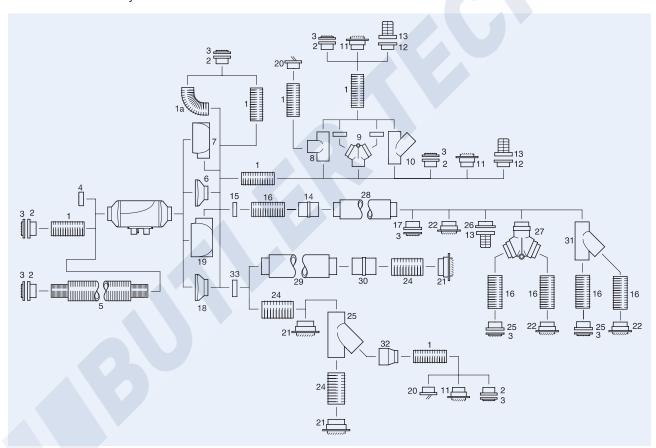
Single-duct heater means:

A hot-air duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual-duct heater means:

The hot-air duct branches into two ducts after the heater.

Parts Component rating listed under "single duct" apply from the heater to the junction, and starting right after the Y-junction, the parts Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply.



Please note!

- Using an air vent that can be closed off is only possible with a dual-duct heater system, and with this option, one hot-air duct for heating must remain permanently open (i.e. cannot be closed off). The hot-air duct for heating that can be closed off must not be taken into account when figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.
- Follow the instructions for directing the air through ducts starting on page 20.
- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Do not use the diagram above as an example for installation.

Part Component rating for parts that conductair

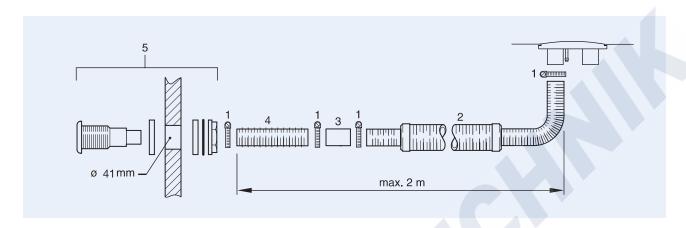
Airtronic D4 with air vent hood \emptyset 75 mm = unit Component rating 3, \emptyset 90 mm = unit Component rating 10 Airtronic D4 Plus with air vent hood \emptyset 75 mm = unit Component rating 8/10, \emptyset 90 mm = unit Component rating 15

Airtroi	nic D4 Plus with air vent hood ø 75 mm = unit Compor	•	·
No.	Name	Single duct ø 75 / ø 90	Component rating Dual duct ø 75 / ø 90
1 1a	Flexible tube ø 75 mm, each m Flexible tube with 90° bend ø 75 mm	1 / – 1 / –	0.2/0.3 0.2/0.4
2	Hose fitting ø 75 mm, metal	1.4 / 1.4	- / 0.5
3	Grille	-/-	-/-
4	Grille ø 75 mm	-/-	-1-
5	Intake silencer ø 75 mm	1 / 0.8	-/-
6	Hood ø 75 mm	0 / –	-/-
7	Swiveling hood ø 75 mm*	2/-	-/-
8	T-branch ø 75 mm	-/-	0.3/-
9	Control flap + ring ø 75 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	0 / - 1.3 / -	-/- -/-
10	Y-branch	-/-	1.8/-
11	Air vent ø 60 mm, rotatable	0.6 / –	0.5 / 0.3
12	Fitting ø 75	-/-	-/-
13	Air vent	1 / 3.3	0.5 / 0.5
14	Hose connection fitting ø 75 mm	-/ 0.1	-/-
15	Ring ø 75/90 mm	0/0	-/-
16	Flexible tube ø 90 mm, each m	-/1	-/-
17	Hose fitting ø 90 mm, metal, for grille	-/1.4	- / 0.5
18	Hood ø 90 mm	-/0	-/-
19	Swiveling hood ø 90 mm	-/5	-/-
20	Round nozzle ø 75 mm, lockable	-/-	1 / 2.1
21	Air vent ø 100 mm, rotatable	-/1.4	-/0.5
22	Air vent ø 90 mm, rotatable	-/2.4	-/0.3
23	Grille ø 90 mm	-/0	-/-
24	Flexible tube ø 100 mm, each m	-/0.6	-/0.4
25	Y-branch ø 100 mm	-/-	-/0.5
26	Fitting ø 90 mm, with air vent, item 13	-/3.3	-/-
27	Control flap ø 90 mm Flap position – centre Flap position – right/left	-/0 -/1.4	- / - - / -
28	Silencer ø 90 mm	-/1	-/-
29	Silencer ø 100 mm	-/1	-/-
30	Hose connection fitting ø 100 mm	-/0.1	-/-
31	Y-fitting ø 90 mm	-/-	-/0.5
32	Reduction fitting ø 100/75 mm	-/-	- / 0.8
33	Ring ø 90/100 mm		

^{*}only used for Airtronic D4

Airtronic D4/D4Plus

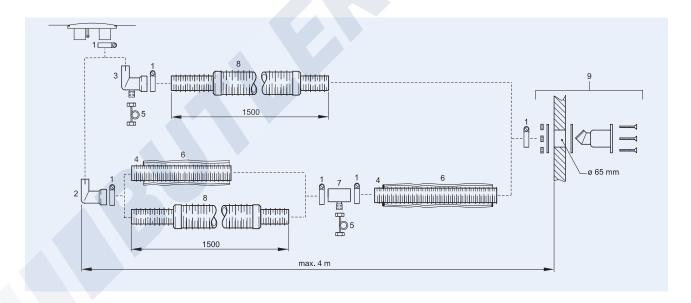
Parts for ducting combustion air



- 1 Hose clamp
- 2 Silencer for front left
- 3 Hose connecting pipe ø 25 mm

- No. Name
- 4 Flexible tube ø 25 mm
- 5 Boat hull opening for front left

Parts for routing the exhaust



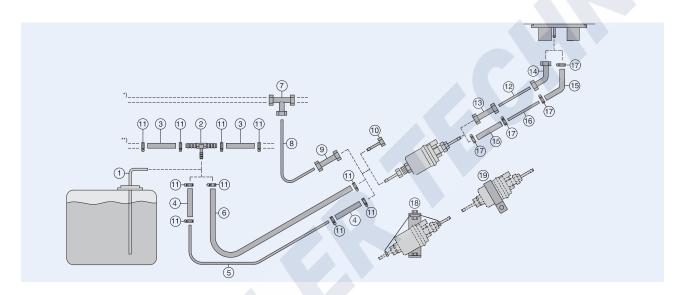
No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Pipe clamp	6	Exhaust insulation
2	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm	7	Connector ø 30 mm with drainage
3	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm with drain	8	Exhaust muffler flexible
4	Flexible spiral tube ø 30 mm	9	Opening in the boat hull
5	Condensate drainage		

Fuel feed line

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel be drawn through a separate tank connection and that it be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be drawn through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Additional Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fire retardant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 2 mm	12	Metal pipe 4x
2	T-fitting	13	Threaded cor
	6-6-6	14	90°- threaded
	8 - 6 - 8	15	Connecting h
	10 - 6 - 10		(for pipe 4x1.
	12 - 6 - 12	16	Plastic pipe 4
3	Connecting hose	17	Hose clamp
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)		·
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)		
4	Connection	Meteri	ng pump moi
	Reduction fitting ø 5/3.5		
	(for T fitting and pipe 4x1)	18	Hanger asse
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)	19	Rubber mou
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)		
5	Plastic pipe	Fuel co	nnection kit in
	4x1		
	6x2	or Fig.	Fuel connec
6	Fuel hose 5x3		includes:
7	Threaded connection T ø 6		Two fire-reta
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1		$i/d = \emptyset \ 3.5 \ m$
9	Threaded connection ø 6		Two fire-reta
10	Hose fitting ø 4		$i/d = \emptyset 5 mm$
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)		4 hose clam
11	Hose clamp ø 11		4 hose clam

INO.	ivaine
12	Metal pipe 4x1
13	Threaded connection ø 4
14	90°- threadedconnection ø 4
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3
	(for pipe 4x1.25)
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25
17	Hose clamp ø 9

unt

18	Hanger assembly for the metering pump
19	Rubber mount for the metering pump

n accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats
	includes:
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	Two fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps, ø 14 mm

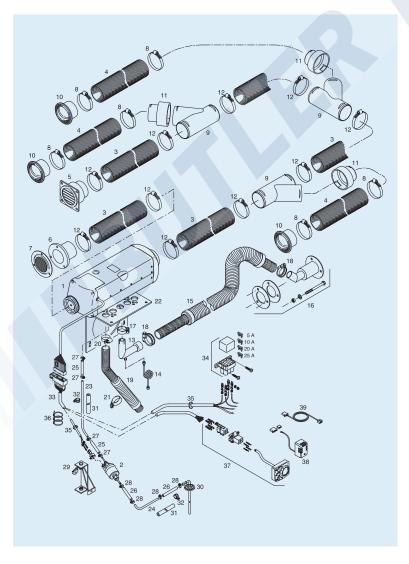
Airtronic D5

Technical data



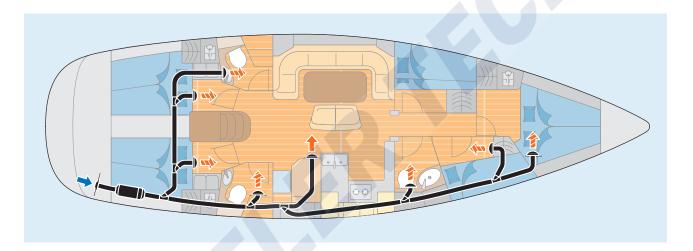
		Airtronic D5	
Voltage	V	12/24	
Heating levels of heat flow	W	Power large medium small 5,500 4,800 2,700 1,600	
Airthroughput	m³/h	233 210 160 130	
Electrical power consumption (operation)	W	85 80 35 25	
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.66 0.58 0.34 0.19	
Dimensions LxWxH	mm	530 x170 x185	
Weight	kg	9.3	

Parts required for installation

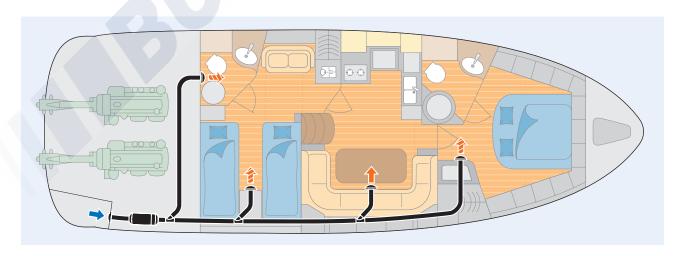


1	Airtronia DE hoator
1	Airtronic D5 heater
2	Metering pump
3	Flexible tube, Ø 90
4	Flexible tube, Ø 75
5	Outlet, Ø 90
6	Hose fitting, Ø 90
7	Grille
8	Hose clamp, Ø 70 - 90, (6x)
9	Y-branch, Ø 90
10	Round nozzle
11	Reduction fitting
12	Hose clamp, Ø 90 - 110, (10x)
13	90°-angle exhaust pipe with drain, Ø 24/30
14	Condensate drainage
15	Exhaust muffler
16	Opening in the boat hull
17	Pipe clamp
18	Pipe clamp, (2x)
19	Silencer, combustion air
20	Hose fitting, Ø 20/32
21	Hose fitting, Ø 50
22	Bracket, heater
23	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1.25, 7.5m long
24	Pipe, Ø 6 x 2, 1.5m long
25	Hose, Ø 3.5 x 3, running meter
26	Hose, Ø 5 x 3, running meter
27	Hose clamp, Ø 9, (4x)
28	Hose clamp, Ø 11, (4x)
29	Bracket metering pump
30	Fuel tank connection
31	Foam rubber hose
32	Pipe clamp, Ø 10, (2x)
33	Cable harness
34	Fuse holder, triple
35	Bushing
36	Cable tie, 200 mm long, (10x)
37	Mini-controller
38	Temperature sensor
39	Wire harness, temperature sensor
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Airtronic D5 heater Metering pump	1-2	
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts conducting air	3-12	54
Exhaust gas and combustion air system parts	13-21	98
Fasteners	22-29	114
Parts conducting fuel	23-32	106
Electrical parts	33-36	
Controls and accessories	37-39	



In sailboats, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. In boats, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The Airtronic's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.



The ideal scenario for motorboats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn in from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. Here, too, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The heater's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.

Airtronic D5

Electrical parts for air ducts

Unit Component rating for the heater = 10

This diagram shows how the most important parts are used for routing the air in a single-duct heater system or in a dual-duct heater system.

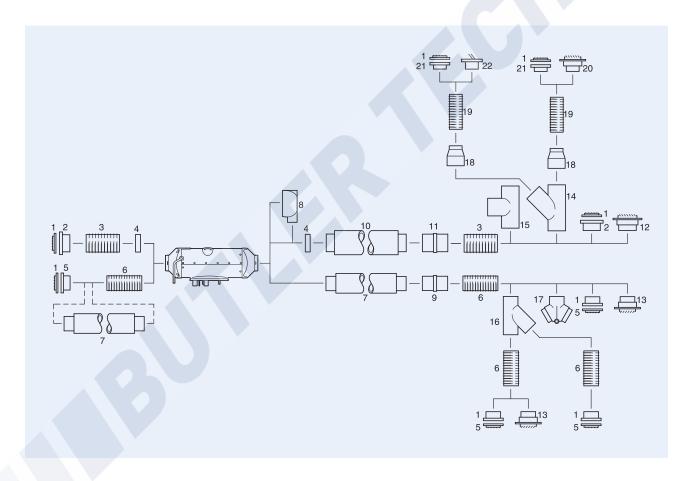
Single-duct heater means:

A hot-air duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual-duct heater means:

The hot-air duct branches into two ducts after the heater.

Parts Component rating listed under "single duct" apply from the heater to the junction, and starting right after the Y junction, the parts Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply.



Please note!

- Using an air vent that can be closed off is only possible with a dual-duct heater system, and with this option, one hot-air duct for heating must remain permanently open (i.e. cannot be closed off). The hot-air duct that can be closed off must not be taken into account when figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.
- Follow the instructions for directing the air through ducts starting on page 20.
- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter.
 - The Technical Description is included with every heater.
- Do not use the diagram above as an example for installation.

Part Component rating for parts that conduct air

Unit Component rating heater = 10

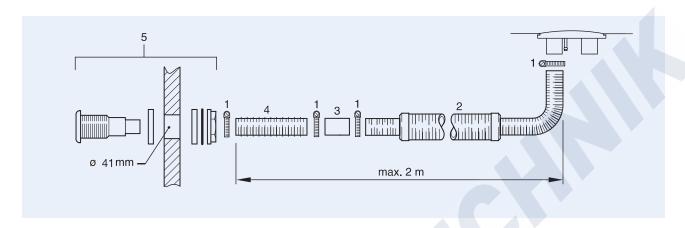
No.	Name	Single duc	t Du	ual ducto	pt .
1	Grille	0.5		0.25	
2	Hose fitting ø 100 mm, metal	0		0	
3	Flexible tube ø 100 mm, each m	0.5		0.25	
-	Flexible tube with 90° bend ø 100 mm	0		0	
4	Grille or ring ø 90/100 mm	0		-	
5	Hose fitting ø 90 mm, metal	0		0	
6	Flexible tube ø 90 mm, each m	1		0.3	
-	Flexible tube with 90°- bend ø 90 mm	0.25		0	
7	Silencer ø 90 mm	0,6		0.3	
8	Swiveling hood ø 90 mm	1.5		-	
9	Fitting ø 90 mm	-		-	
10	Silencer ø 100 mm	0.25		0	
11	Fitting ø 100 mm	-		-	
12	Air vent ø 100 mm, rotatable	3.25		1	
13	Air vent ø 90 mm, rotatable	3.25		1	
14	Y-branch ø 100 mm	0.5		0	
15	T-branch ø 100 mm	0.25		0	
16	Y-branch ø 90 mm	0.5		0	
17	Control flap ø 90 mm Flap position - centre Flap position - right/left	0		- -	
18	Reduction fitting ø 100/75 mm	2.75		1	
19	Flexible tube ø 75 mm, each m	-		1.5	
-	Flexible tube with 90°- bend ø 75 mm	-		0.5	
20	Air vent ø 75 mm, rotatable	-		1.25	
21	Hose fitting ø 75 mm, metal	-		0	
22	Round nozzle ø 75 mm, lockable	_		-	

10

113

Airtronic D5

Parts for ducting combustion air



No. Name

1 Hose clamp

2 Silencer for front left

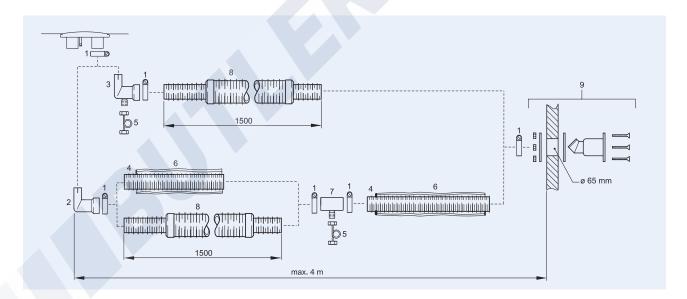
3 Hose connecting pipe ø 25 mm

No. Name

4 Flexible tube ø 25 mm

5 Boat hull opening for front left

Parts for exhaust routing



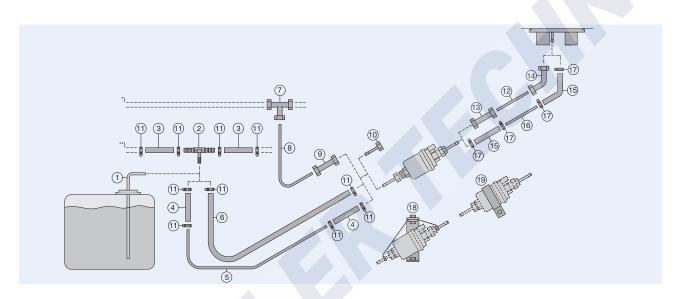
No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Pipe clamp	6	Exhaust insulation
2	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm	7	Connector ø 30 mm with drain
3	90°-angle exhaust pipe ø 24/30 mm with drainage	8	Exhaust muffler flexible
4	Flexible spiral tube ø 30 mm	9	Opening in the boat hull
5	Condensate drainage		

Fuel feed line

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel be drawn through a separate tank connection and that it be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be drawn through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Accessory Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fire retardant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No

No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 2 mm
2	T-fitting
	6 - 6 - 6
	8 - 6 - 8
	10 - 6 - 10
	12 - 6 - 12
3	Connecting hose
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)
4	Connection
	Reduction fitting ø 5/3.5
	(for T-fitting and pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
5	Plastic pipe
	4x1
	6x2
6	Fuel hose 5x3
7	Threaded connection T ø 6
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1
9	Threaded connection ø 6
10	Hose fitting ø 4
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)
11	Hose clamp ø 11

INO.	Name	
12	Metal pipe 4x1	
13	Threaded connection ø 4	
14	90°-angle threaded connection ø 4	
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3	
	(for pipe 4x1.25)	
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25	
17	Hose clamp ø 9	

Metering pump mount

Mama

18	Fuel connection kit for boats is included:
19	Rubber mount for the metering pump

Fuel connection kit in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats
	is included:
	2 fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	2 fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = Ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps, ø 14 mm

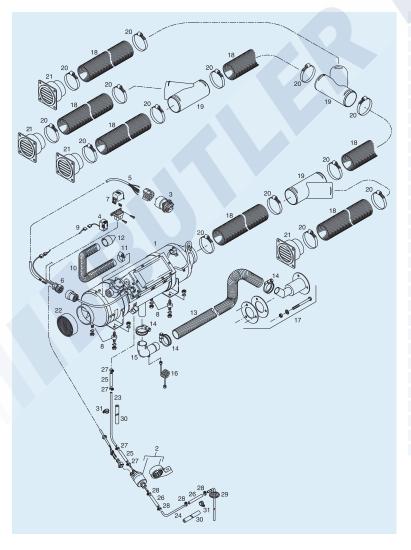
Air Heater D8LC

Technical data



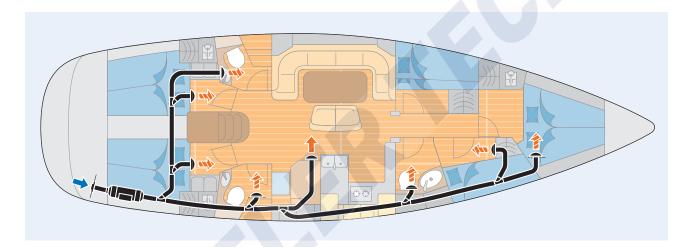
		D8L C
Voltage	V	12/24
Heating levels of heat flow	w	large small 8,000 3,500
Airthroughout	m³/h	250 250
Electrical power consumption (operation)	W	115 380
Fuel consumption	l/h	1.0 0.40
Dimensions LxWxH	mm	653×260×250
Weight	kg	14

Installing the required parts

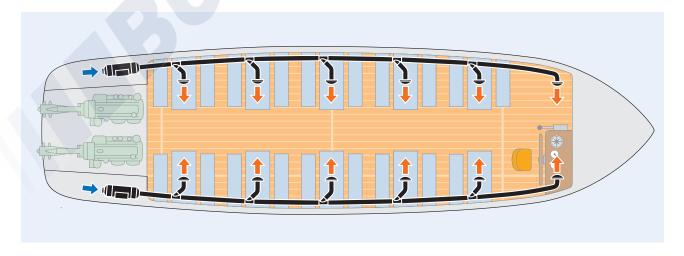


1	Heater D8LC
2	Metering pump and mounting bracket
3	Control unit
4	Temperature sensor, external
5	Wire harness with connectors
6	Socket housing with connectors
7	Fuse holder
8	Metal-rubber spacer, (4x)
9	Wire harness, temperature sensor
10	Combustion air hose
11	Hose clamp, Ø 32/50
12	End sleeve
13	Flex. exhaust pipe Ø 40mm
14	Pipe clamp, (3x)
15	Exhaust elbow pipe with drain
16	Condensate drainage
17	Opening in the boat hull
18	Flexible pipe, Ø 100
19	Y-branch, Ø 100
20	Hose clamp, Ø 90 - 110, (14x)
21	Air vent, Ø 100 (4x)
22	Grille
23	Pipe, Ø 4 x 1
24	Pipe, Ø 6 x 2, 1.5m long
25	Hose, Ø 3.5 x 3, running meter
26	Hose, Ø 5 x 3 running meter
27	Hose clamp, Ø 9, (4x)
28	Hose clamp, Ø 11, (4x)
29	Fuel tank connection
30	Foam rubber hose, (2x)
31	Pipe clamp, Ø 10, (2x)

Heater come of delivery	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Heater D8LC	1-8	
The following must also be ordered:	9	
Electrical parts	10-17	98
Exhaust gas and combustion air system parts	18-22	54
Parts conducting air Parts conducting fuel	23-31	106



In sailboats, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. In boats, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The heat exchanger of the D8LC heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the saloon area, the cabins and the galley.



On pleasure craft, the heater is usually installed in the ship's locker. The combustion air is drawn in from the locker and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the transom. In boats, the fresh air is always drawn in from outside. The heater's heat exchanger heats up the air that has been drawn in and it is fed through a hose system to heat the passenger area

Air heater D8LC

Electrical parts for air ducts

Unit Component rating for the heater = 8

This diagram shows how the most important parts are used for routing the air in a single-duct heater system or in a dual-duct heater system.

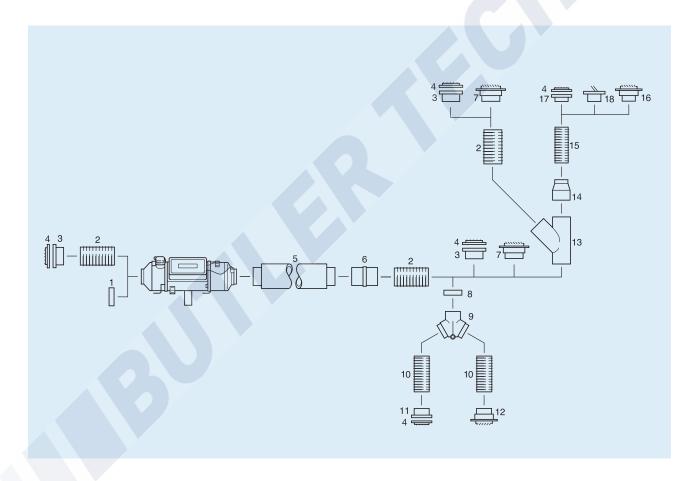
Single-duct heater means:

A hot-air duct goes either to or from the heater. The part Component rating listed under "single duct" apply.

Dual-duct heater means:

The hot-air duct branches into two ducts after the heater.

Parts Component rating listed under "single duct" apply from the heater to the branch, and starting right after the branch, the parts Component rating listed under "dual duct" apply.



Please note!

- Using an air vent that can be closed off is only possible with a dual-duct heater system, and with this option, one hot-air duct for heating must remain permanently open (i.e. cannot be closed off). The hotair duct for heating that can be closed off must not be taken into account when figuring out the sum of the part Component rating.
- Follow the instructions for directing the air through ducts starting on page 20.
- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter.
 - The Technical Description is included with every heater.
- Do not use the diagram above as an example for installation.

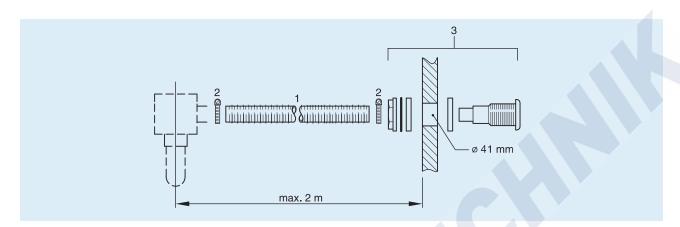
Part Component rating for parts that direct air through ducts

Unit Component rating for the heater = 8

			mponent rating	
No.	Name	Single ductct	Dual ductct	
1	Grille ø 100 mm	0.1	-	
2	Flexible tube ø 100 mm, each m 90°- bend of flexible tube ø 100 mm	1.0 0.5	0.25 0.15	
3	Hose fitting ø 100 mm, metal	0.18	0.1	
4	Grille, painted ø 100 mm Grille, nickel-plated ø 100 mm	0.18 0.18	0.1 0.1	
5	Exhaust silencer ø 100 mm	1.1	0.25	
6	Fitting ø 100 mm	-	- 4	
7	Air vent ø 100 mm, rotatable	3.25	1.1	
8	Grille ø 90/100 mm	0	-	
9	Control flap ø 90/90/90 mm	2.4	-	
10	Flexible tube ø 90 mm, each m	1	0.25	
11	Hose fitting ø 90 mm, metal	-	-	
12	Air vent ø 90 mm, rotatable	- 1	1.4	
13	Y-branch ø 100 mm	0	-	
14	Reduction fitting ø 100/75 mm	-	0.55	
15	Flexible tube ø 75 mm, each m 90°- bend of flexible tube ø 75 mm	-	1.1 1.1	
16	Air vent ø 75 mm, rotatable	-	-	
17	Fitting ø 75 mm	-	0.1	
18	Round nozzle, lockable	-	0.15	

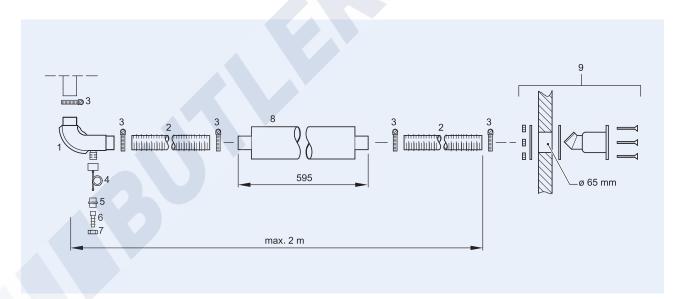
Air heater D8LC

Parts for directing combustion air through ducts



- No. Name
- 1 Flexible tube ø 30 mm
- 2 Hose clamp
- 3 3 boat hull openings for combustion air

Parts for routing the exhaust



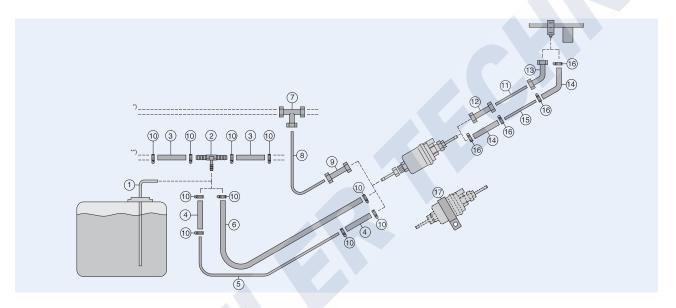
No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Exhaust elbow pipe ø 42/40 mm with drainage	6	Hose nipple
2	Flexible spiral tube ø 40 mm	7	Union nut
3	Pipe clamp	8	Exhaust muffler flexible
4	Condensate drain	9	Opening in the boat hull
5	Fitting		

Fuel feed line

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel be drawn through a separate tank connection and that it be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be drawn through a T-fitting connection that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Accessory Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fireretardant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



Intake side

No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 4 mm
2	T-fitting
	6 - 6 - 6
	8 - 6 - 8
	10 - 6 - 10
	2 - 6 - 12
3	Connecting hose
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)
4	Connecting hose ø 5x3 (for pipe ø 6x1)
5	Plastic pipe ø 6x1
6	Fuel hose ø 5x3
7	Threaded connection T ø 6
8	Metal pipe Cu ø 6x1
9	Threaded connection ø 6
10	Hose clamp ø 11
11	Metal pipe 4x1
12	Threaded connection ø 4
13	Threaded 90°-angle connection ø 4
14	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3
	(for pipe 4x1, 25)

Pressure side

No.	Name
15	Plastic pipe 4x1.25
16	Hose clamp ø 9

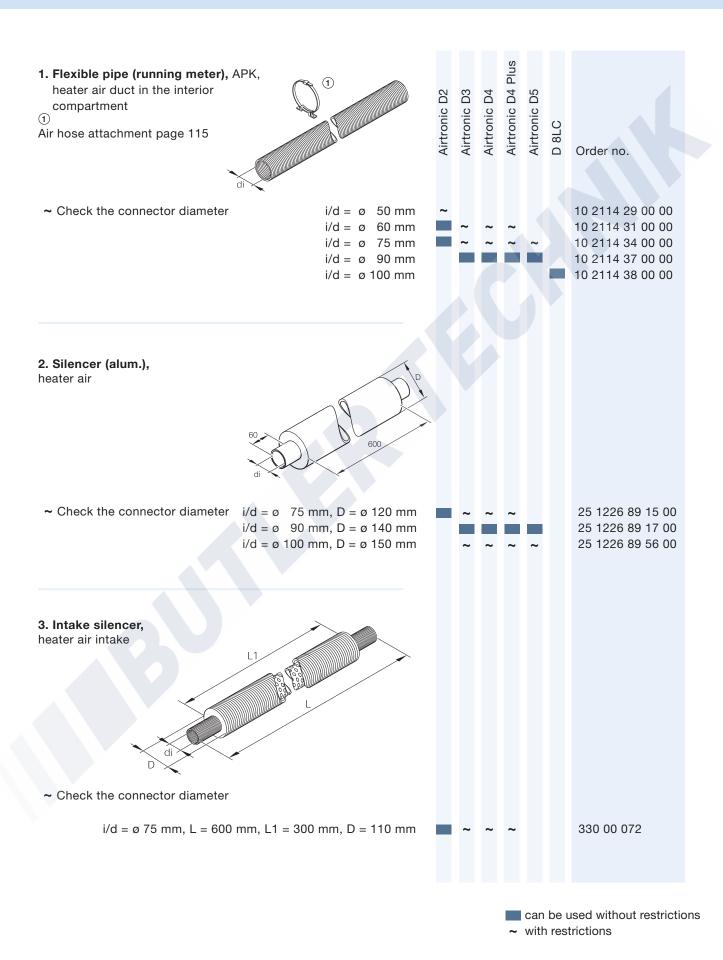
Metering pump mount

18	Hanger assembly for the metering pump
19	Rubber mount for the metering pump

Fuel connection kit in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats includes:
	2 fire-retardant hoses
	i/d = Ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	2 fire-retardant hoses,
	i/d = ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps of 14 mm

Parts conducting air



4. Air vent rotatable

D 50

~ Check the connector diameter

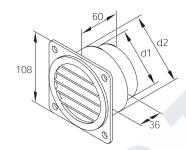
 $d = \emptyset$ 60 mm, $D = \emptyset$ 97 mm black

Airtronic D2
Airtronic D4
Airtronic D4 Plus
Airtronic D5
D 8LC

Order no.

20 1577 89 06 00

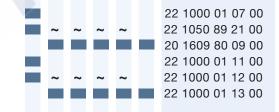
5. Air vent rotatable



~ Check the connector diameter

* incl. assembly bolts

d1 = \emptyset 60 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm black d1 = \emptyset 75 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm black d1 = \emptyset 90 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm black d1 = \emptyset 60 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm white* d1 = \emptyset 75 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm white* d1 = \emptyset 90 mm, d2 = \emptyset 100 mm white*

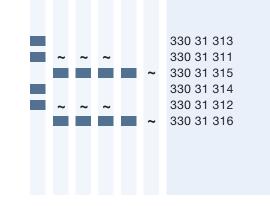


6. Round nozzle

can be closed off, bladed shutter

Can only be used with dual-duct heater airduct; do not exceed the main wiring harness's Component rating

D = 100 mm d = 60 mm L = 63 black D = 100 mm d = 75 mm L = 50 black D = 120 mm d = 90 mm L = 62 black D = 100 mm d = 60 mm L = 63 white D = 100 mm d = 75 mm L = 50 white D = 120 mm d = 90 mm L = 62 white



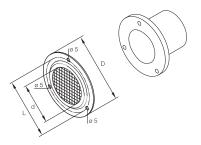
can be used without restrictions

with restrictions

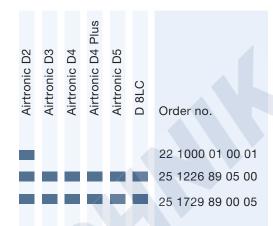
Parts conducting air

7. Grille

Can be combined with item 8, 10-12



 $D = \emptyset 132 \text{ mm}, L = \emptyset 120, d = 100 \text{ mm}$ plastic, black

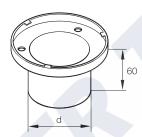


8. Fitting

for rotatable air vent

Can be combined with item 7

~ Check the connector diameter



 $d = \emptyset 75 \text{ mm}$ $d = \emptyset 90 \text{ mm}$

25 1794 80 00 01 25 1729 89 00 01

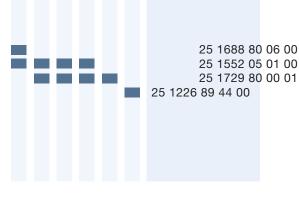
9. Grille for heater

black



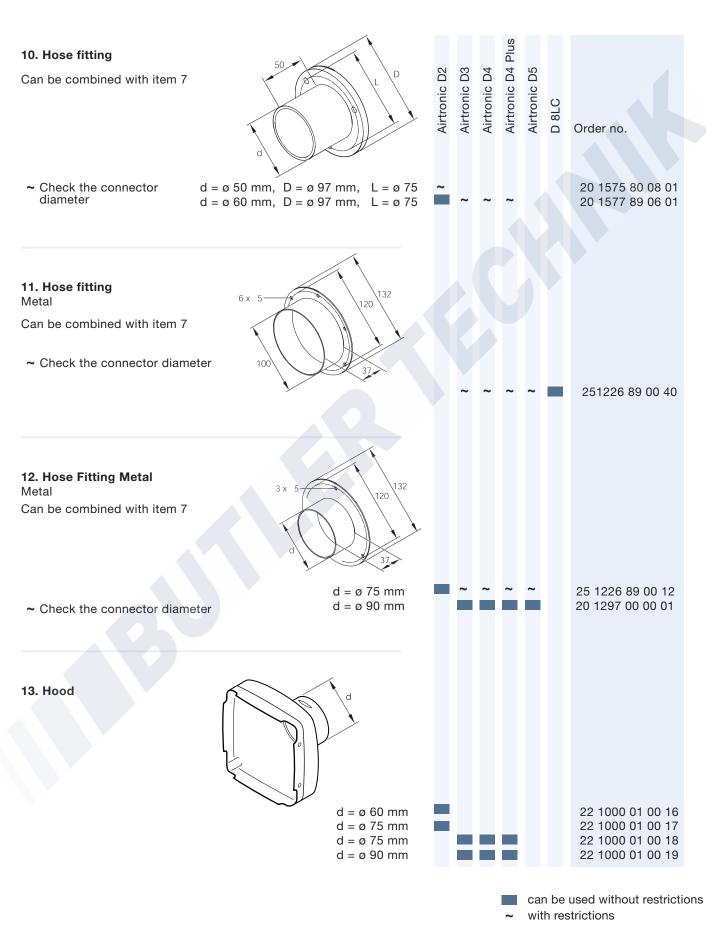
~ Check the connector diameter

 $i/d = \emptyset$ 60 mm, L = 20 mm, black $i/d = \emptyset$ 75 mm, L = 22 mm, black $i/d = \emptyset$ 90 mm, L = 24 mm, black i/d = Ø 100 mm, L = 22 mm, black

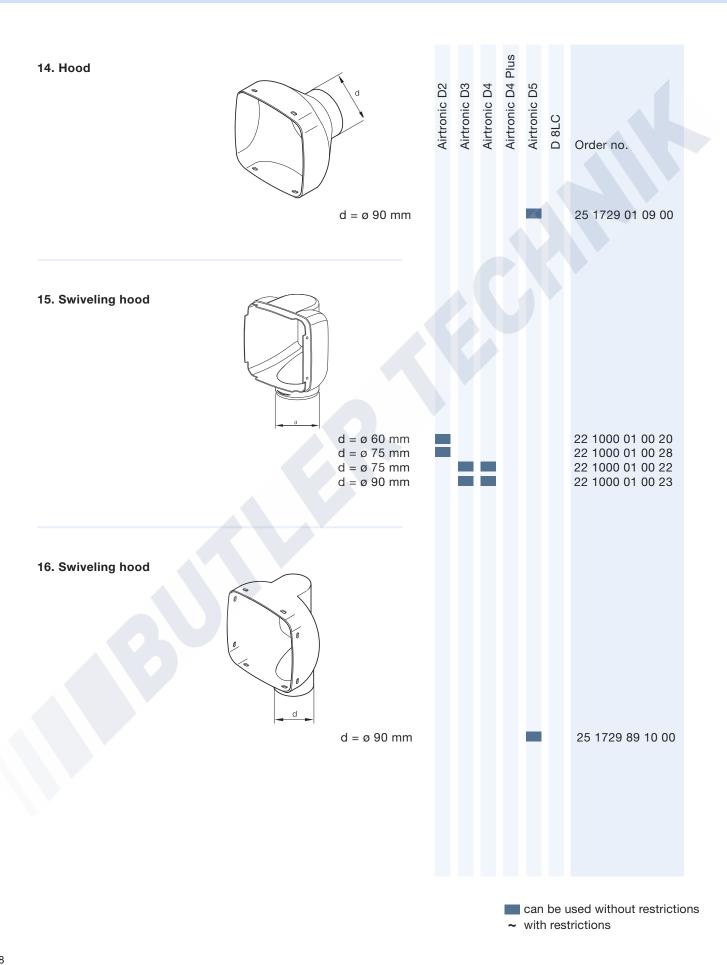


can be used without restrictions

~ with restrictions

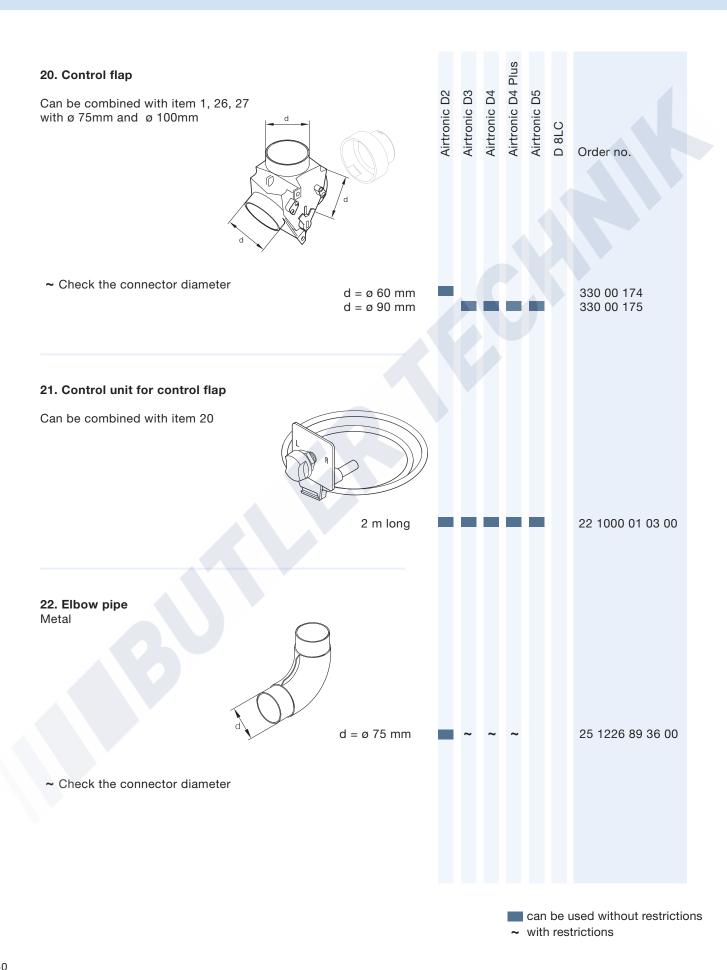


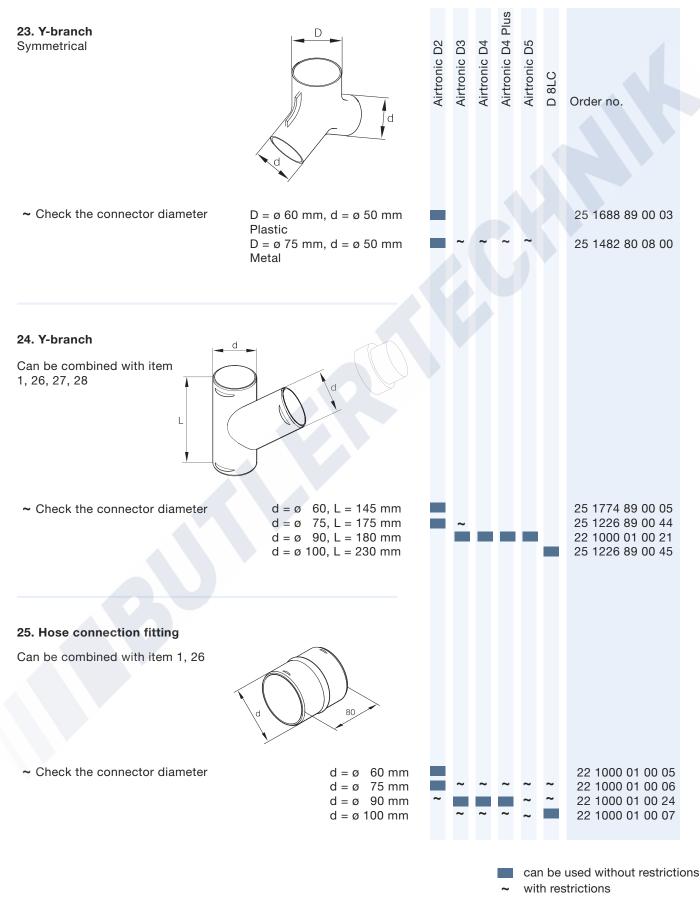
Parts conducting air



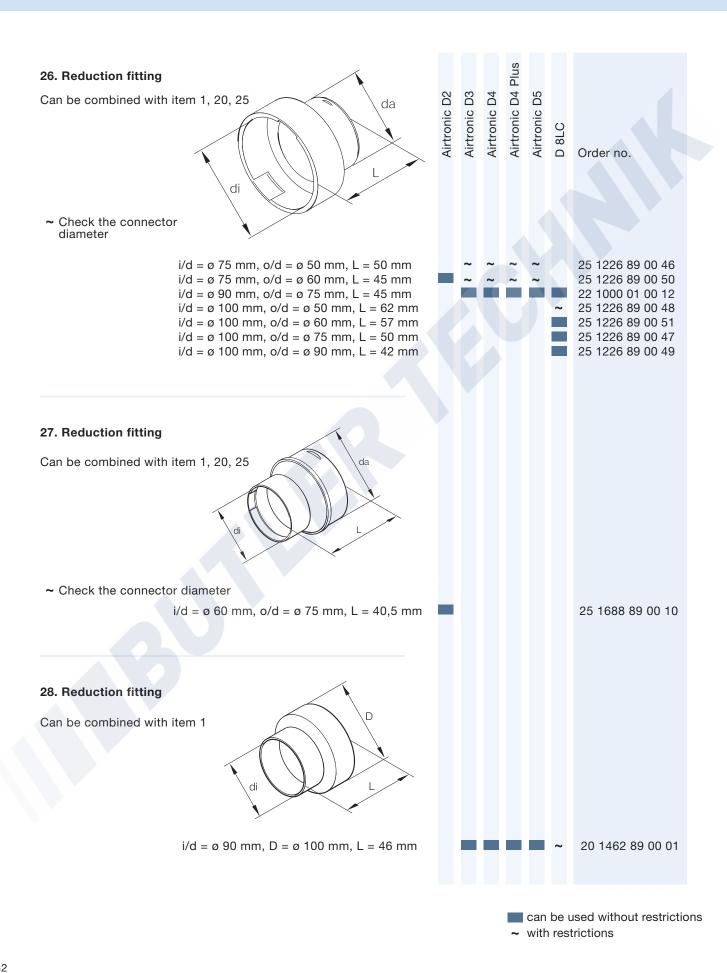
Airtronic D4 Plus 17. Elbow pipe, 90° Airtronic D5 Airtronic D2 Airtronic D3 Airtronic D4 D 8LC Order no. 25 1688 89 00 01 $i/d = \emptyset$ 60 mm, $o/d = \emptyset$ 60 mm ~ Check the connector diameter 25 1482 89 00 05 $i/d = \emptyset$ 75 mm, $o/d = \emptyset$ 75 mm 18. Ring $i/d = \emptyset$ 60 mm, $o/d = \emptyset$ 75 mm 22 1000 01 00 08 ~ Check the connector diameter $i/d = \emptyset$ 75 mm, $o/d = \emptyset$ 90 mm 25 1822 89 00 01 $i/d = \emptyset 90 \text{ mm}, o/d = \emptyset 100 \text{ mm}$ 25 1729 80 00 01 19. T-fitting Can be combined with item 1 ~ Check the connector diameter $d = \emptyset$ 50 mm, metal 20 1575 89 18 00 25 1688 89 00 02 d = Ø 60 mm, plastic d = ø 75 mm, plastic 22 1000 01 00 27 d = Ø 90 mm, plastic 22 1000 01 00 26 $d = \emptyset$ 100 mm, metal 20 1667 89 03 00 can be used without restrictions with restrictions

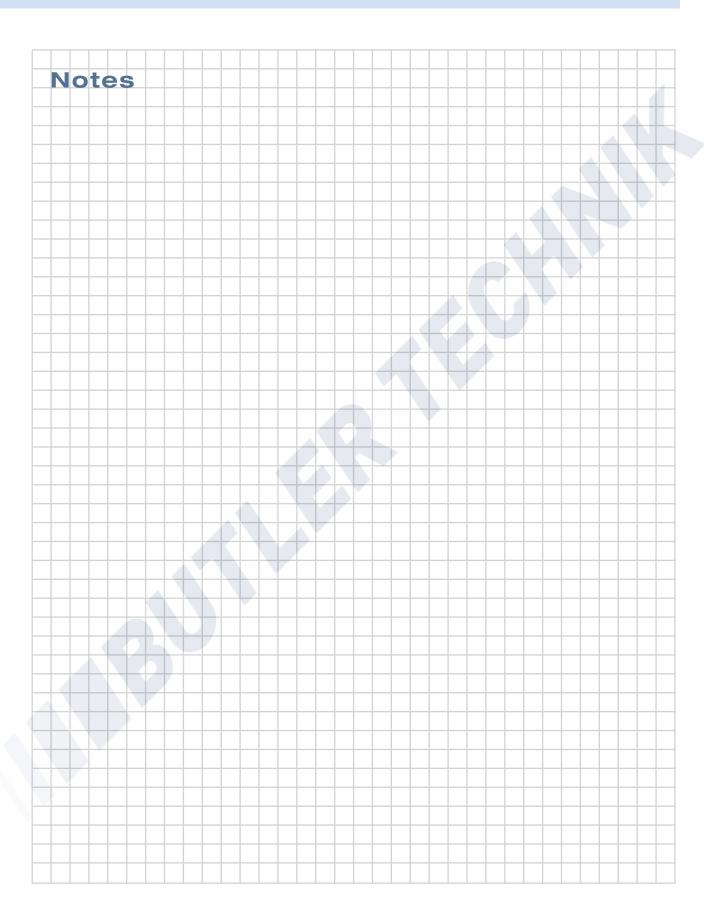
Parts conducting air





Parts conducting air





,



The water-heating system — cosy comfort from bow to stern

The benefit of a water-heating system is that in addition to heating all of the interior spaces on your yacht, you can also heat your tap water and preheat your engine.

Eberspächer offers water-heating units that produce 5,000 to 35,000 watts of heat.



The right water heating system for every need

Eberspächer upholds the following principle for water heating systems: the right system for every type of boat — in just the right size and with optimal performance numbers. This means that Eberspächer has heaters

from 5,000 to 35,000 watts of heat output for boats up to 22 meters long. Select the heater that's right for you — and let a specialist boat shop install it for you.

Selection guide

Heizung	Boat length 4 m 13 ft	6 m 15 ft	8 m 22 ft	10 m 32 ft	12 m 39 ft	14 m 45 ft	16 m 52 ft	18 m 59 ft	20 m 65 ft	22 m 72 ft
Hydronic 5										
Hydronic M8*/M10/M12										
Hydronic 16										
Hydronic 24										
Hydronic 30										

Hydronic technical data

Hydronic 35





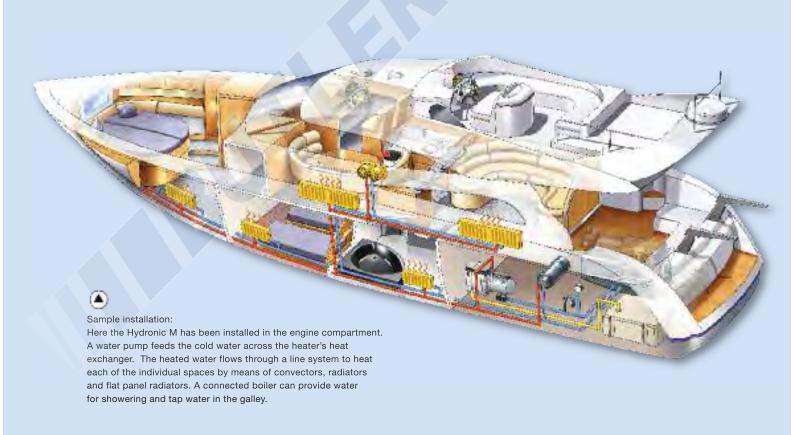


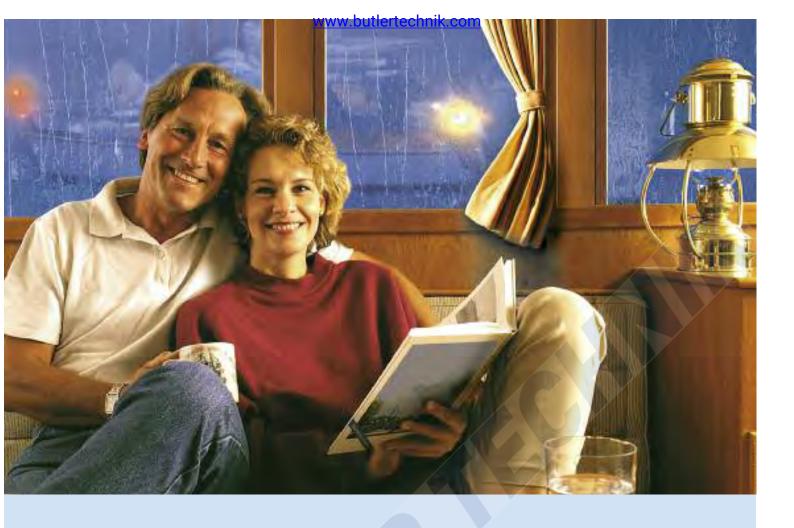
Diesel version	Hydronic 5	Hydronic M8*	Hydronic M10	Hydronic M12	Hydronic 16	Hydronic 24	Hydronic 30	Hydronic 35	
Voltage (Volt)	12/24	12/24	12/24	12/24	24	24	24	24	
Heat output (watts)	2,400/5,000	1,500/3,500/ 5,000/8,000	1,500/3,500/ 8,000/9,500	1,200/1,500/3,500/ 5,000/9,500/12,000	16,000	24,000	30,000	35,000	
Electrical power opera- tion (watts)	10/37	35/39/ 46/55	35/39/ 60/86	34/35/39/ 46/86/132	60	80	105	120	
Fuel consumption (I/h)	0.27/0.62	0.18/0.40/ 0.65/0.90	0.18/0.40/ 0.90/1.20	0.15/0.18/0.40/ 0.65/1.20/1.50	2	2.9	3.65	4.2	
Dimensions L x W x H (mm)	220 x 86 x102	331 x 138 x 174	331 x 138 x 174	331 x 138 x 174	600 x 230 x 222				
Weight (kg)	2.3	6.2	6.2	6.2	18	18	18	18	

The benefits of Eberspächer heater systems:

- ! More uniform heat output
- Individual temperature adjustment for every flat panel radiator
- No blower noises from flat panel radiators
- (!) Wash water can be heated

- Flexible installation:
 - Can be installed in the engine compartment
 - Small-dimensioned pipelines
 - Needs-driven heat output: either via the flat panel radiators or the blower heat exchangers
- ! The engine can be preheated
- (I) Maintenance-free and user friendly





System accessories for your complete, customised solutions:

Eberspächer offers a wide range of premium accessories that are coordinated to complement each other, and which will meet all the particular

requirements for use on smaller boats and seaworthy yachts. You will find all of these parts in the marine catalogue starting on page 88.

Control devices



EasyStart T Timer

- For assembly in an interior space
- Innovative, intuitive menu prompts using the menu bar
 3 heater start times that can
- 3 heater start times that ca be programmed within a seven-day period



EasyStart R remote-control operation

- Base model, can be combined with the EasyStart T or minicontroller
- Includes feedback on heater function



EasyStart R⁺ remote-control operation

- Comfort version
- Alle Funktionen der EasyStart T inklusive
- Includes feedback on heater function



Telephone remote-control Calltronic*

- GSM module with voice chip
- You can operate the stationary heater by calling from your cell phone or from your landline (tone dial).

^{*} Available for 12-volt heaters only.

General information on water heater systems in boats

Without a doubt, it's a good thing for the skipper to outfit his boat with a heater system. The more and longer a boat is used, the more you need a water heater system.

Benefits:

- Uniform heat output, infinitely variable control, low noise level
- Can be combined with your existing water circulation as long as you have a two-circuit cooling system for the engine. This allows the waste heat from the engine to be used for heating as well and conversely, for preheating the engine.
- Wash water can be heated.
- Heat is transported through lines whose diameter is much smaller than air ducts.
- Just as much comfort as with central heating.

Disadvantages of heating with water:

- The heater takes up valuable space in the cabin.
- Slow to heat up.
- Low drying effect on the air in the compartment.
- In certain situations, an additional blower heater is required for fresh-air operation.

The most convenient installation location

In most situations, water heaters are installed in the engine compartment. This is where the heater for washing water is also located (the boiler). Mandatory safety devices (such as the pressure-equaliser tank, safety valve, manometer, float vent valve, drain cock, and the tap cock for filling) can also be housed here.

Before we get to the installation of a water heater system, we first have to go over a few fundamental points:

- Heat requirements? This tells you the size of heater you need.
- How will the heater, boiler, heating element and, if required, the drive motor be connected to the network of pipes?
- Selecting and dimensioning the heating element.
- Dimensioning the network of pipes. Will the water pump's capacity be adequate?
- Can the drive motor be integrated in the water circulation system? (This is only possible with a dual-circuit cooling system)

In general, these points should be kept in mind. The answers to these questions, however, will determine how much time and expense you will need to invest, depending on whether motorboats (up to approx. 12 m) or larger cruising yachts need to be heated. And why make it any more complicated than it needs to be?

Heat requirements

The most expensive things involved in determining heating needs can be figured into the calculations: including the size of the rooms, the material in the walls, the inside, outside and glass surfaces, and taking into account where you like to go boating and the length of the season.

But that's only worth it for large cruising yachts. It's much simpler in most cases for motor boats.

The main factor is the length of the boat!

Since heaters do not come in infinite gradations of heat output capacities, there is a limit as to what you can select from. You would have to select the next larger heater in a borderline situation between two heaters and be certain that you can effectively control the heat flow.

The following might serve as examples to apply to your own needs:

Sailing yachts and motor boats up to

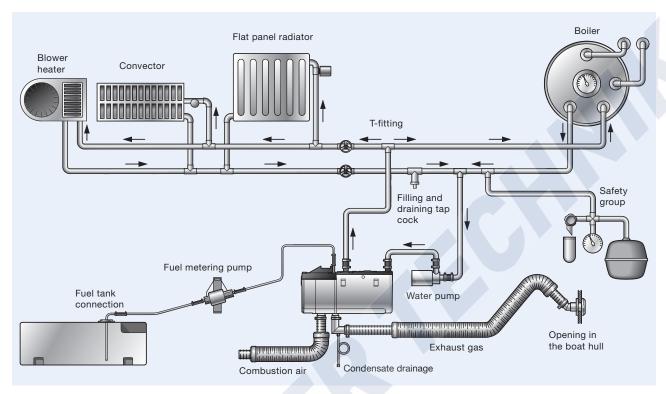
- Max. length of 10m Hydronic D5W S
- Max. length of 16m Hydronic M

But heating needs should be calculated even more precisely for even larger yachts. This is a matter for the heating expert!

The following heaters are available for you to select from:

- Hydronic 24 with 24000 watts
- Hydronic 30 with 30000 watts
- Hydronic 35 with 35000 watts

Water circulation system



There are various options for connecting the boiler and the heating elements.

The simplest option is to operate the boiler and the heating elements in parallel as shown in the diagram. The water flows from the heater to the T-fitting, at which point the water divides to flow into both the boiler and the heating elements. The water is collected in the return line and flows back to the heater = a dual line system (supply line and return line).

The heater's large control range is especially valuable. If just the boiler is supposed to be heated, the heaters run on "low power" and switches to "high power" as soon as the heating elements are absorbing additional heat.

Since the boiler line is always open, a minimum amount of circulation is always ensured, even if the heating element valves have been severely throttled back because only a minimal amount of heat is needed at the time.

The diagram on page 70 shows how this simple system could be installed in a boat.

 The boilers used in sport boats have a thermal rating of between 1 and 2 kW.
 This is why setting the heater at full power is not an option for heating up just the boiler. 3

-

6

C

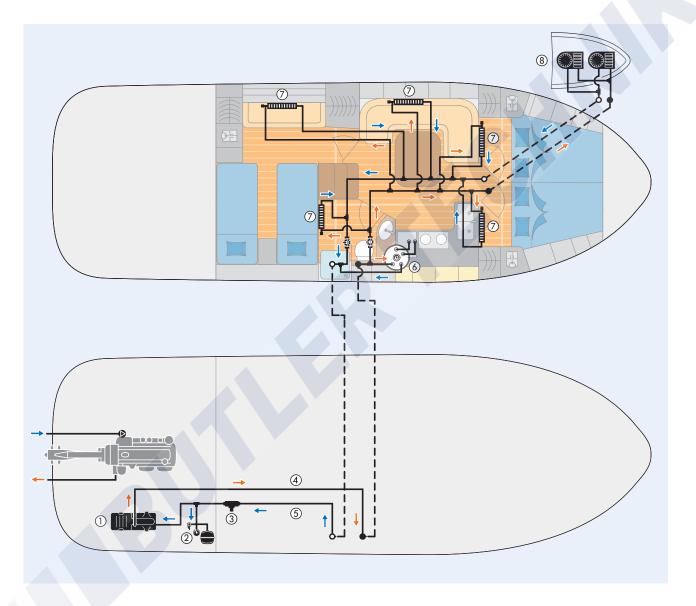
10

12

General information on water heater systems in boats

Sample installation:

Motor boat 10m long
Heat requirements Approx. 10 kW
Heater Hydronic M10



- 1 Heater
- 2 Safety group
- 3 Filling and drain cock
- 4 Supply line

The drive motor could not be integrated in the heater circulation in this system since it has a single-circuit cooling, i.e. seawater flows directly through the engine's cooling ducts.

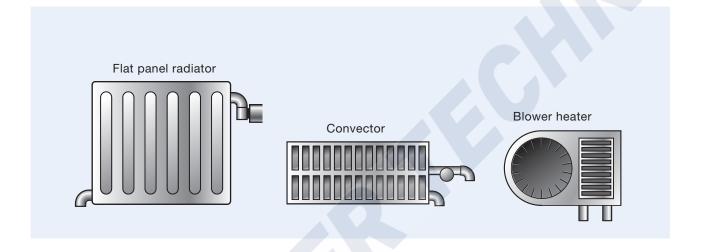
- 5 Return line
- 6 Boiler
- 7 Flat panel radiator or convector
- Blower heater in the steering stand

Therefore, it is not possible to use waste engine heat for heating or the water heater for engine preheating. But we will introduce you to this type of system later in this catalogue.

Selecting and dimensioning the heating element

When retrofitting, you have to work within the space available. Realistically, this means that only flat panel radiators or convectors can be used. Flat panel radiators are fairly lightweight and contain a smalll amount of water. Which is great for controlling it automatically. Attachment points should be available at all four corners for a smooth and trouble-free installation in boats.

Material: Stainless steel, aluminium or a nonferrous metal. Technical documents on heaters are available at specialty heater stores. If at all possible, a heater with blower should be installed. It needs the least amount of space, is the easiest to control automatically and dries out the air in the room. This is particularly important in the steering stand to keep the glass free of condensation.



Dimensioning the network of pipes

Maximum flow rate through the pipe network – including the boiler and heater – and its maximum drop in

pressure are very important for dimensioning the network of pipes.

The heaters and water pumps have the following values:

Minimum heater water throughput

Water throughput in the water pump

Hydronic D 5W S	300 l/h	12 V	800 l/h at 0.1 bar
		24 V	900 l/h at 0.1 bar
Hydronic M10	500 l/h		1400 l/h at 0.14 bar
Hydronic 24	2000 l/h		5000 I/h at 0.2 bar
Hydronic 30	2600 l/h		6000 I/h at 0.5 bar
Hydronic 35	3500 l/h		6000 I/h at 0.5 bar

Using the intended pipe diameters of:

Hydronic D 5W S..... pipe $18 \times 1 = \text{inside } \emptyset$ 16 mm Hydronic M10...... pipe $22 \times 1 = \text{inside } \emptyset$ 20 mm Hydronic 24/30/35..... pipe $38 \times 1.5 = \text{inside } \emptyset$ 30 mm

yields a flow rate of < 1 m/s. To prevent noise created by water flowing through the pipes, do not exceed a 1 m/s flow rate.

For boats up to the 12m-size class, the pressure drop in the heater system will remain below the usable pressure at the heater's water pumps. To check this, measure the difference in temperature between the water outlet and inlet at the heater.

Under steady conditions and with the heater on "high," this difference should be no more than 11° C, maximum.

That will guarantee the minimum amount of circulation.

General information on water heater systems in boats

Let's take a moment to summarize:

A dual-line pipe system connects the heater, boiler and heating element (and drive motor, if required).

Dual-line means that there is a supply line that runs from the heater to the consumers, and a return line that runs from the consumers back to the heater.

The main pipe section for the

- Hydronic D5W S is routed using in ø 18 x 1
- Hydronic M10 at ø 22 x 1
- and for the Hydronic 24/30/35 at ø 38 x 1.5

The pipes branch to the heaters at a reduced diameter.

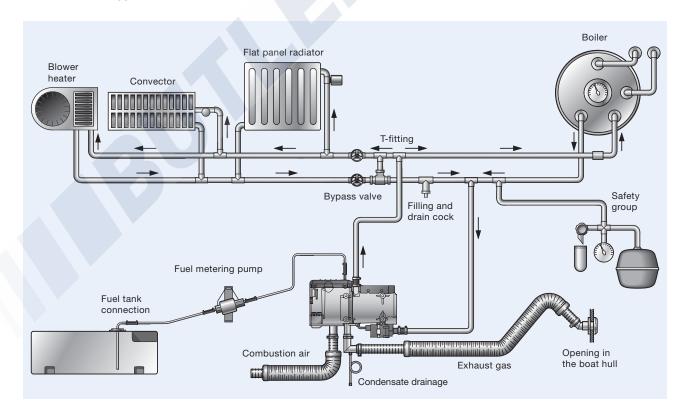
Heat output per Heater	Ø	valve:	
< 1,200 W	12 x 1	3/8"	
< 2,400 W	15 x 1	3/8"	
< 3,600 W	15 x 1	1/2"	
< 5,000 W	18 x 1	1/2"	
< 7,000 W	22 x 1	3/4"	

Upgrading

We will upgrade the heater system in the next step. A thermostatic control valve is installed in the supply line to keep the storage tank water temperature at approx. 60° C (to guard against calcification). Once the set storage tank temperature has been reached, the valve closes off the heating water feed line.

But this also means that now there is no more automatic forced circulation through the boiler, and with the heater valves closed, there would not be any minimum amount circulating, either. An automatic bypass valve (e.g. OVENTROP) is therefore installed between the supply and return lines, which ensures forced circulation.

Water circulation using the control valve for the boiler and the bypass valve



Can the drive motor be integrated in the water circulation?

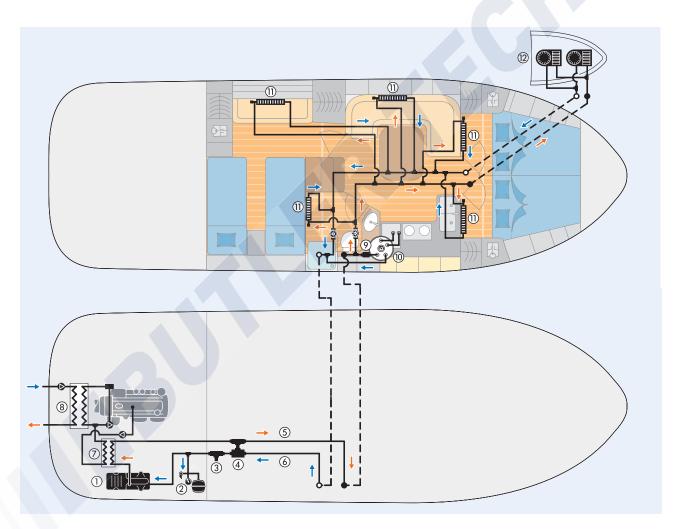
The following diagram shows a system in a motor yacht with dual-circulation cooling for the drive motor.

This heater system makes it possible to integrate the engine in the heater circulation, to use engine heat for heating, and use the heater to preheat the engine.

But this won't work in a single-circuit system where seawater flow directly through the engine. In the dual-circuit cooling system, the engine's cooling ducts are part of a closed cooling system where the cooling fluid circulates together with an anticorrosive. Cold seawater from the outer circuit is fed into a heat exchanger where it cools the water from the inner circulation. The seawater is then routed back into the sea, never coming into direct contact with the engine cooling ducts or the heater circulation.

Sample installation:

Motor boat 7m long Motor 80 kW Heat requirements Approx. 8 kW Heater Hydronic M 8



1	Heater
2	Safety group
3	Filling and drain cock
4	Bypass valve
5	Supply line
6	Return line
7	Heat exchanger heater circulation heater/ en-
	gine cooling water circulation
8	Heat exchanger cooling water circulation
	Heater/seawater circulation
9	Thermostatic control valve

10	Boiler
11	Flat panel radiator or convector
12	Blower heat exchanger in the steering stand

You must be absolutely sure that

The amount of heat the heater system draws must not be more than 10% of the engine output so that it does not cool off too much if engine coolant water is used for heating.

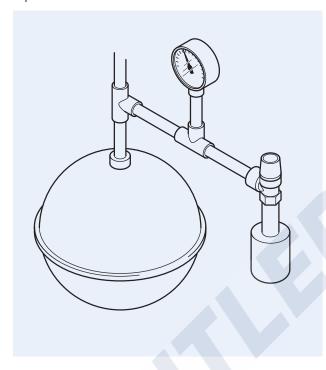
General information on water heater systems in boats

A couple more important tips:

Just as there are a couple of things to keep in mind with your central heating at home, there are also a few things to remember with boat heater systems, which are absolutely necessary for safety and reliable operation. Listed below are just a few of the parts indispensable to a complete system.

Pressure equalisation tank

Closed systems, such as we use, require a pressure equalisation tank.



Rule of thumb regarding size:

The pressure equalisation tank's usable volume = approx. 1 litre per kW of heat flow (heat output) from the heater when installed.

Which means that:

a Hydronic D 5WS heater system would be outfitted with a pressure equalisation tank of at least 5 I cubic capacity, and at least 7 I cubic capacity with the Hydronic M10 heater.

Safety valve

Reaction pressure: 2.5 bar.

Safety valves for closed systems must be type tested (the DIN DVGW registration number).

Manometer

Recommended for a quick survey of at pressure conditions in the system.

 Pressure equalisation tank, safety valve and manometer are conveninetly combined in a "Safety group" (available as a unit at heater speciality stores). Installed in the return hose before the intake side of the water pump.

Float vent valve

Installed in the return line after the outlet connection to the heater.

Water thermometer

A thermometer is used at each of the following places: after the heater's outlet connection in the supply line and in front of the heater's inlet connection in the return line.

Preventing corrosion

Oxygen in the heater system is dangerous. It causes corrosion. Especially if different kinds of materials are joined, e.g. a heater made of steel or aluminium and pipes made of copper. For this reason, only a closed system that is carefully ventilated should be considered. But all of that would be futile if we were to drain the system every winter and fill it with fresh water before the start of the new season. Therefore: even for boats that are not used all year round, leave the water in the heater system and add antifreeze (see General Assembly Instructions for Heaters).

Heat expansion

Pipes expand when heated. That's why they should not be mounted rigidly, but rather should be attached to points where they can move (e.g. a clamp with a rubber insert). Copper fittings to prevent too much heat expansion are also provided.

General

Instructions for installation, exhaust routing, fuel supply, electrical wiring and operation are found in the installation instructions that come with every heater.

Combustion air system

The combustion air must be drawn from a well-ventilated area at ambient air pressure (not from the cabin).

To run the heater in fresh-air mode, do not draw the combustion air from the same area.

There are two options for routing the combustion air system:

 If regulations apply similar to those for boating on Lake Constance, in Bavaria and in Sweden, for example, then combustion air must be drawn in from outside the boat.

We sell an opening for the boat hull made of plastic as an accessory part.

The opening for drawing in combustion air must be located where it will not pull in any exhaust (from the heater unit or the engine).

The lines from the heater unit must be routed so that they run downward.

A condensate opening must be installed at the lowest point for routing that does not slope. The combustion air hose must be routed at the end as a gooseneck.

This lets any water that gets in drain out again.

Please note!

 When drawing combustion air from the engine compartment, make very sure that it is adequately ventilated and that ambient pressure does not change while the engine is running (e.g. due to the cooling fan blowing).

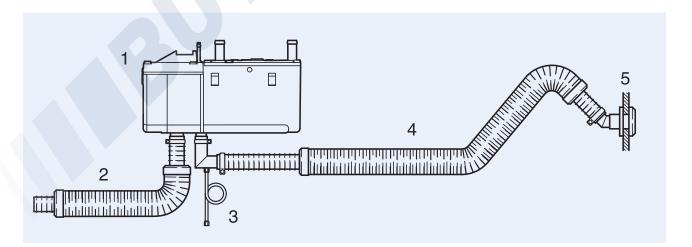
Exhaust gas routing

In sailboats, the exhaust gas routing exits at the transom, and in motor boats, through the side hull. The exhaust gas routing must be insulated so that the surface temperature does not exceed 80° C. Routing the exhaust gas through a cabin can only be done using a single-piece pipe made of stainless steel. Outside the cabin, a dual-layer, flexible exhaust pipe of stainless steel can be used. Preferably, the exhaust gas line should always be mounted so that, when installed, it is always dropping, so that condensate or surge water can drain away immediately. If a particular installation situation is awkward, a T-fitting that includes a condensate line can be used at the lowest point in the exhaust routing. The flexible exhaust pipe has to be routed at the end of the gooseneck so that any water getting in can run back out again.

An exhaust silencer that is positioned in the exhaust routing will contribute to a quieter atmosphere on board, and, depending on the type of heater installed, the silencer can be either rigid or flexible.

Please note!

• When routing the exhaust lines, make absolutely sure that all of the connections are properly and completely sealed. The gaskets in the boat hull's opening must fit exactly. Make sure that no hot pieces of metal touch the boat's hull while the exhaust routing is being laid and the opening in the boat hull is being installed. Minimum distance from the hull of 20 mm must absolutely be maintained if the exhaust gas lines are insulated.



- 1 Heater
- 2 Silencer for combustion air
- 3 Condensate drain
- 4 Silencer exhaust
- Opening in boat hull for the exhaust pipe

75

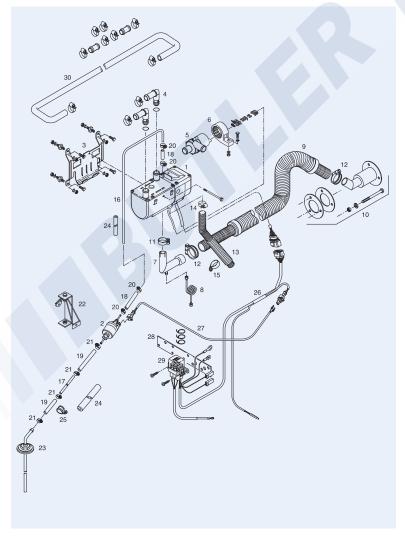
Hydronic 5

Technical data



		Hydronic 5
Voltage	V	12/24
Heat output	W	2.400/5.000
Water throughput	l/h	900 ± 100 at 0.1 bar
Electrical power operation	W	10/37
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.27/0.62
Dimensions LxBxH	mm	220x86x98
Weight	kg	2.3

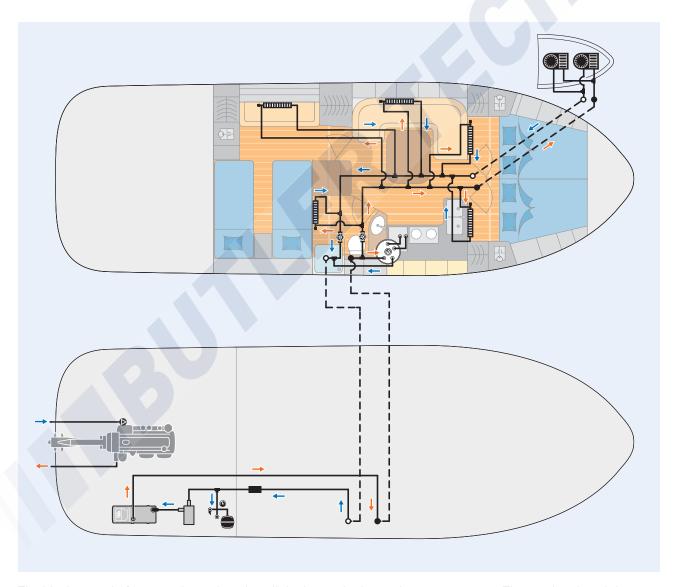
Parts required for installation



1	Hydronic D 5W S heater
2	Metering pump
3	Heater mounting bracket
4	Water connection, 90° angle
5	Water pump
6	Mounting bracket for water pump
7	Exhaust pipe elbow with drain, Ø 24/30
8	Condensate drain
9	Exhaust silencer
10	Boat hull opening
11	Pipe clamp
12	Pipe clamp, (2x)
13	Combustion air pipe
14	Hose clamp, Ø 20/32
15	Hose clamp, Ø 20
16	Pipe, 4 x 1.25
17	Pipe, 6 x 2, 1.5m long
18	Hose, 3.5 x 3, running meter
19	Hose, 5 x 3, running meter
20	Hose clamp, Ø 9, (4x)
21	Hose clamp, Ø 11, (4x)
22	Bracket for metering pump
23	Tank connection
24	Foam rubber hose
25	Pipe clamp, Ø 10
26	Wire harness
27	Cable harness, metering pump
28	Fuse holder bracket
29	Fuse bracket, three fuses
30	Water hose

Product information

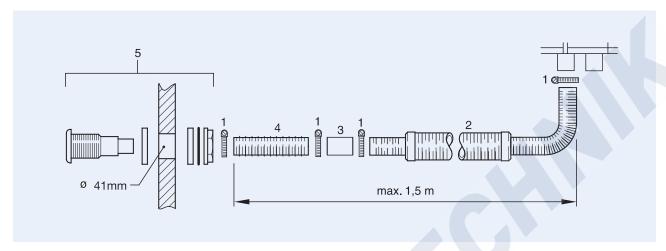
	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Hydronic D 5WS heater Metering pump	1-2	
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts for routing water	4-5	88
Exhaust gas and combustion air system parts	7-14	98
Fasteners	3/15/22	114
Parts carrying fuel	16-21	106
Electrical parts	26-29	



The ideal scenario for motor boats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the opening in the boat hull. A water pump feeds the cold water across the heater's heat exchanger. The heated water flows through a line system to heat each of the individual spaces by means of convectors, radiators and flat panel radiators. A connected boiler can provide water for showering and tap water in the galley.

Hydronic 5

Parts for directing combustion air through ducts



No. Name

1 Hose clamp

2 Silencer for combustion air

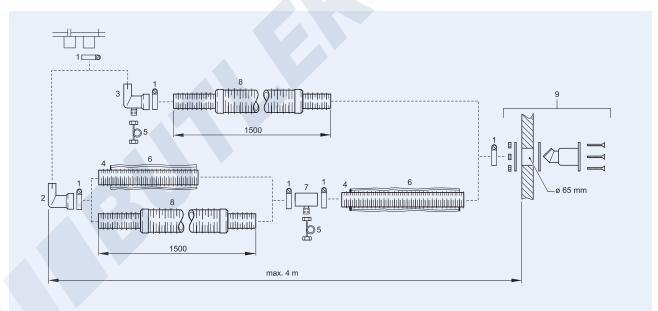
3 Hose connector pipe

No. Name

4 Flexible pipe

Boat hull opening for combustion air

Parts for the exhaust system



No. Name

1 Pipe clamp
2 Exhaust pipe elbow ø 24/30 mm

3 Exhaust pipe elbow ø 24/30 mm with drainage 4 Flexible spiral pipe ø 30 mm

5 Condensate drain

No. Name

6 Exhaust insulation
7 Connector ø 30 mm with drain
8 Exhaust silencer - flexible
9 Boat hull opening

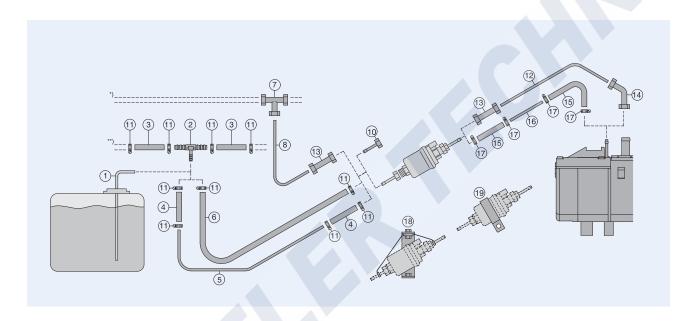
Product information

Fuel supply

In most cases, a separate tank connection is recommended for the fuel pick-up, and this connection should be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be picked up through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the engine.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Accessory Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fireresistant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 2 mm
2	T junction
	6 - 6 - 6
	8 - 6 - 8
	10 – 6 – 10
	12 - 6 - 12
3	Connecting hose
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)
4	Connection
	Reducer ø 5/3.5
	(for T-fitting and pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
5	Plastic pipe
	4x1
	6x2
6	Fuel hose 5x3
7	Threaded connection T ø 6
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1
9	Threaded connection ø 6
10	Hose fitting ø 4
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)

No.	Name
11	Hose clamps ø 11
12	Metal pipe 4x1
13	Threaded connection ø 4
14	Threaded angle connection ø 4
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3
	(for pipe 4x1, 25)
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25
17	Hose clamp ø 9

Metering pump mount

18	Hanger for the metering pump
19	Rubber mountfor the metering pump

Fuel connection kit in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig.	Fuel connection kit for boats includes:
	Two fire- resistant hoses,
	i/d = ø 3.5 mm, 50 mm long
	Two fire- resistant hoses,
	i/d = ø 5 mm, 50 mm long
	4 hose clamps, ø 12 mm
	4 hose clamps, ø 14 mm

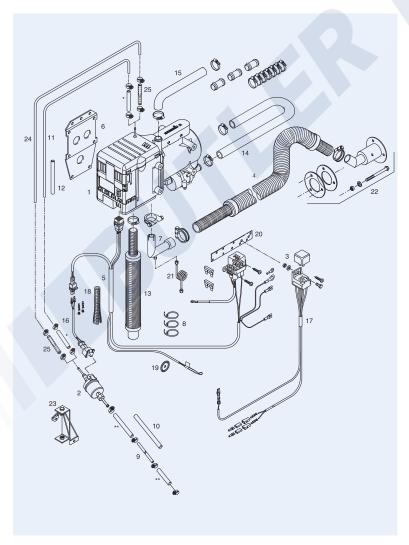
Hydronic M8 M10 M12

Technical data



		Hydronic M8*	Hydronic M10	Hydronic M12
Voltage	V	12/24	12/24	12/24
Heat output	W	1,500 - 8,000	1,500 - 9,500	1,200 - 12,000
Water throughput	l/h	1400 at 0.14 bar	1400 at 0.14 bar	1400 at 0.14 bar
Electrical power operation	W	35 - 55	35 - 86	34 - 132
Fuel consumption	l/h	0.18 - 0.90	0.18 - 1.20	0.15 - 1.50
Dimensions LxBxH	mm	331x138x174	331x138x174	331x138x174
Weight	kg	6.2 *100% bio diesel compatible	6.2	6.2

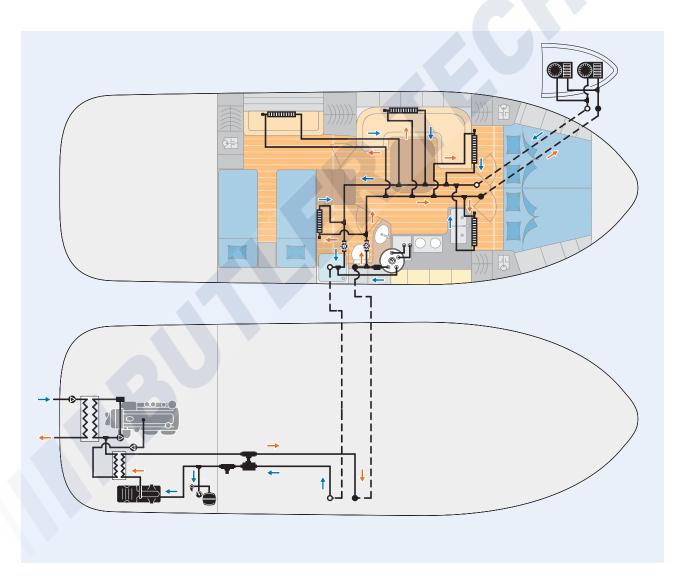
Parts required for installation



1	Heater
2	Metering pump
3	Relay 12V / 24V
4	Exhaust silencer
5	Wire harness, heater
6	Bracket, heater
7	Exhaust pipe elbow with drain, Ø 30
8	Cable tie (qty. 10)
9	Fuel line Ø 6x1, length: 1.5m
10	Hose Ø 5x3, length: 0.5m
11	Fuel line Ø 4x1, length: 6m
12	Hose Ø 3.5x3, length: 0.1m
13	Intake silencer for
	combustion air
14	Water hose
15	Water hose
16	Wire harness for metering pump
17	Wire harness for blower
18	Corrugated protective pipe,
	inside diam. 10mm, Length: 2m
19	Cable bushing
20	Bracket
21	Condensate drain
22	Boat hull opening Ø 30
23	Suspension, metering pump
24	Fuel pipe Ø 6x1, L= 6m (PME)
25	Transition piece Ø 3.5 / 5, 2 units
	- Small parts
	- Hose clamps Ø 10, 4 units

Product information

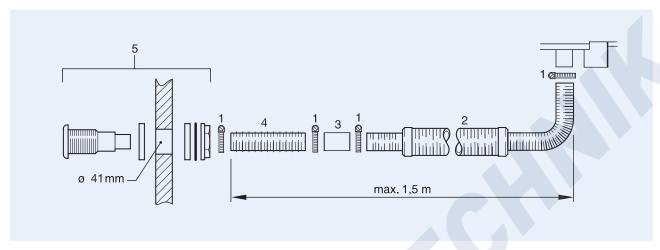
Hardan and dellares	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Hydronic M heater	1-2	
Metering pump		
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts for routing water	14-15	88
Exhaust gas and combustion air system parts	4/7/13/21/22	98
Fasteners	6/8/19/20/23	114
Parts carrying fuel	9-12/24-25	106
Electrical parts	3/5/16-18	



The ideal scenario for motor boats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the opening in the boat hull. A water pump feeds the cold water across the heater's heat exchanger. The heated water flows through a line system to heat each of the individual spaces by means of convectors, radiators and flat panel radiators. A connected boiler can provide water for showering and tap water in the galley.

Hydronic M8 M10 M12

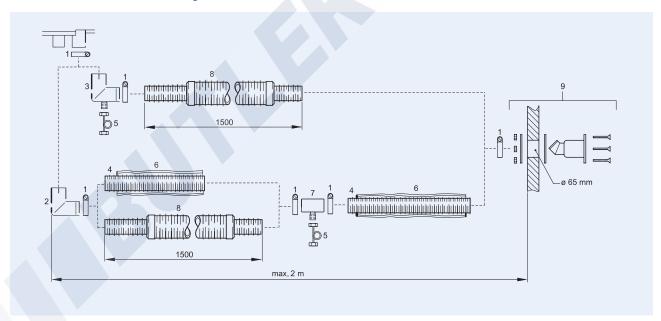
Parts for routing combustion air



- 1 Hose clamp
- 2 Silencer for combustion air
- 3 Hose connector pipe ø 25 mm

- No. Name
- 4 Flexible tube ø 25 mm
- Boat hull opening for combustion air

Parts for the exhaust system



No.	Name	
1	Pipe clamp	
2	Exhaust pipe elbow with drain, ø 30 mm	
3	Exhaust pipe elbow ø 30 mm with drainage	
4	Flexible spiral pipe ø 30 mm	
5	Condensate drain	

No.	Name
G	Exhaust insulation
6	Exhaust insulation
7	Connector ø 30 mm with drain
8	Exhaust silencer - flexible
9	Boat hull opening

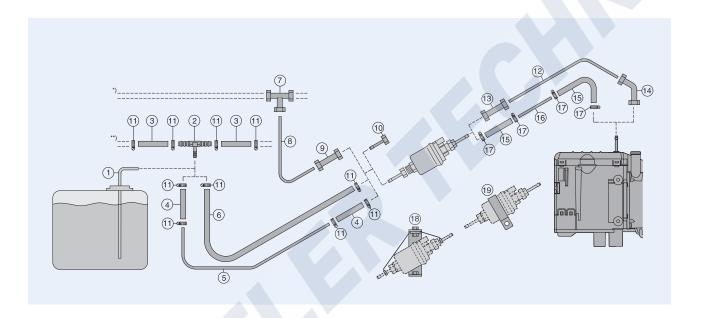
Product information

Fuel supply

In most cases, a separate tank connection is recommended for the fuel pick-up, and this connection should be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be picked up through a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the engine.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Accessory Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fireresistant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



NIA

No.	Name
1	Tank connection i/d = Ø 2 mm
2	T junction
	6 - 6 - 6
	8 - 6 - 8
	10 – 6 – 10
	12 - 6 - 12
3	Connecting hose
	ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
	ø 7.5x2.5 (for pipe 8x2)
4	Connection
	Reducer ø 5/3.5
	(for T-fitting and pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1)
	Hose ø 5x3 (for pipe 6x2)
5	Plastic pipe
	4x1
	6x2
6	Fuel hose 5x3
7	Threaded connection T ø 6
8	Metal pipe Cu 6x1
9	Threaded connection ø 6
10	Hose fitting ø 4
	(for metering pump for 4x1 pipe)

NO.	Name
11	Hose clamp ø 11
12	Metal pipe 4x1
12	Metal pipe 4x1
13	Threaded connection ø 4
14	Threaded angle connection ø 4
15	Connecting hose ø 3.5x3 (for pipe 4x1. 25)
16	Plastic pipe 4x1.25
17	Hose clamp ø 9

Metering pump mount

18	Hanger for the metering pump
19	Rubber mount for the metering pump

Fuel connection kit in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840

or Fig. Fuel connection kit for	boats includes:
Two fire- resistant hose	es,
$i/d = \emptyset \ 3.5 \ mm, 50 \ mm$	long
Two fire- resistant hose	es.
$i/d = \emptyset 5 \text{ mm}, 50 \text{ mm lg}$,
4 hose clamps, ø 12 m	J
4 hose clamps, ø 14 m	

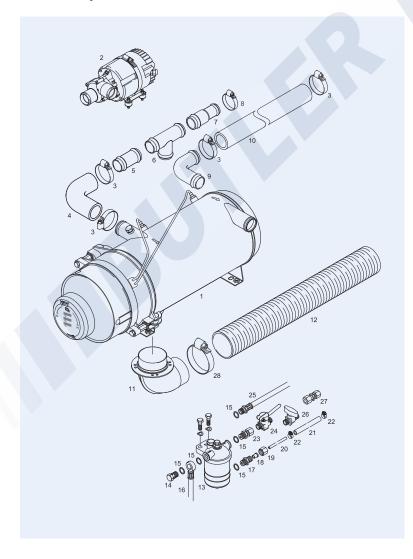
Hydronic 16 24 30 35

Technical data



		Hydronic 16	Hydronic 24	Hydronic 30	Hydronic 35
Voltage	٧	24	24	24	24
Heat output	W	16.000	24.000	30.000	35.000
Water throughput	l/h	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
Electrical power operation	W	60	80	105	120
Fuel consumption	l/h	2	2.9	3.65	4.2
Dimensions LxBxH	mm	600x230x222	600x230x222	600x230x222	600x230x222
Weight	kg	18	18	18	18

Parts required for installation

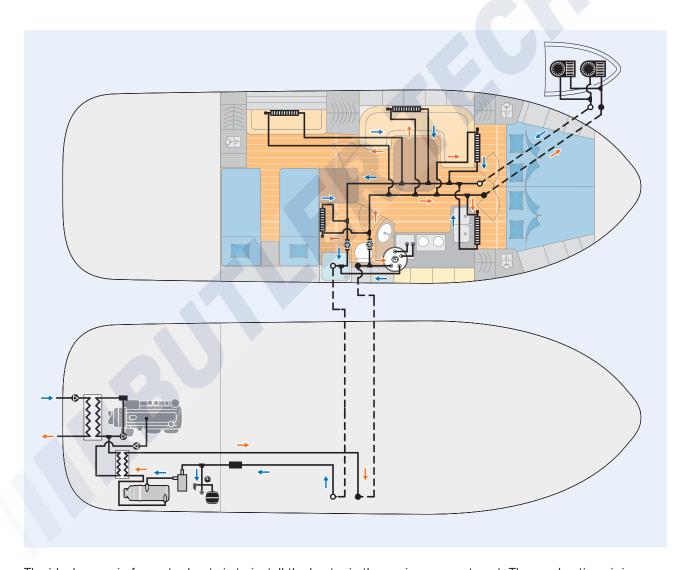


1	Heater
2	Water pump Flowtronic 6000SC
3	Hose clamp Ø 40-47mm
4	Hose elbow Ø 38mm
5	Connecting pipe Ø 38mm
6	T- pipe fitting Ø 38-38-38
7	Reducer Ø 38/28 mm
8	Hose clamp Ø 32-39 mm
9	Pipe elbowØ 38 mm
10	Water hose Ø 38 mm
11	Exhaust pipe elbowØ 70 mm
12	*Flexible or rigid exhaust pipe Ø 70 mm
13	Fuel filter
14	Hollow bolt M14x1.5
15	Sealing ring
16	Fuel suction line with banjo
	union A14x18
17	Threaded connection M14x1.5
18	Bushing
19	Gland nut M14x1.5
20	*Fuel pipe Ø 6x1 (Cu)
21	Fuel hose Ø 5x3
22	Hose clamp Ø11
23	Threaded connection M14x1.5
24	Ball cock M14x1.5
25	Fuel return pipe
26	Quick close valve
27	Threaded reducer Ø 8 / Ø 6
28	*Hose clamp

*Items 12, 20 and 28 must be purchased at a specialty shop

Product information

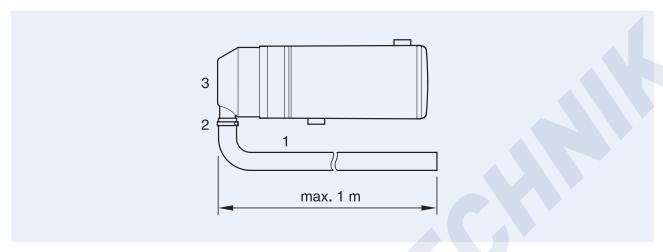
	Item parts list	Order numbers starting on page
Heater scope of delivery Hydronic heater 16 – 35	1-2	
.,,		
The following must also be ordered:		
Parts for routing water	3-10	88
Exhaust gas and combustion air system parts	11-12	98
Fasteners	22	114
Parts carrying fuel	13-28	106



The ideal scenario for motor boats is to install the heater in the engine compartment. The combustion air is drawn in from the engine compartment and the exhaust gases are fed to the outside through the opening in the boat hull. A water pump feeds the cold water across the heater's heat exchanger. The heated water flows through a line system to heat each of the individual spaces by means of convectors, radiators and flat panel radiators. A connected boiler can provide water for showering and tap water in the galley. The engine can also be integrated through a water/water heat exchanger. That gives you the option of heating the boat by using heat from the engine during your boat trip, and of loading the boiler.

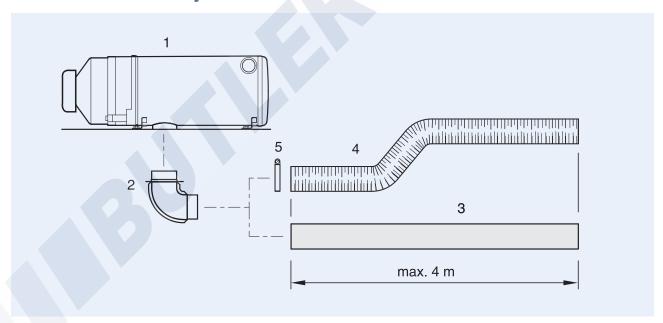
Hydronic 16 24 30 35

Parts for routing combustion air



- No. Name
- 1 Flexible hose for combustion air Ø 60 mm
- 2 Hose clamp Ø 50 70 mm
- 3 Hood for combustion air

Parts for the exhaust system



No. Name

1 Heater

2 Exhaust pipe elbow

3 Exhaust pipe

4 Flexible exhaust pipe

5 Pipe clamp

Please note!

Items 3 – 5 must be purchased in a specialty shop.

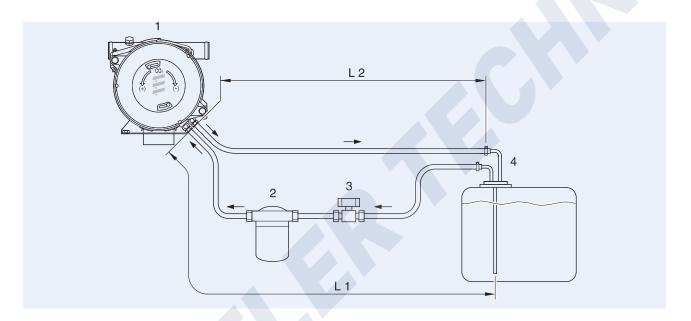
Product information

Fuel feed line

In most cases, it is recommended that the fuel pick-up uses a separate tank connection and that this connection should be installed in the fuel tank (for metal tanks only). If installing a separate tank connection in the fuel tank is not an option, then fuel must be picked upthrough a T-fitting that is connected to the fuel supply line that runs from the fuel tank to the motor.

Please note!

- Be sure to follow all specifications, especially the safety instructions listed in the Technical Description in this chapter. The Technical Description is included with every heater unit.
- Refer to the Accessory Parts Catalogue or to the appropriate replacement parts lists if you need more parts for the fuel supply.
- Fuel hoses in engine compartments must be fire-resistant in accordance with DIN EN ISO 7840.



No. Name

- 1 Heater
- 2 Fuel filter
 - 3 Quick close valve
- 4 Fuel tank pick-up

2

5

6

7

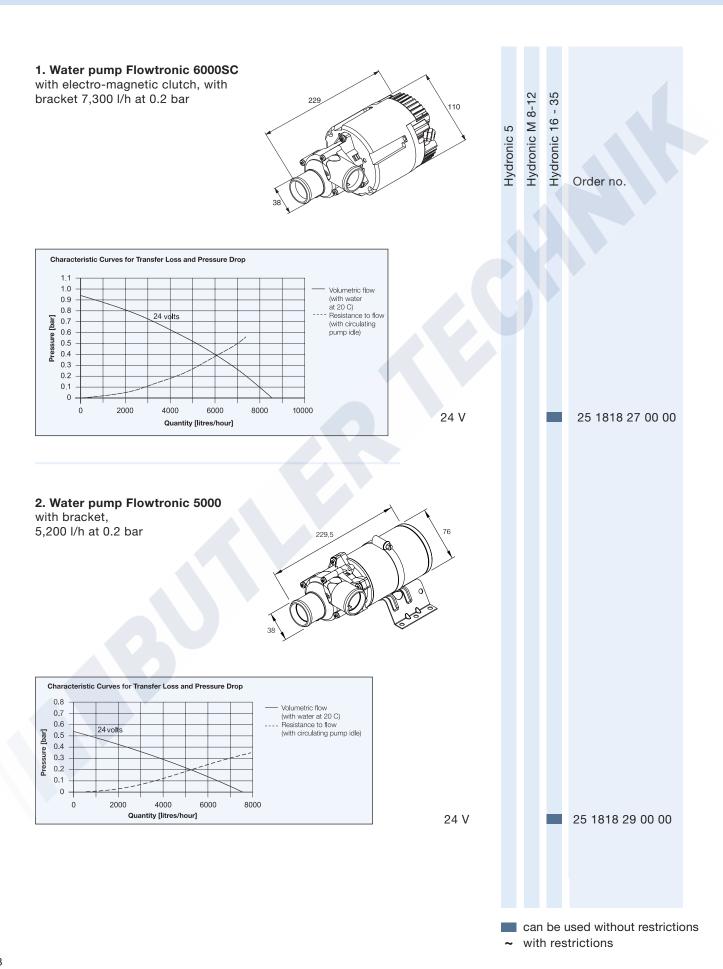
8

10

11

10

14

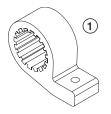


3. Water pump Flowtronic 5000S with electromagnetic clutch, with bracket Hydronic M 8-12 Hydronic 16 - 35 5,200 l/h at 0.2 bar Hydronic 5 Order no. Characteristic Curves for Transfer Loss and Pressure Drop 1.1 1.0 0.9 Volumetric flow (with water at 20 C) Resistance to flow Bressure [bar] 0.9 0.0 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 (with circulating pump idle) 24 volts 2000 10000 8000 Quantity [litres/hour] 24 V 25 1818 30 00 00 4. Water pump Flowtronic 1200 1,100 l/h at 0.2 bar 120 0.40 0.36 0.32 0.28 0.20 0.24 0.16 0.12 0.04 0.00 25 2434 25 01 00 12 V 2000 2400 800 1200 1600 400 25 2435 25 01 00 24 V Quantity [litres/hour] can be used without restrictions

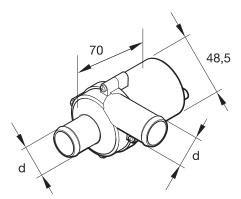
~ with restrictions

5. Water pump Flowtronic 800S

800 l/h at 0.1 bar

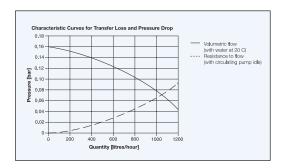


1 Bracket page 115



Hydronic 5 Hydronic M 8-12 Hydronic 16 - 35

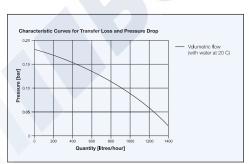
Order no.

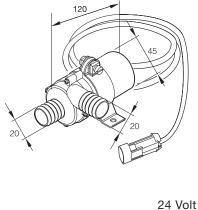


Ø 18mm, 12 Volt Ø 18mm, 24 Volt Ø 20mm, 12 Volt 25 2217 25 00 00 25 2218 25 00 00 330 00 012

6. Water pump Flowtronic 900

With bracket, wire harness 500 mm long 900 l/h at 0.1 bar

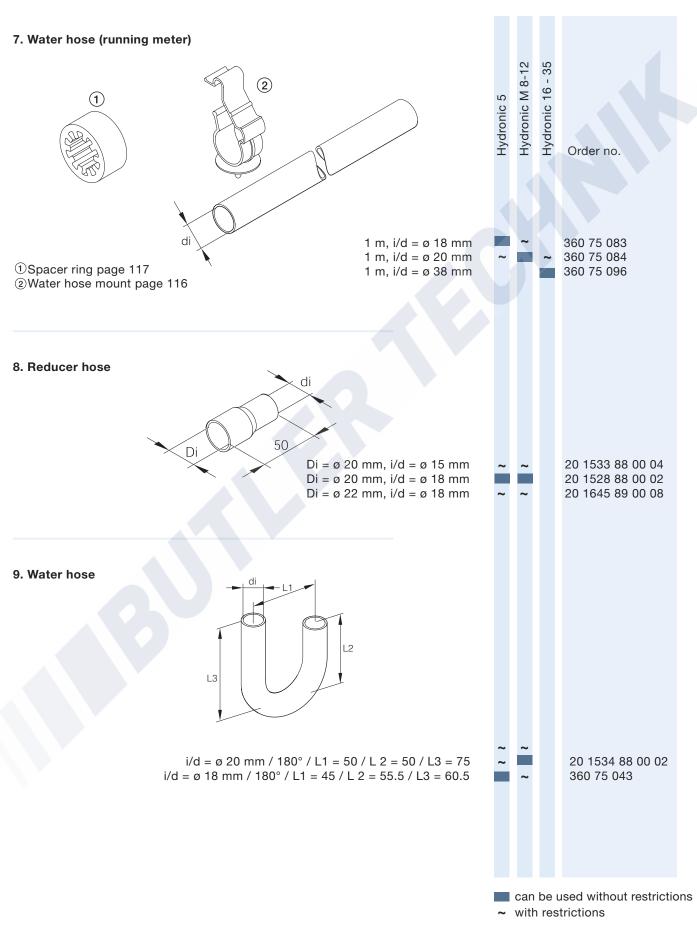


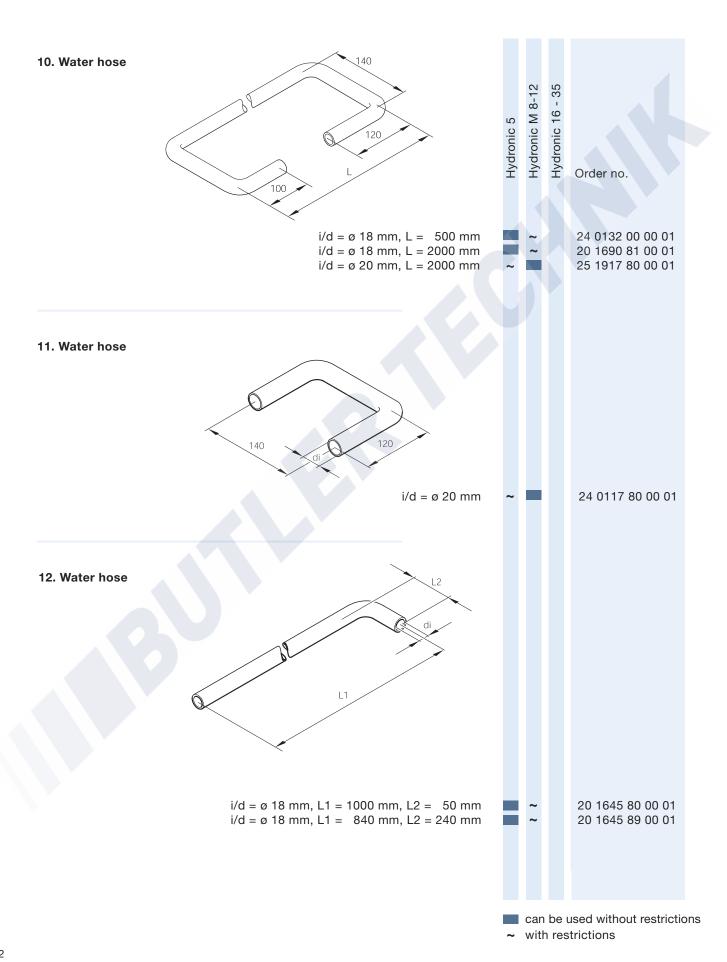


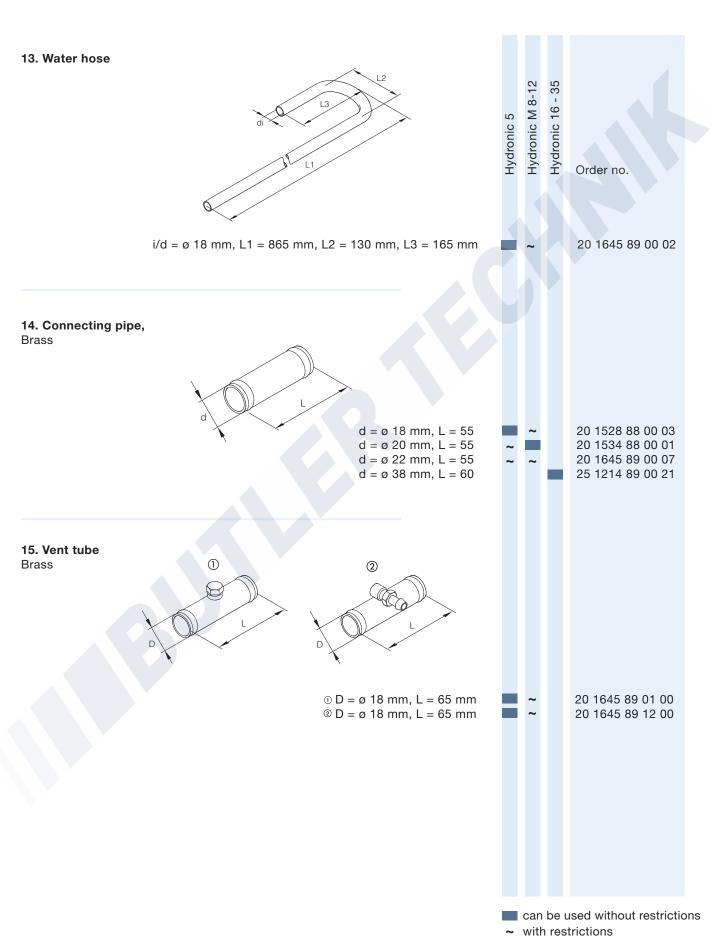
25 2009 25 00 00

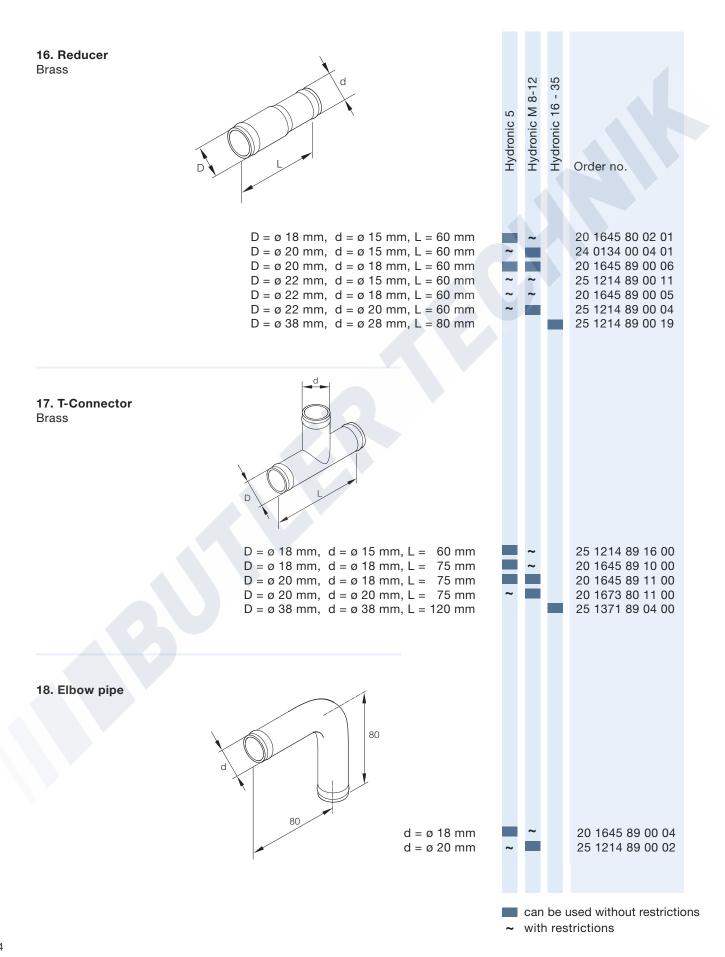
can be used without restrictions

~ with restrictions

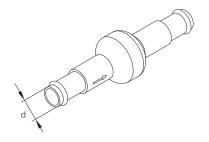








19. Non-return valve Metal



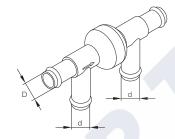
Hydronic 5 Hydronic M 8-12 Hydronic 16 - 35

Order no.

254 00 071 254 00 072

d = ø 18 mm d = ø 20 mm

20. Non-return valve Sealed version, metal



~ Check the connector diameter

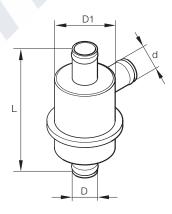
D = Ø 18 mm, d = Ø 18 mm D = Ø 20 mm, d = Ø 18 mm

D = Ø 20 mm, d = Ø 20 mm

254 00 070 254 00 073 254 00 074

21. Thermostat

Brass



D = \emptyset 18 mm, d = \emptyset 18 mm, D1 = \emptyset 48 mm, L = 109 Switching temperature 70–75 °C

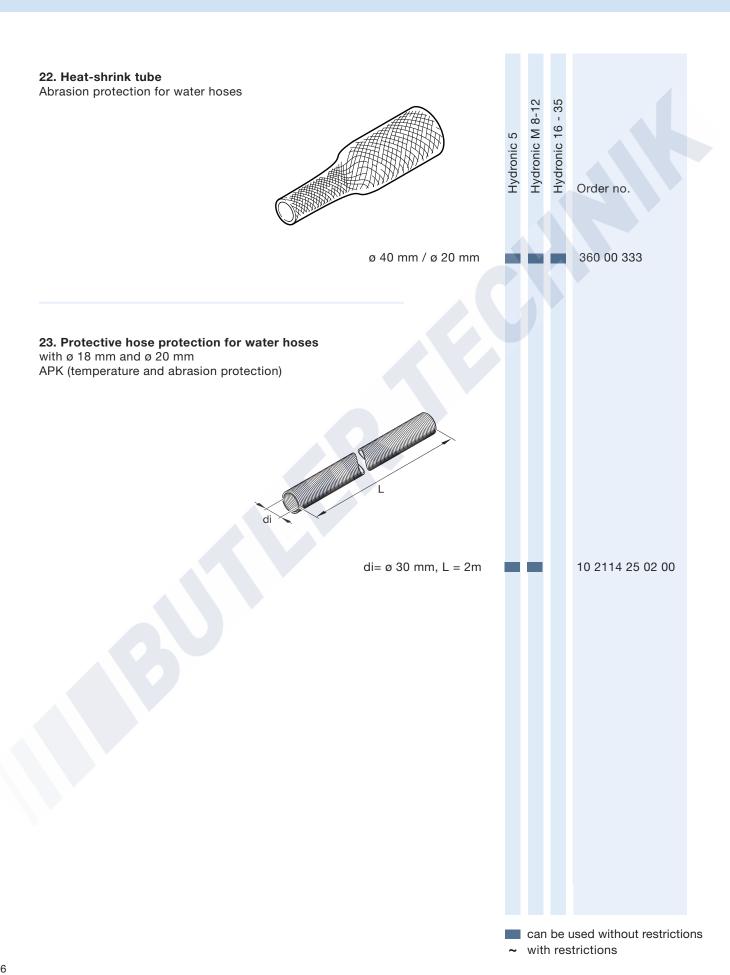
D = \emptyset 20 mm, d = \emptyset 20 mm, D1 = \emptyset 48 mm, L = 112 Switching temperature 70–75 °C

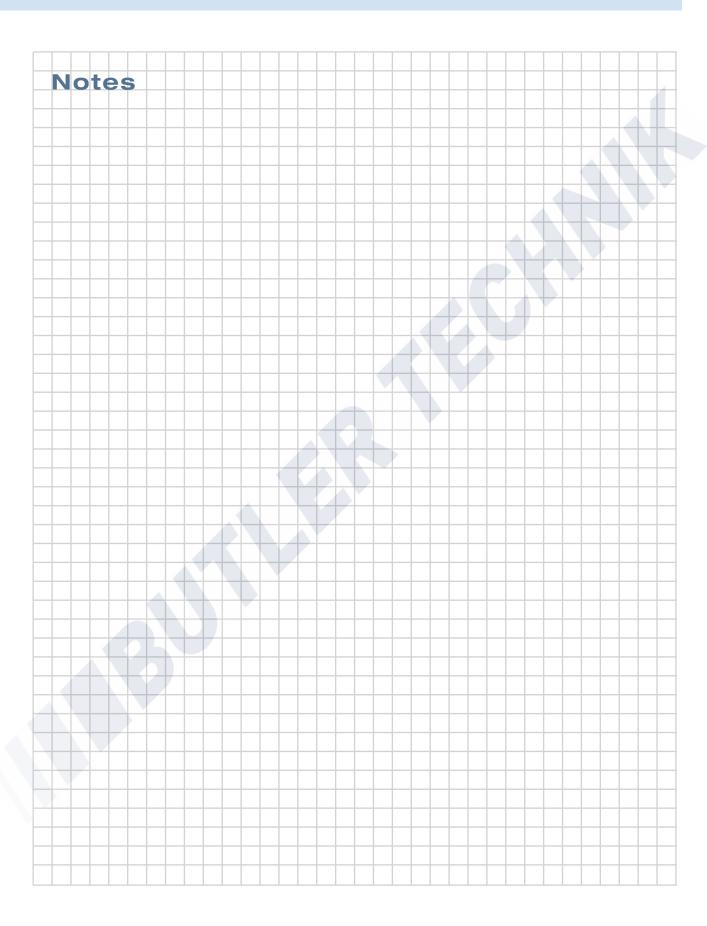
330 00 123 330 00 124

can be used without restrictions

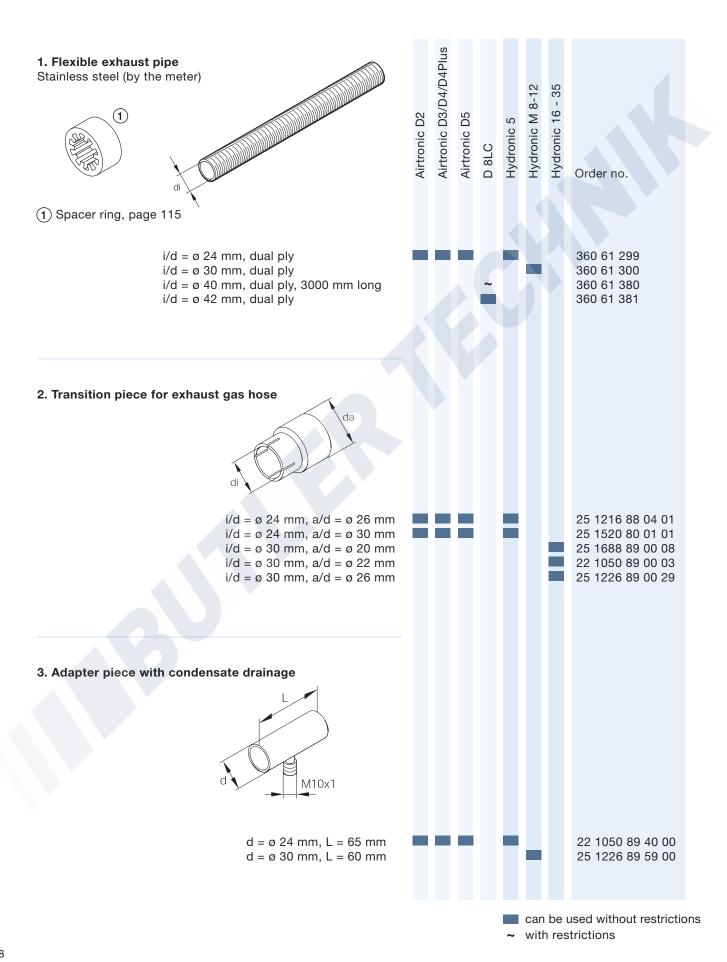
~ with restrictions

95



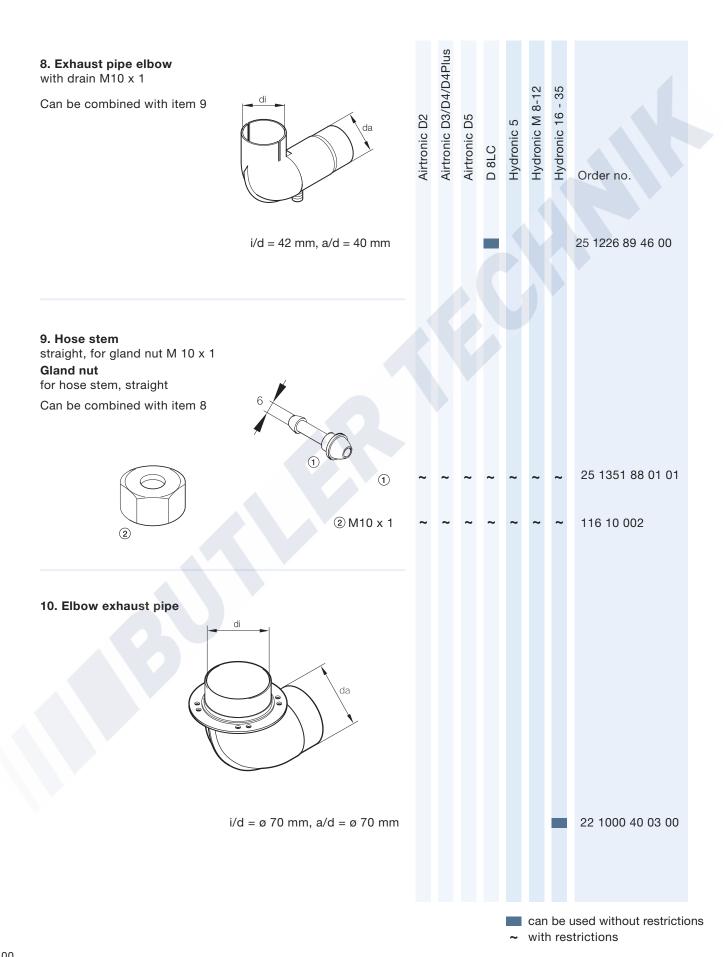


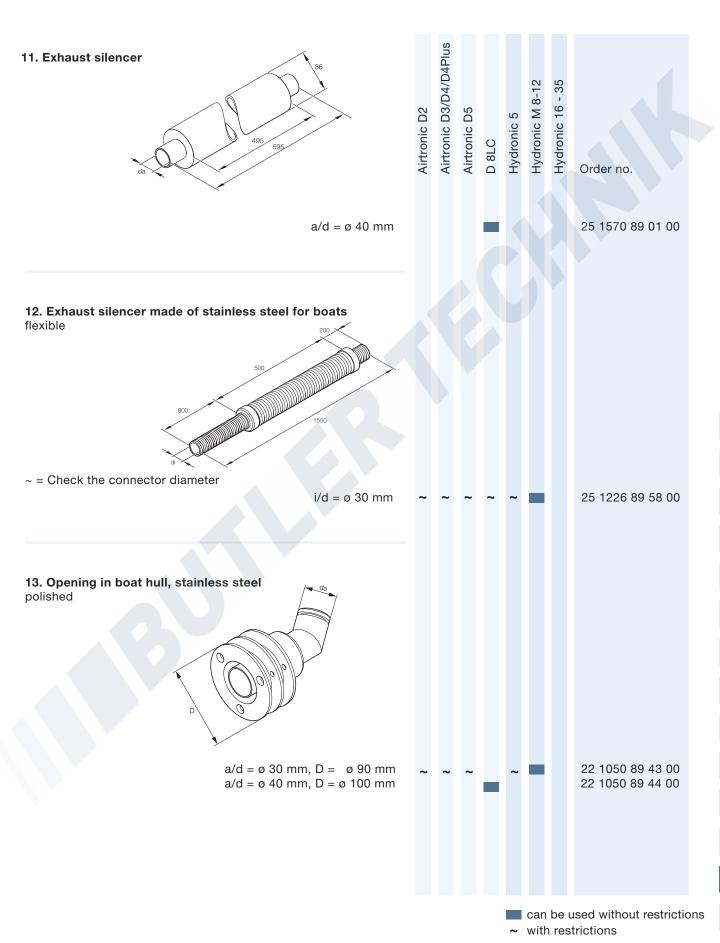
_7

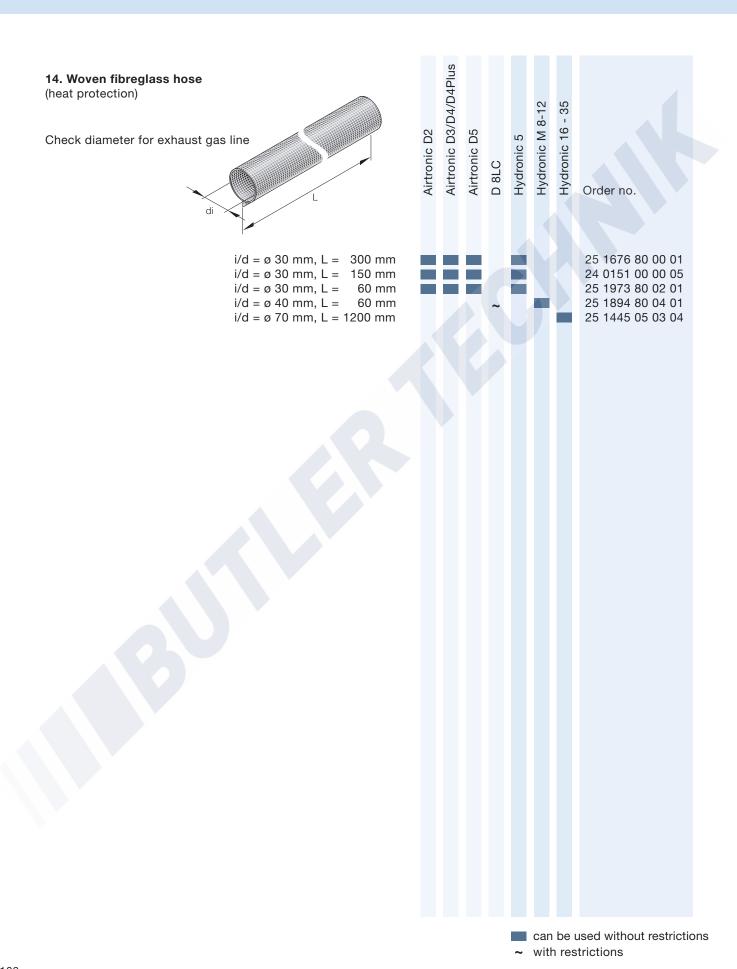


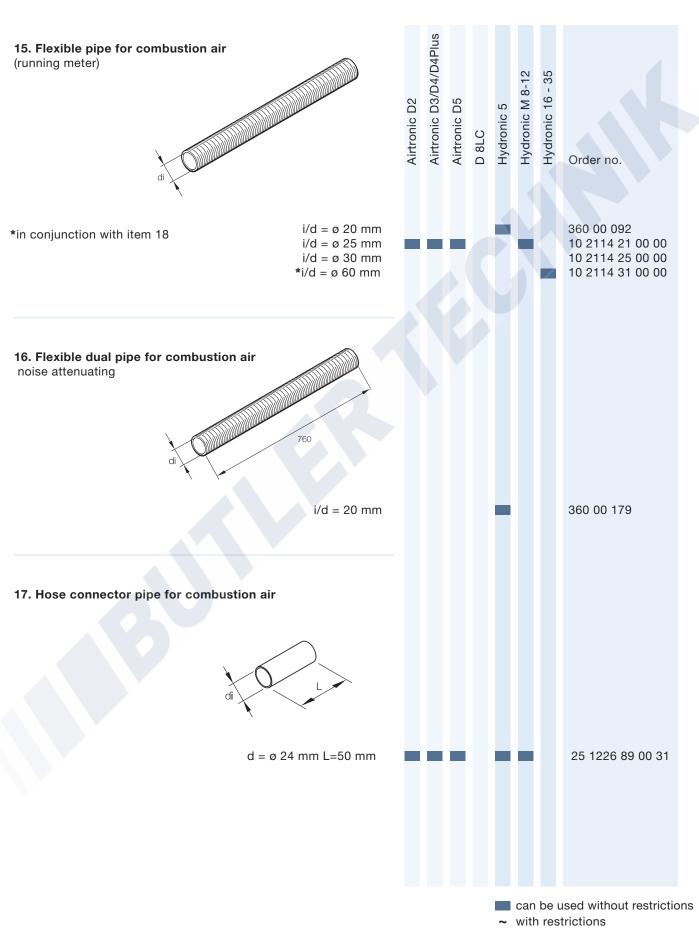
Airtronic D3/D4/D4Plus 4. Exhaust pipe elbow Hydronic 16 - 35 Hydronic 8-12 Airtronic D2 Airtronic D5 Hydronic 5 D 8LC Order no. $i/d = \emptyset 24 \text{ mm}, a/d = \emptyset 30 \text{ mm}, h = 50 \text{ mm} / 80 \text{ mm}$ 25 1226 89 55 00 5. Exhaust pipe elbow with drain M10 x 1 $i/d = \emptyset 24 \text{ mm}, a/d = \emptyset 24 \text{ mm}, h = 50 \text{ mm}, L = 110 \text{ mm}$ 25 1226 89 45 00 $i/d = \emptyset 24 \text{ mm}, a/d = \emptyset 30 \text{ mm}, h = 50 \text{ mm}, L = 80 \text{ mm}$ 22 1050 89 39 00 M10 x 1 6. Condensate drain Can be combined with items 3, 5, 8 120 mm 25 8547 16 02 00 7. Exhaust pipe elbow 24 0076 07 01 00 with condensate hole i/d = \emptyset 24 mm, a/d = \emptyset 24 mm without condensate hole i/d = ø 24 mm, a/d = ø 24 mm 24 0172 01 01 00 can be used without restrictions

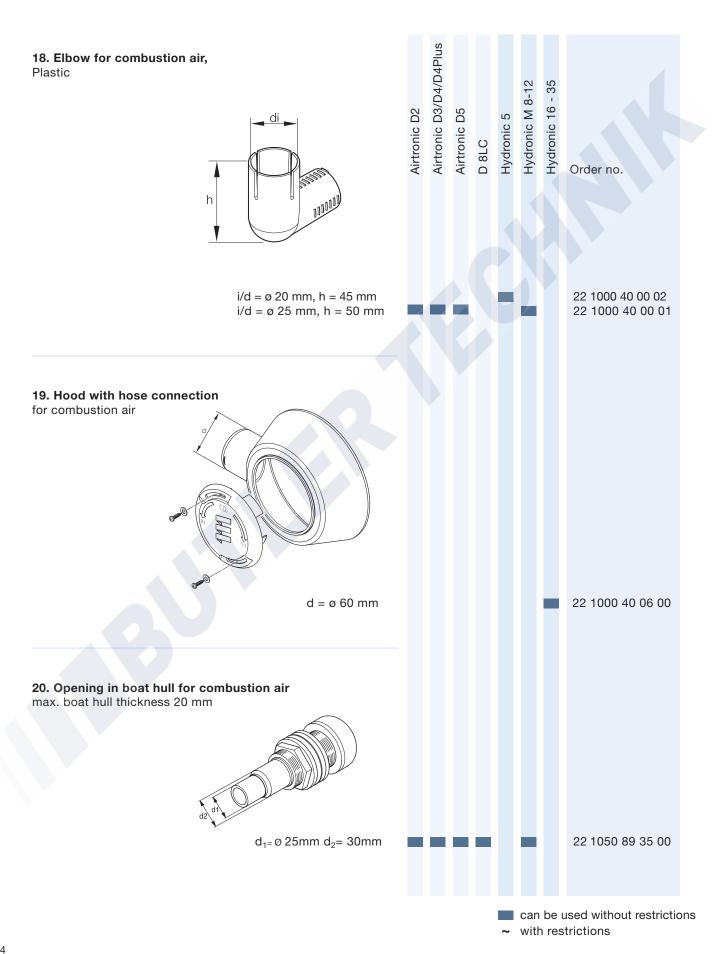
~ with restrictions



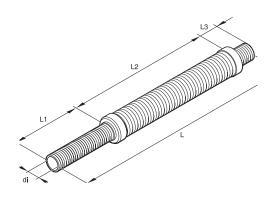








21. Silencer for combustion air, flexible



 $i/d = \emptyset$ 20 mm, L1 = 100, L2 = 160, L3 = 100 mm, L = 360 mm $i/d = \emptyset\ 25\ mm,\ L1 = \ 90,\ L2 = 310,\ L3 = \ 15\ mm,\ L = 415\ mm\\ i/d = \emptyset\ 25\ mm,\ L1 = 135,\ L2 = 405,\ L3 = \ 25\ mm,\ L = 565\ mm$

Airtronic D3/D4/D4Plus Hydronic M 8-12 Hydronic 16 - 35 Airtronic D2 Airtronic D5 Hydronic 5 D 8LC

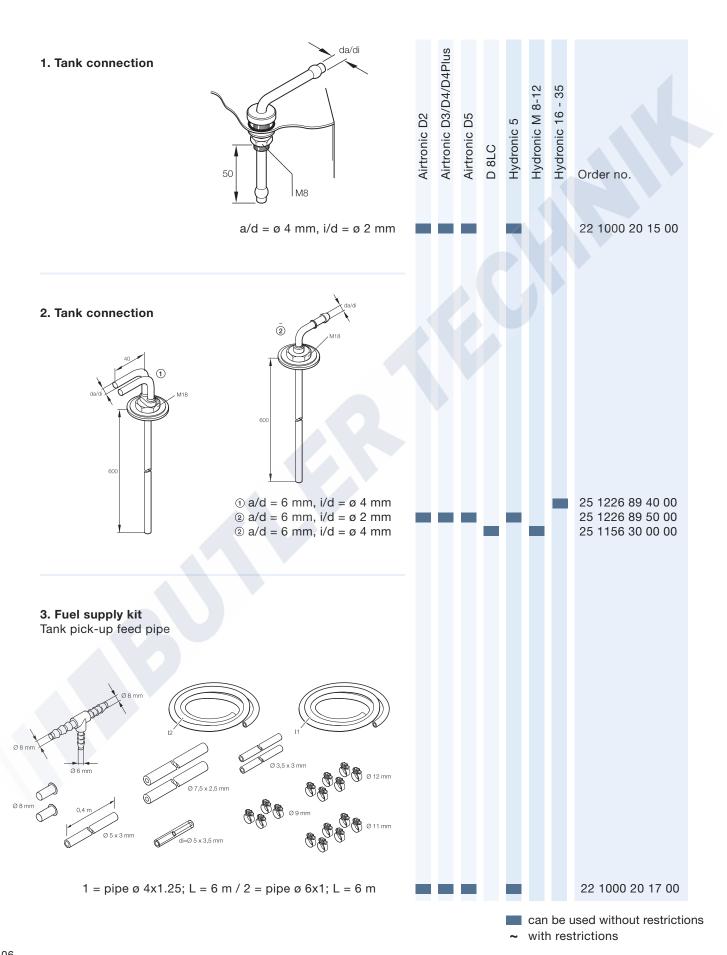
Order no.

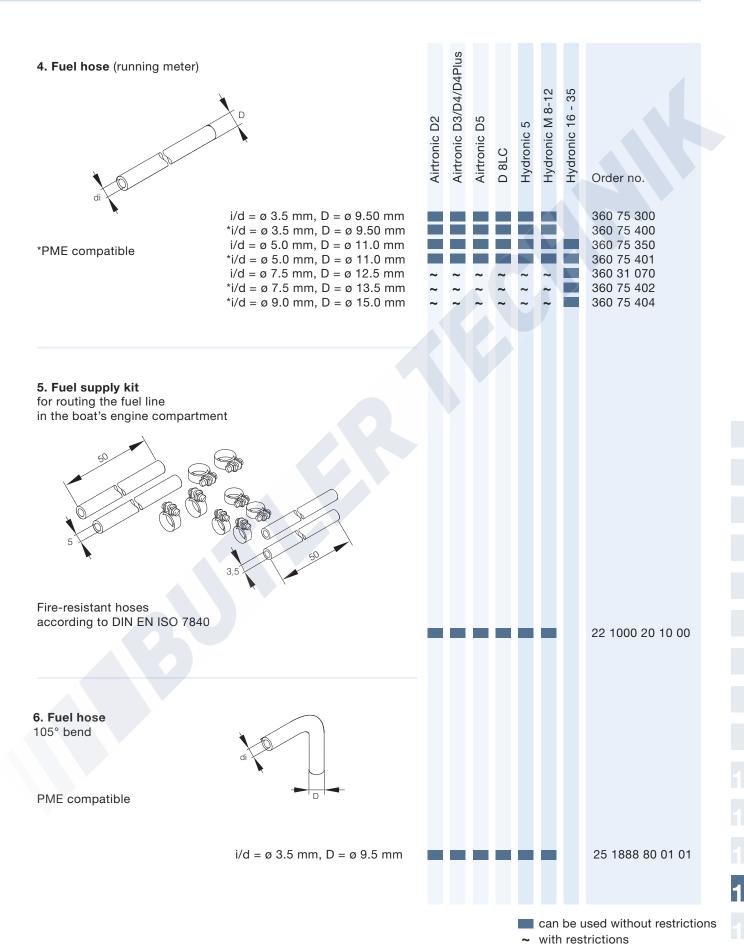
25 1688 89 03 00 20 1451 01 01 00 20 1689 80 05 00

can be used without restrictions

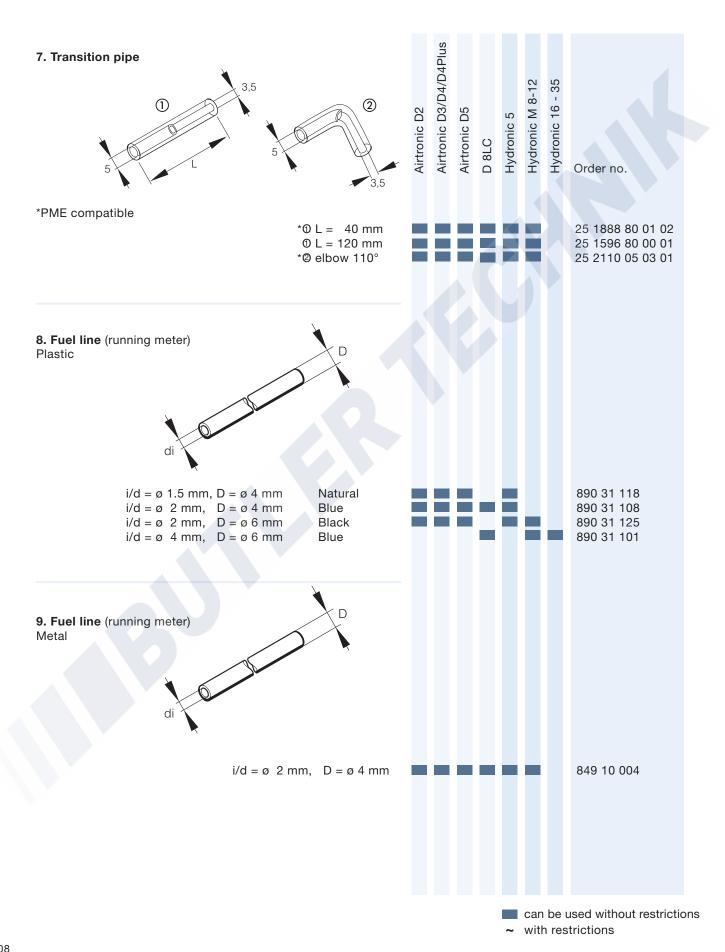
~ with restrictions

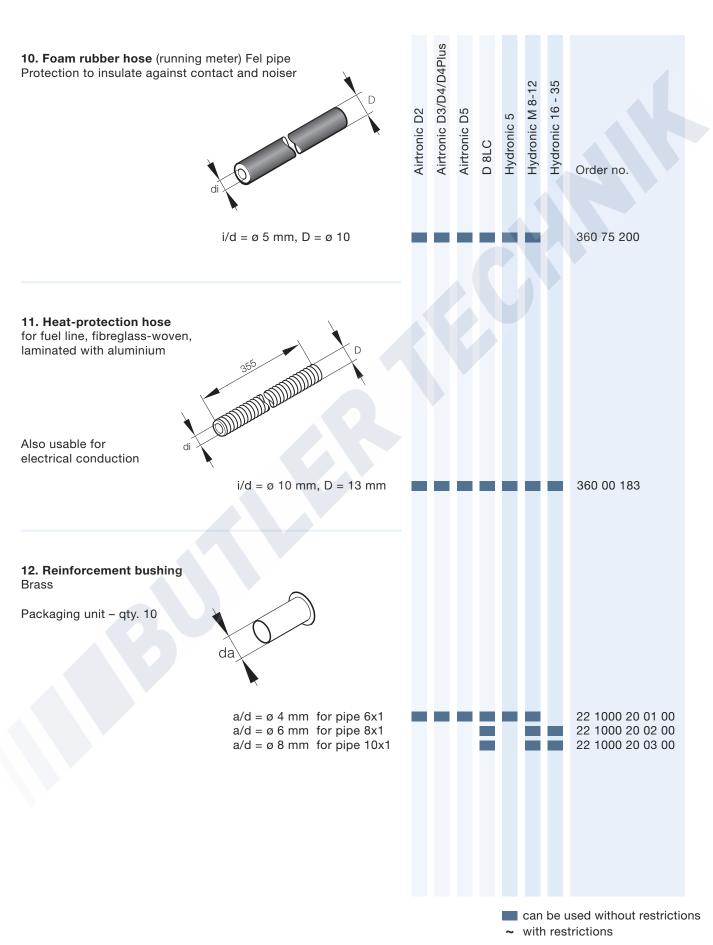
Parts carrying fuel



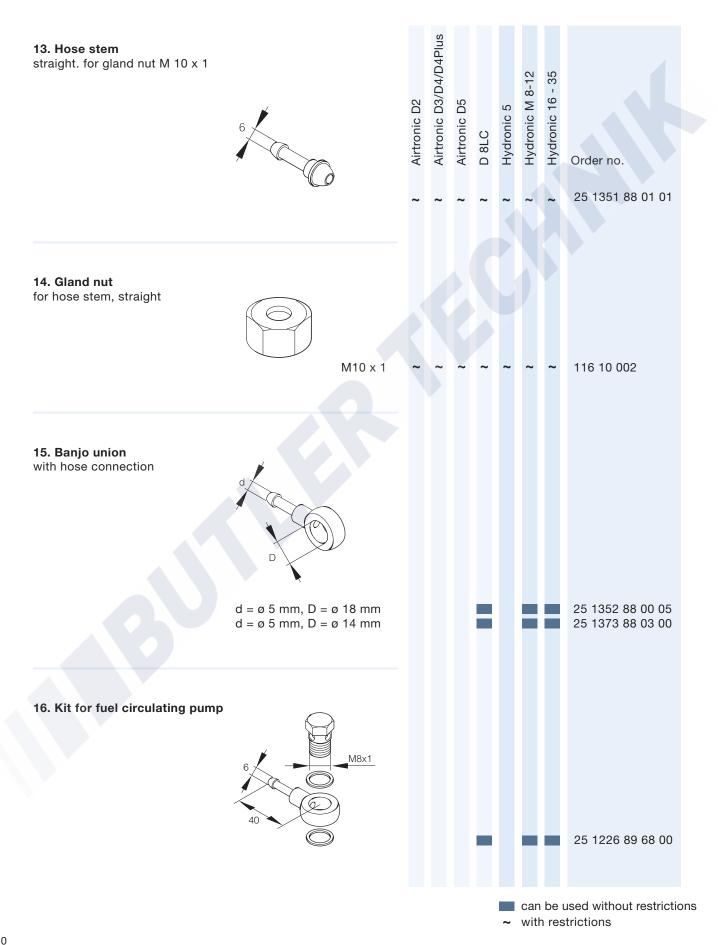


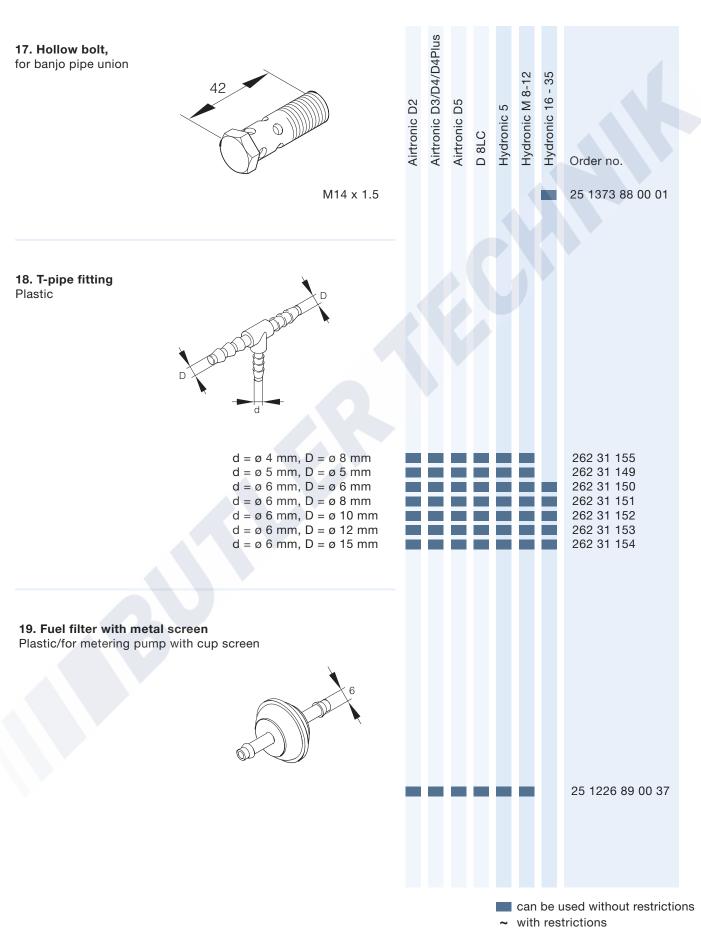
Parts carrying fuel



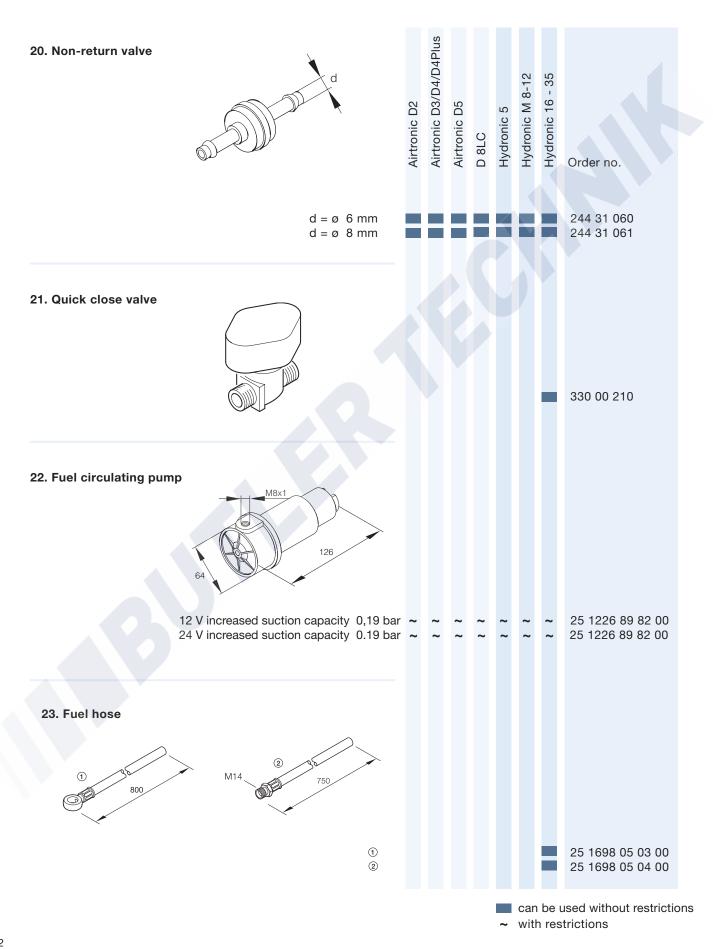


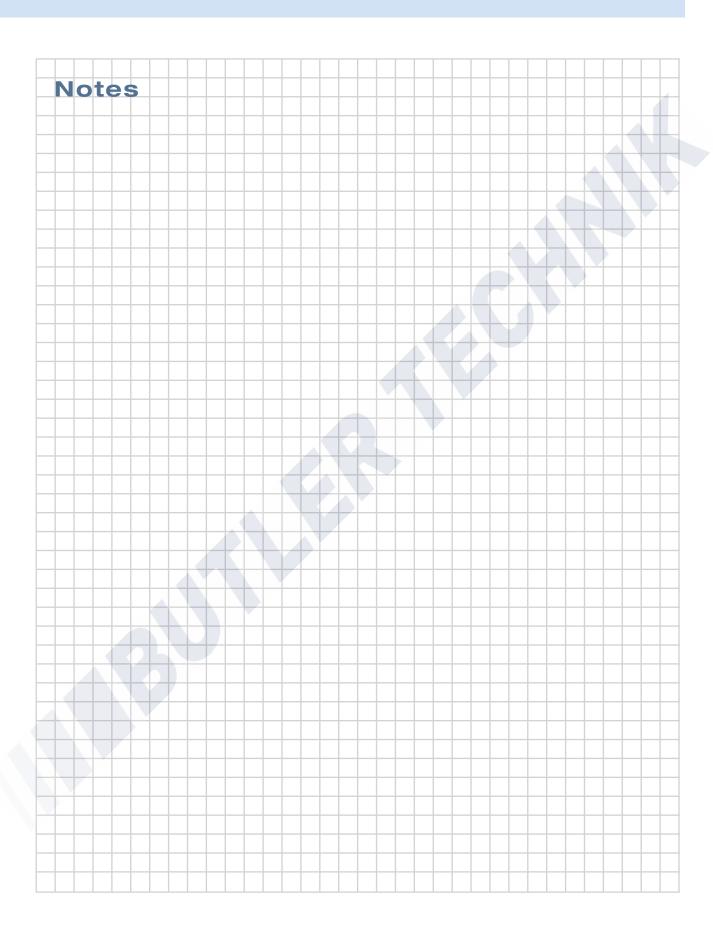
Parts carrying fuel

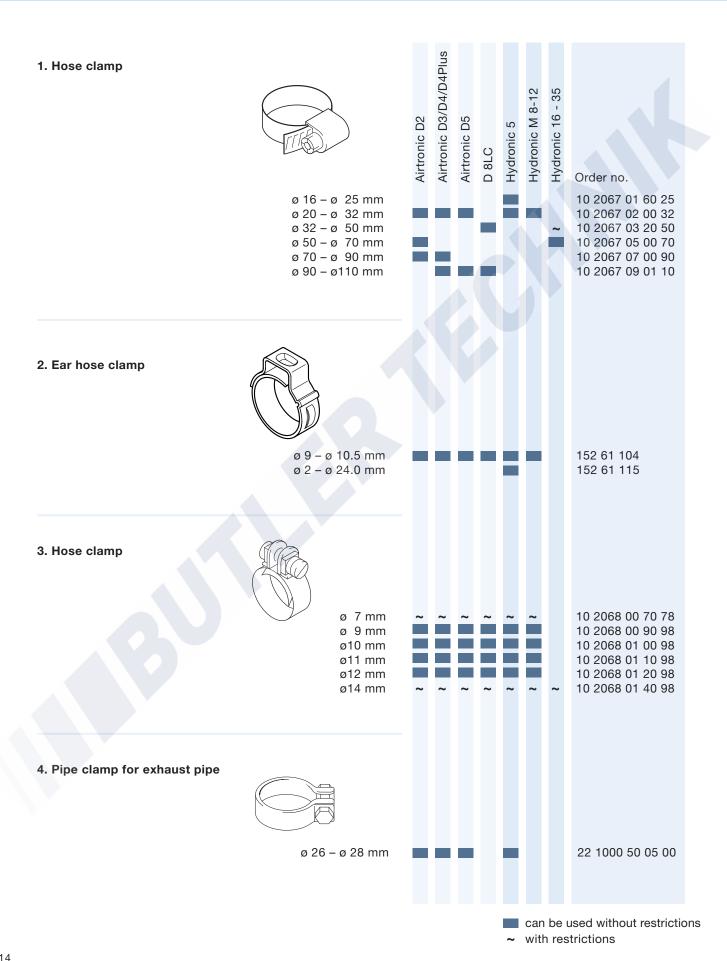


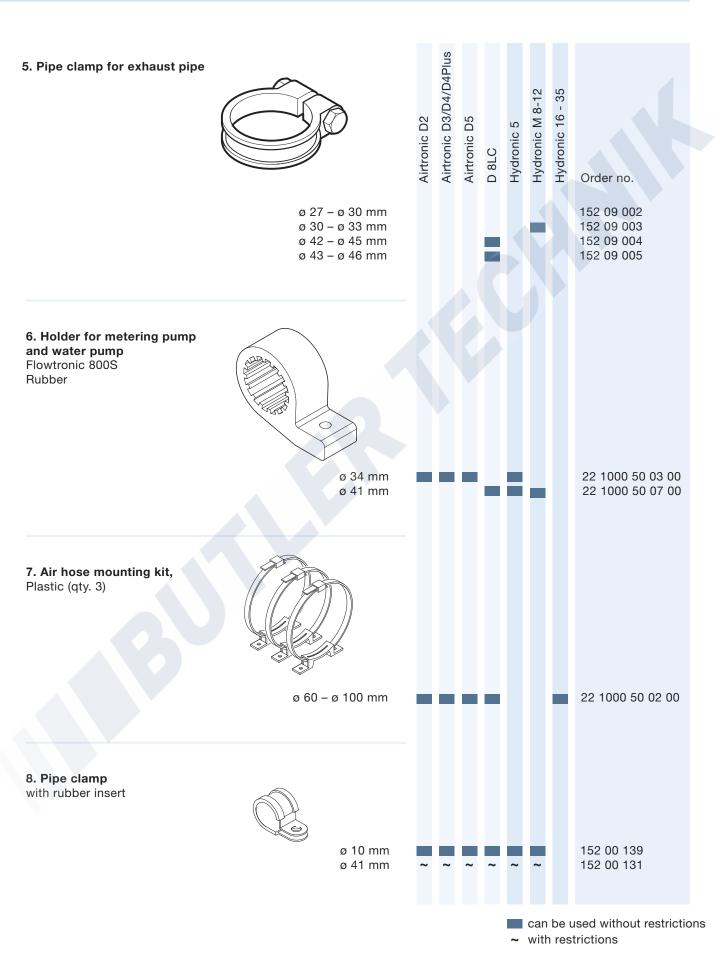


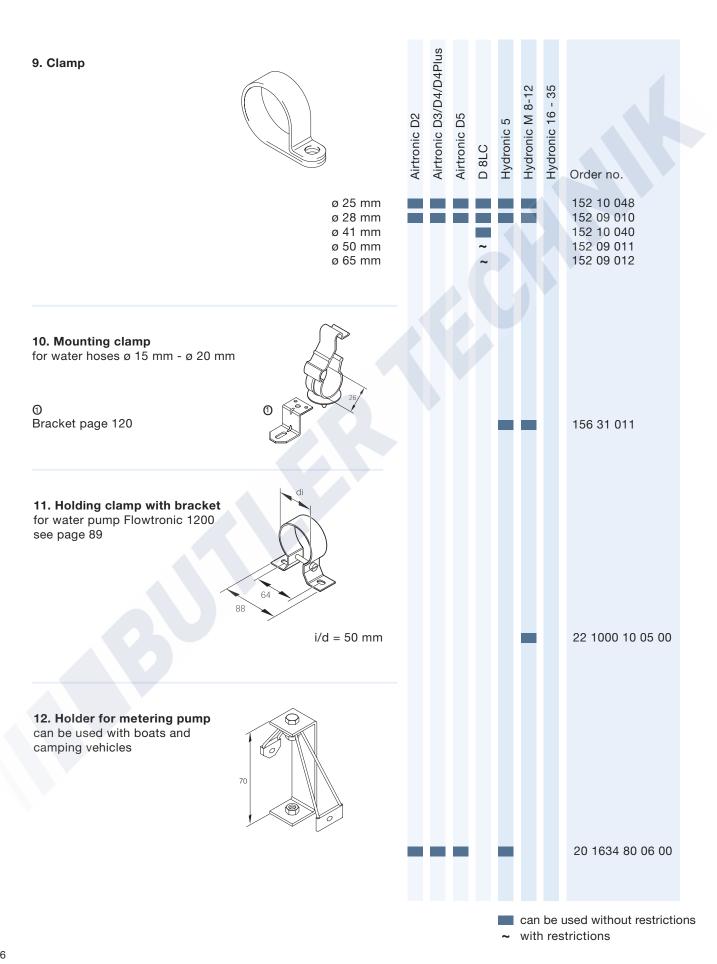
Parts carrying fuel

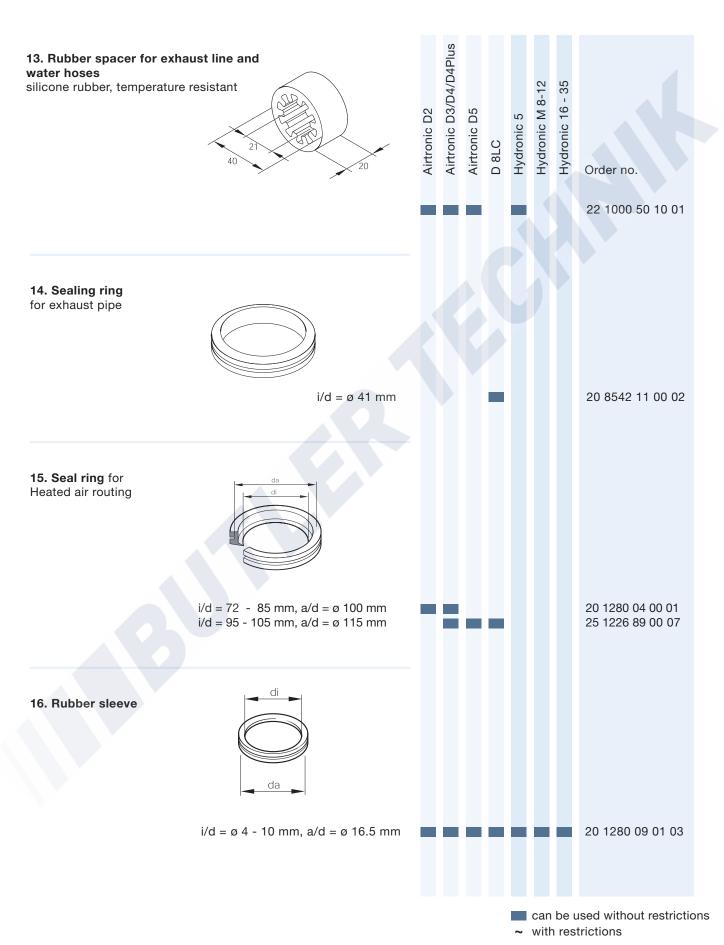




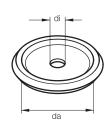








17. Rubber sleeve



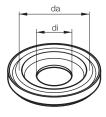
 $i/d = \emptyset$ 8 mm, $a/d = \emptyset$ 38 mm



Order no.

20 1575 89 00 01

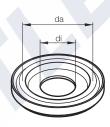
18. Sleeve for combustion air



 $i/d = 25 - 30 \text{ mm}, a/d = \emptyset 41 \text{ mm}$

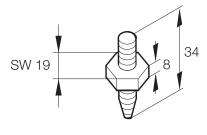
20 1282 20 00 01

19. Sleeve for exhaust pipe



i/d = 23 - 30 mm, $a/d = \emptyset$ 41 mm i/d = 38 - 45 mm, $a/d = \emptyset$ 60 mm 20 1549 65 00 02 20 1282 20 00 02

20. Metal rubber spacer



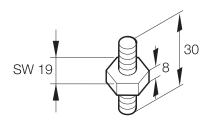
Threaded M6 / ST 6.3 C x 15

can be used without restrictions

20 1673 80 01 01

with restrictions

21. Metal rubber spacer



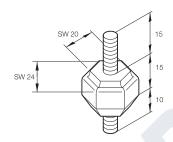
Airtronic D2
Airtronic D3/D4/D4Plus
Airtronic D5
D 8LC
Hydronic 5
Hydronic 16 - 35

Order no.

Threaded 2 x M6 x 11 mm

20 1185 00 00 01

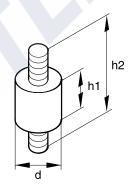
22. Metal rubber bumper additionally reinforced with metal



Thread M6 x 10 mm / M6 x 15 mm

22 1000 50 00 08

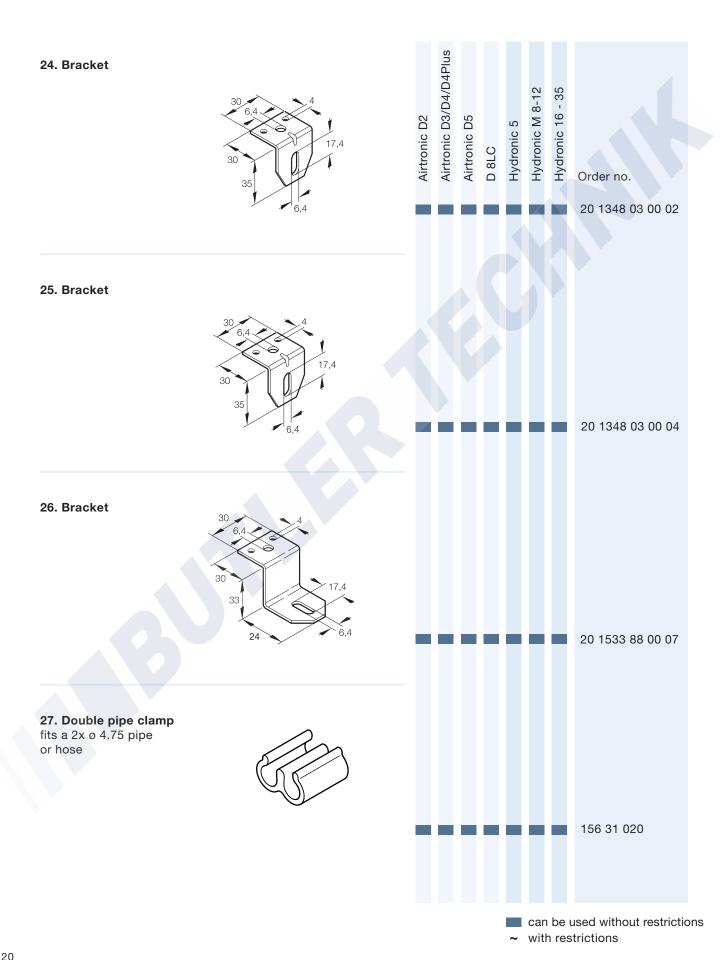
23. Metal rubber bumper

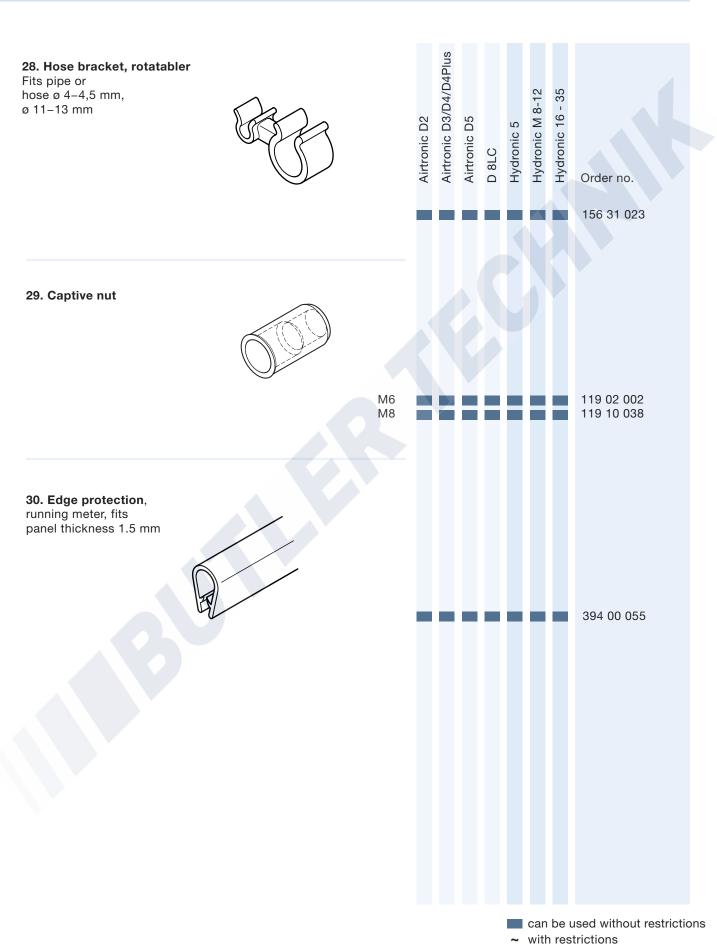


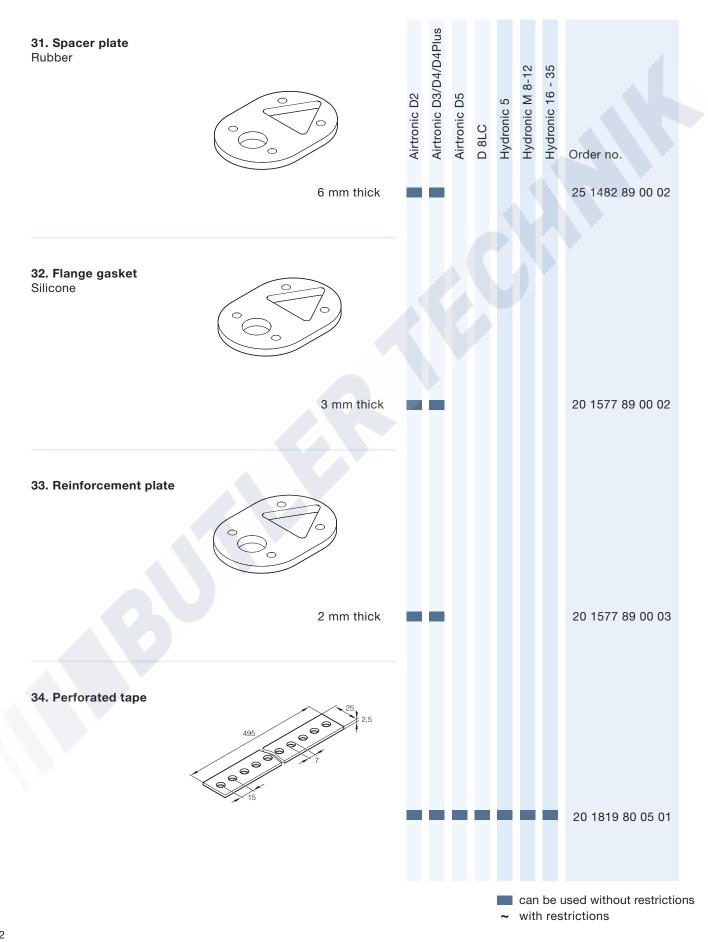
Thread 2 x M6 x 10, d = \emptyset 20 mm, h1 = 15 mm, h2 = 35 mm Thread 2 x M6 x 10, d = \emptyset 20 mm, h1 = 25 mm, h2 = 45 mm Thread 2 x M8 x 13, d = \emptyset 30 mm, h1 = 15 mm, h2 = 41 mm 20 1607 65 00 02 20 1609 05 00 04 330 09 002

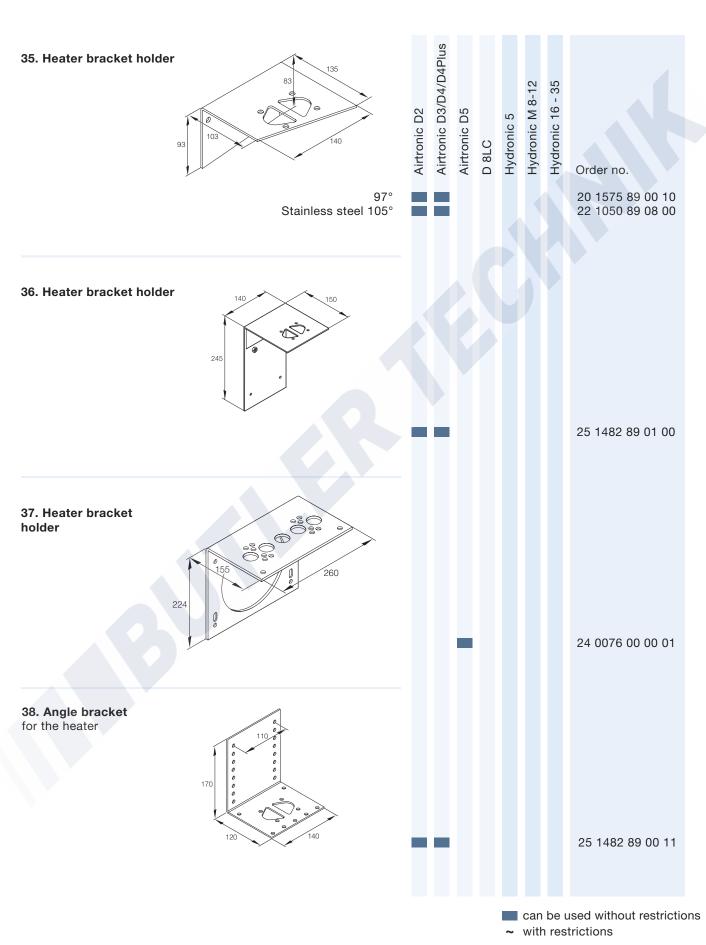
can be used without restrictions

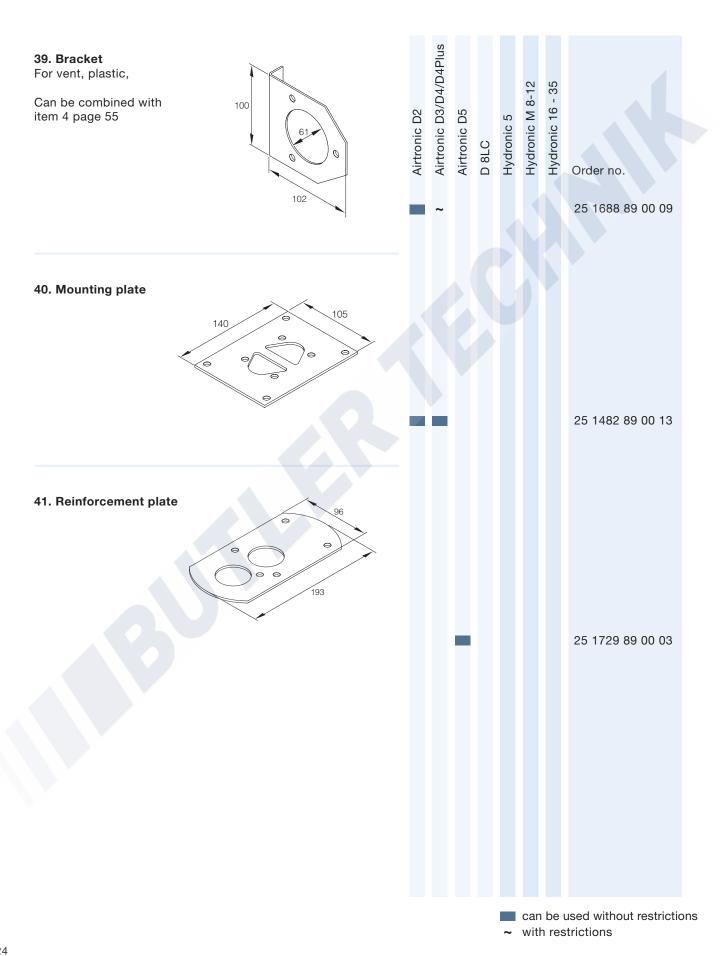
with restrictions

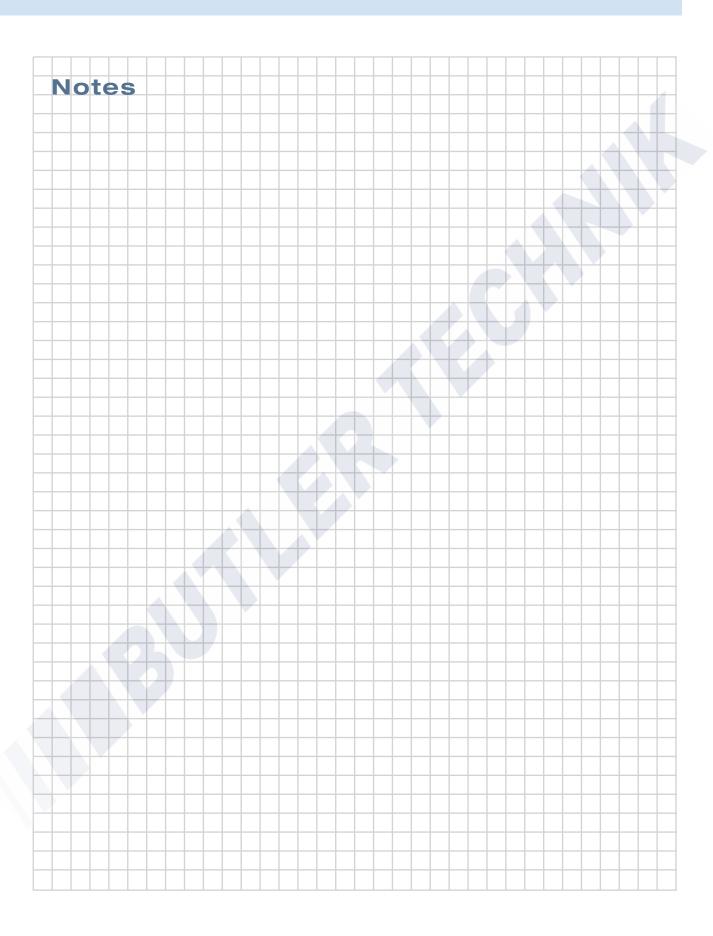












International Eberspächer Network

China

J. Eberspaecher Automotive Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. B1-1 Xincheng Industrial Park Kechuang Street No. 2, BDA Beijing 100023 People's Republic of China

Phone: +86 10 6789 2686 Fax: +86 10 6789 2636

Denmark

Eberspächer Danmark Literbuen 9 DK 2740 Skovlunde Phone: +45 44 85 30 30 Fax: +45 44 85 30 39

Germany

Eberspächer Heizgeräte GmbH Wilhelmstraße 47 17358 Torgelow / Germany Phone: +49 3976 23 50-0 Fax: +49 3976 20 20 80

France

Eberspächer S.A.S. 3, rue Blaise PASCAL Z.A.C. la Clé Saint PIERRE F-78996 ELANCOURT CEDEX Phone: +33 1 30 68 54 54 Fax: +33 1 30 68 54 55

England

Eberspächer (UK) Ltd. Salisbury Road Ringwood GB-Hampshire BH 24 3PB

Phone: +44 1425 48 01-51 Fax: +44 1425 48 01-52

Italy

EBERSPAECHER S.r.I. Via del Canneto, 45 25010 Borgosatollo (BS) Italy

Phone: +39 30 25 07 61 Fax: +39 30 2 50 03 07

Canada and USA

Espar Products Inc. 6099A Vipond Drive Mississauga, Ontario L5T 2B2 Phone +1 905 670 09 60 Fax +1 905 670 07 28

Norway

Eberspächer Norge Trollåsveien 34 NO-1414 Trollåsen Tel: +47 66 82 30 50 Fax: +47 66 82 30 58

Austria

Eberspächer GmbH IZ NÖ-Süd 2, Hondastr. 2, Obj. M47 2351 Wiener Neudorf Phone: +43 2236 677 144 0 Fax: +43 2236 677 144 42

Poland

Eberspächer Sp. z o.o. Wysogotowo k. Poznania ul. Okrezna 17 PL-62-081 Przezmierowo Tel: +48 61 8161 850 Fax: +48 618161 860

Sweden

Eberspächer AB Box 2103 S-12823 Skarpnäck Tel: +46 8 683 11 00 Fax: +46 8 724 90 40

Czech Republic

Eberspächer Praha s r.o. AREÁL ZÁLESÍ Pod Viš ovkou 29 140 00 Praha 4 – Kr Tel: +420 234 035 800 Fax: +420 234 035 820

126

Argentina

Trimer SA
Del Arca 55
San Fernando
Buenos Aires - Argentina
Tel. 0054 (11) 45 80 04 44
Fax 0054 (11) 45 80 04 40

Belgium and Luxembourg

Eberca B.V.B.A. Researchpark-Haasrode Esperantolaan 2 B-3001 Leuven-Haasrode Tel. 0032 / 16 40 25 00 Fax 0032 / 16 40 05 15

Chile

Nauticentro Ltda. Tomás Moro 135 Las Condes Santiago Tel. 0056 (2) 201-49 66, 224-68 15, 212-09 14 Fax 0056 (2) 201-56 35

Estonia

Taavi Lind Hesyco Group OÜ Lüli 1 EE-10112 Tallinn Tel. 00372 / 3 84 88 90 Fax 00372 / 3 84 88 92

Finland

Manttaalitie 9 SF-01530 Vantaa 51 Tel. 00358 (20) 510-10 Fax 00358 (20) 510-2207

Greece

Marconi Hellas S.A. Souliou Str. 2-4 GR-14343 N.Halkidona – Athens Tel. 0030 (210) 2 51 35 00 Fax 0030 (210) 2 52 88 54

Japan

White House Co., LTD. 10-4 Obata-Miyanokosi Moriyama-Ku Nagoya 463-0052 Tel. 0081 (52) 7 76 38 11 Fax 0081 (52) 7 76 38 55

Croatia, Bosnia-Herzogovina

Termobil d.o.o. Kukuljanovo bb HR-51223 Skrljevo Tel. 00385 (1) 2 75 08 34 Fax 00385 (1) 2 75 08 36

Latvia

TransBaltic Trading Corporation Maskavas iela 449 LV-1063 Riga Tel. 00371 (7)26 63 23 Fax 00371 (7)18 79 67

Lithuania

UAB Leopolis Paneriu 51 LIT-2055 Vilnius Tel. 0037 (052) 33 04 57 Fax 0037 (052) 13 35 37

Moldavia

TC-IUSTINIAN S.R.L., I.M. 140 Hinchesti Str. of.9 2070 Kishinev Tel. 00373 (22) 73 87 10 Fax 00373 (22) 72 78 83

New Zealand

Dometic New Zealand Ltd 26 Cashew Street Grenada North, Wellington Tel.: + 64 4 232 3898 Fax: + 64 4 232 3878

The Netherlands

Eberca B.V. Marconistraat 2 NL-3281 NB Numansdorp Tel. 0031 (1866) 2 19 55 Fax. 0031 (1866) 2 18 18

Romania

CEFIN Romania S.R.L. Str. Italia Nr. 1-7 com. Chiajna RO-Jud. Ilfov 077040 Tel. +40 74 184 10 33 Fax +40 74 184 12 22









10

11

12

4 /

Romania

Termoport Sos. Bucuresti nr. 314 (DS601) RO-077055 Ciorogarla, Ilfov Tel. +40 21 314 35 55 Fax +40 21 314 35 65

Romania

FOMCO SRL Râtul Morii 1295 RO-547530 Sângeorgiu de Mures Tel./Fax +40 265 318008 / +40 744 396653 +40 726 194558 +40 788 473099

Russia

Company OTEM ul. Verchnaya Krasnoseljskaya, 2 RUS - 107140 Moskau Tel. 007 (495) 6 45 59 79 Fax 007 (495) 6 47 13 24

Switzerland

Technomag AG Sternenfeldstraße 17 CH-4127 Birsfelden Tel. 0041 / 6 13 78 91 51 Fax 0041 / 6 13 73 35 90

Slovenia

über Eberspächer Österreich Eberspaecher Gesellschaft m.b.H. Podružnica SLO Celovška cesta 228 1000 Ljubljana Tel. ++386 1 518 70 52 Fax: ++386 1 518 70 53

Spain & Portugal

Pedro Sanz Clima S.L. Av. Ingeniero Torres Quevedo, 6 E-28022 Madrid Tel. 0034 (91) 7 61 38 30 Fax 0034 (9

South Korea

E-Con Enterprise Inc Seoul Branch Office 4F, Yeok San Bldg. # 43-1, Samsung Dong Kangnam-Gu, Seoul 135-091 South Korea Tel. 0082 02 558 8826

Turkey

Fax 0082 02 552 8788

ACSA Otomotiv San. Tic. Ltd. Organize Sanayi Sitesi Dolapdere Koop. 1 Ada No:38 TR-34760 Ikitelli-Istanbul Tel. 0090 (212) 5 49 86 31 + 5 49 73 14 Fax 0090 (212) 5 49 33 47

Ukraine

Geruk & K uliza Dobrovolskogo 3/4 UA-18006 Tscherkassy Tel. 0038 (0472) 710-800 / 710-801 / 711-056 Fax 0038 (0472) 710-800

Hungary

Austropannon KFT Fö ut 96 H-9081 Györujbarat Tel. 0036 (96) 54 33 33 Fax 0036 (96) 45 64 81

Belorussia

Belvneshinvest Per. 1-yj Izmajlowskij 51/2 BY-220 131 Minsk Tel.+Fax 00375 (172) 62 40 75

Trade Shows and Exhibitions

Welcome!

You can also ask questions at the following boat trade shows, see products "live" and get your own impressions. We are looking forward to meeting you.

Boot in Düsseldorf

Hanseboot in Hamburg

Salon Nautique in Paris (France)

Grand Pavois in La Rochelle (France)

Mets in Amsterdam (The Netherlands)

2

Δ

5

6

9

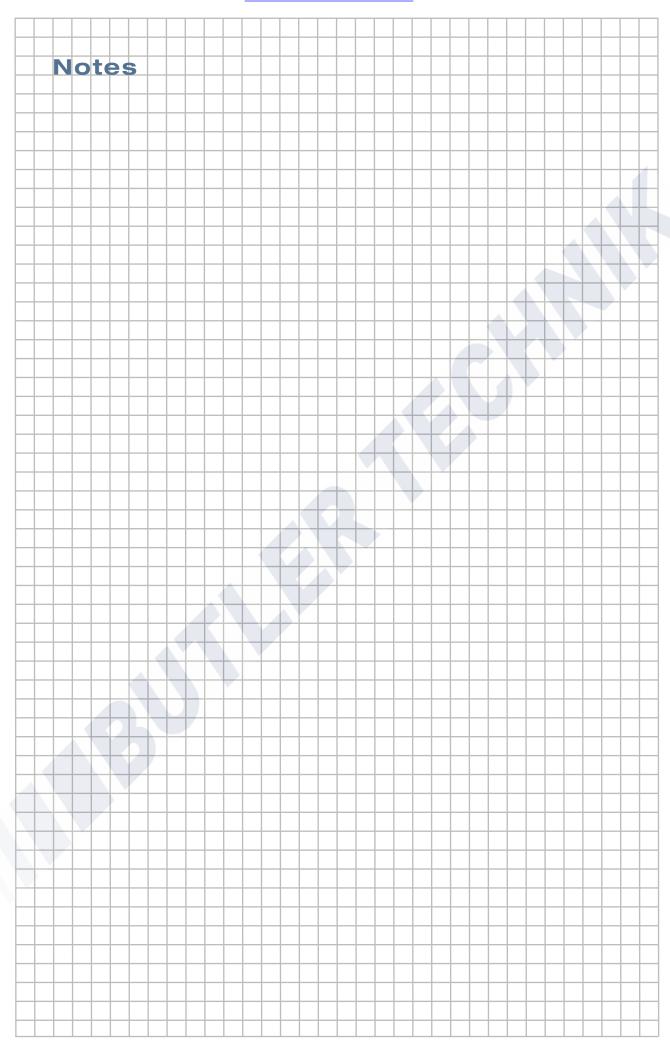
10

4.0

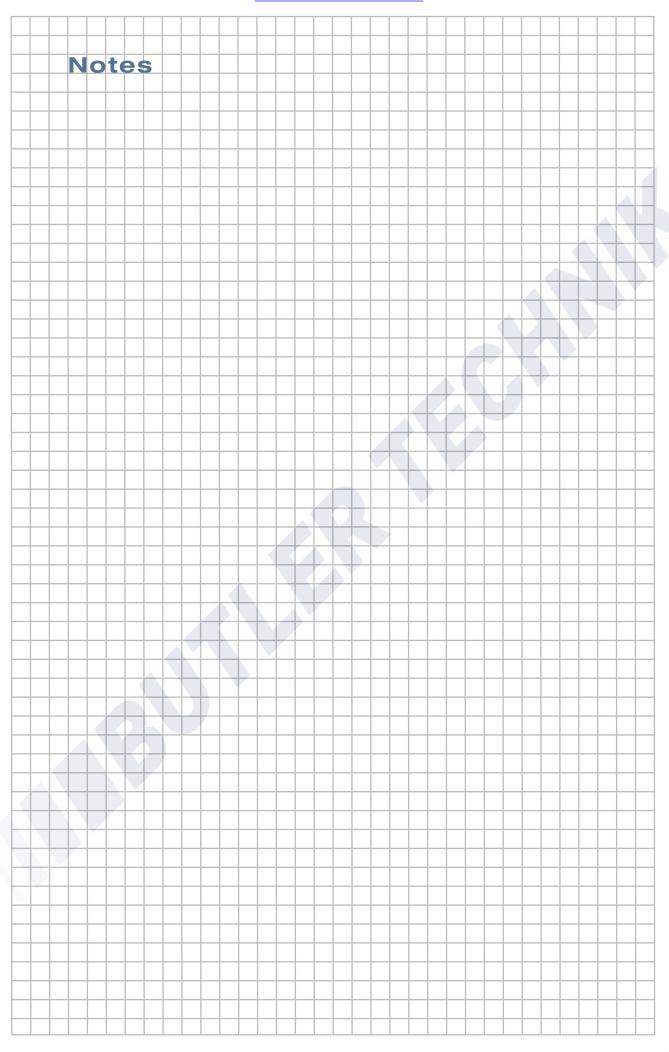
13

14

www.butlertechnik.com



www.butlertechnik.com



Marine Heater Kits, Components and Advice available from Butler Technik www.butlertechnik.com

www.eberspaecher.com

J.Eberspächer GmbH & Co. KG Eberspächerstraße 24 D-73730 Esslingen Telefon Hotline 0800 1 23 43 00 Fax Hotline 01805 26 26 24 info@eberspaecher.com

